

# **Multimedia im Netz (Online Multimedia)**

Wintersemester 2014/15

Übung 10 (Nebenfach)



# Today's Agenda

- Announcements
- Repetition: PHP Basics
  - Arrays
  - Control flow statements
  - Forms
- Repetition: Sessions
- Repetition: MySQLi

# Announcements

- Remaining tutorial dates / topics
  - 21.01.2015: Repetition
  - 28.01.2015: Q&A
- No more new assignments. Use the time wisely to prepare for the exam!
- Exam:
  - 16.02.2015 14-16h, Rooms A140 & A240 (Main Building)
  - register until: 09.02.2015
  - de-register until: 13.02.2015
  - If you do not de-register, the attempt will be treated as “failed”

# PHP Basics

- PHP is a server side scripting language
- Basic example:

```
<?php  
    echo "My first PHP Script. ";  
    echo "Well actually my second,  
        because this is a repetition.";  
?>
```

# Activity #01

- Create a variable that holds your name
- Print „Hello <YourName>“ (replace with your name...)
- Make your name bold
- What is „concatenation?“

# Arrays (1)

- Arrays: data structure for storing multiple values inside a single variable
- There are different types of arrays:
  - Arrays with numeric index
  - Associative arrays
  - Multidimensional arrays (eg. 2D arrays or nested arrays)

# Arrays (2)

- Example: Array with numeric index

```
$fruits = array("Apples", "Bananas");  
echo $fruits[1];
```

- Example: Associative Array

```
$grades = array("Alice"=>1.0, "Bob"=>2.3);  
echo $grades ["Bob"] ;
```

# Arrays (3)

- Example: Multidimensional array

```
$table = array(  
    array(18, 1, 85),  
    array(62, 6, 26),  
    array(2, 54, 5)  
);  
echo $table[1][2];
```

	0	1	2
0	18	1	85
1	62	6	26
2	2	54	5

# Control flow statements

- Choice:
  - if – else if – else
  - switch
- Loops:
  - while
  - for
  - foreach
- Break:      terminates a loop
- Continue:    current iteration is ended, but the loop continues

# Activity #02

- Create a PHP Script that uses the following multidimensional array:

```
$table = array(  
    array(18, 1, 85),  
    array(62, 6, 26),  
    array(2, 54, 5)  
);  
echo $table[1][2];
```

- Print each value in this multidimensional array in a new line.

# Forms

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Forms Example</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <form action="03-formsScript.php"
          method="post">

      Phone: <input type="text" name="phone" />
      <input type="submit" value="Submit" />

    </form>
  </body>
</html>
```

Phone:  Submit

# Forms (2)

```
<?php  
    $phone = $_POST['phone'];  
    echo "Your phone number is $phone";  
?>
```

- **GET:**
  - Form data is passed directly through the URL. Parameters are appended to the URL.
  - Could become problematic for many parameters
- **POST:**
  - Form data is transmitted through HTTP protocol and not visible to the user
  - more data can be transferred

# Sessions (1)

- Quiz:
  - Why do we need sessions?
  - Where are sessions stored?
  - How does the server identify clients?
  - How do you start a session?
  - How do you store and access data with sessions?

# Sessions (2)

- Variable values are lost, if the page is refreshed. To prevent this, we save values to session variables.
- Starting a session:

```
<?php  
    session_start();  
?>
```

- Store and retrieve session data:  
`$_SESSION['attempts'] = 10;  
echo $_SESSION['attempts'];`

# Activity #03

```
<html><head><title>Session</title></head>
<body>
    <?php
        $counter = 0;
        $counter++;
    ?>
    <form action="03-sessions.php" method="get">
        <input type="submit" value="count"/>
    </form>

    <h3>Output</h3>

    <?php
        echo $counter;
    ?>
</body></html>
```

# PHP & MySQLi

- **MySQLi** is an interface offered by PHP to work with databases
- Most important database operations:
  - Connection                                 `mysqli_connect; mysqli_close`
  - Database selection                         `mysqli_select_db`
  - Queries   `mysqli_query`
  - Result processing                             `mysqli_fetch_array`
- Important SQL statements:
  - `SHOW DATABASE; CREATE DATABASE; USE; DROP DATABASE; ...`
  - `CREATE TABLE; INSERT INTO ... VALUES; SELECT ... FROM ...; ...`

# Activity #04

- You are given the following table containing people:

<b>id</b>	<b>firstname</b>	<b>lastname</b>
1	Max	Mustermann
2	Laura	Stern
3	Tanja	Baumann
4	Felix	Maurer

```
<!DOCTYPE html><html><head><title>MySQLi</title></head><body>
<form method="post">
    <input type="text" name="firstname" />
    <input type="submit" value="search" />
</form>
<h3>Results</h3>
<?php
if(isset($_POST["firstname"])){
    $firstname = "firstname";

    $db = mysqli_connect(
        "localhost", "root", "", "mmn-1415-rep");
    $query = "SELECT * FROM people
              WHERE firstname='$firstname'";
    $results = $query;

    while($row = mysqli_fetch_array($results)){
        echo $row[1] . ", " . echo $row[2] . echo "<br />";
    }
}
?>
</body></html>
```

**Thanks!**

**What are your questions?**