

Data Physicalization

Exploring the Potential of Physical Visualizations

Simon Stusak

Vorlesung „Advanced Topics in HCI”

Prof. Dr. Florian Alt, SS 2015

Motivation

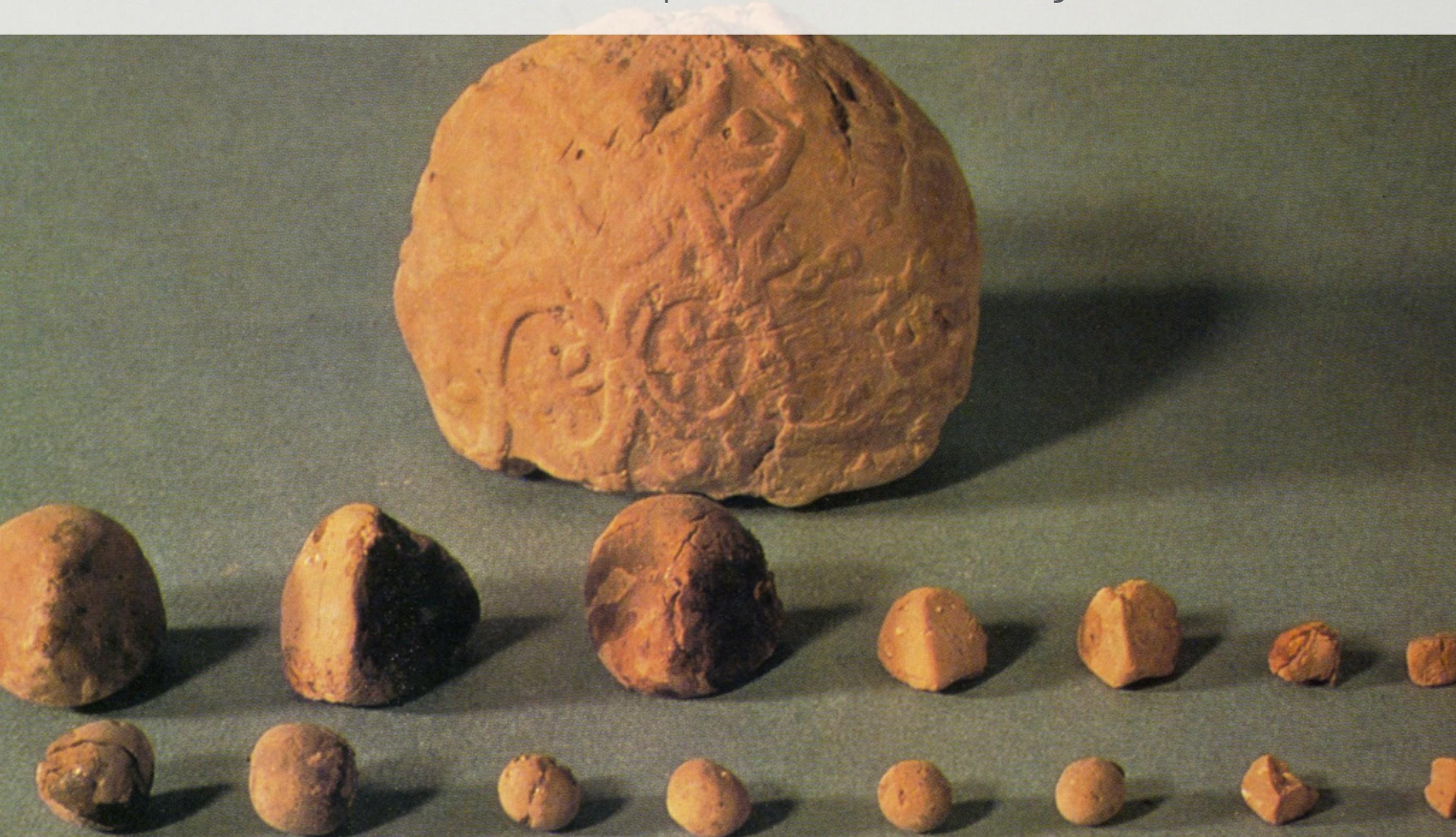
What are Data Physicalizations?

What are Data Physicalizations?

A data physicalization (or simply physicalization) is a physical artifact whose geometry or material properties encode data.

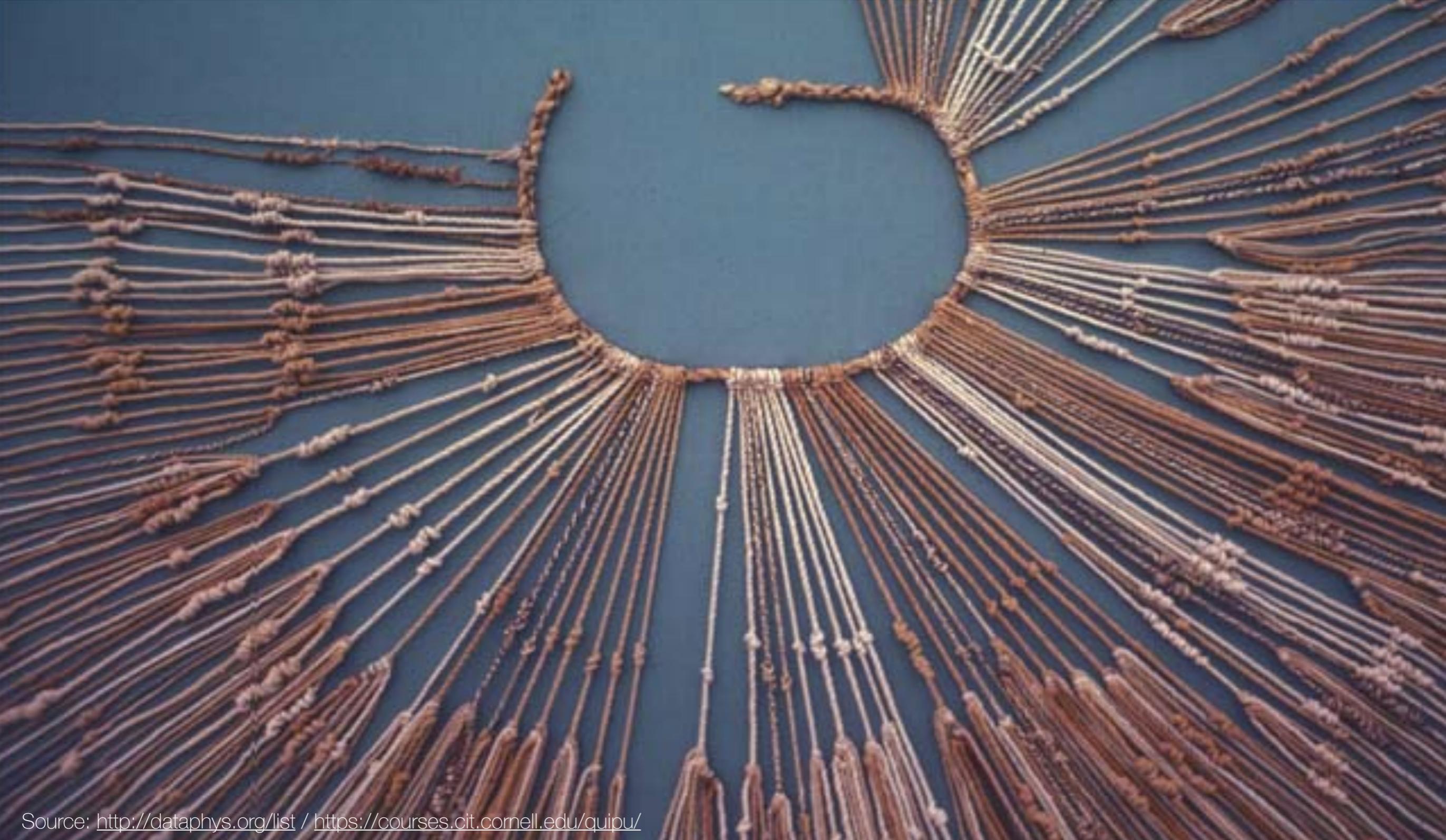
[Jansen et al. 2015]

5500 BC – Mesopotamian Clay Tokens



Source: <http://dataphys.org/list> / photo by Denise Schmandt-Besserat

2600 BC – Inca Quipus



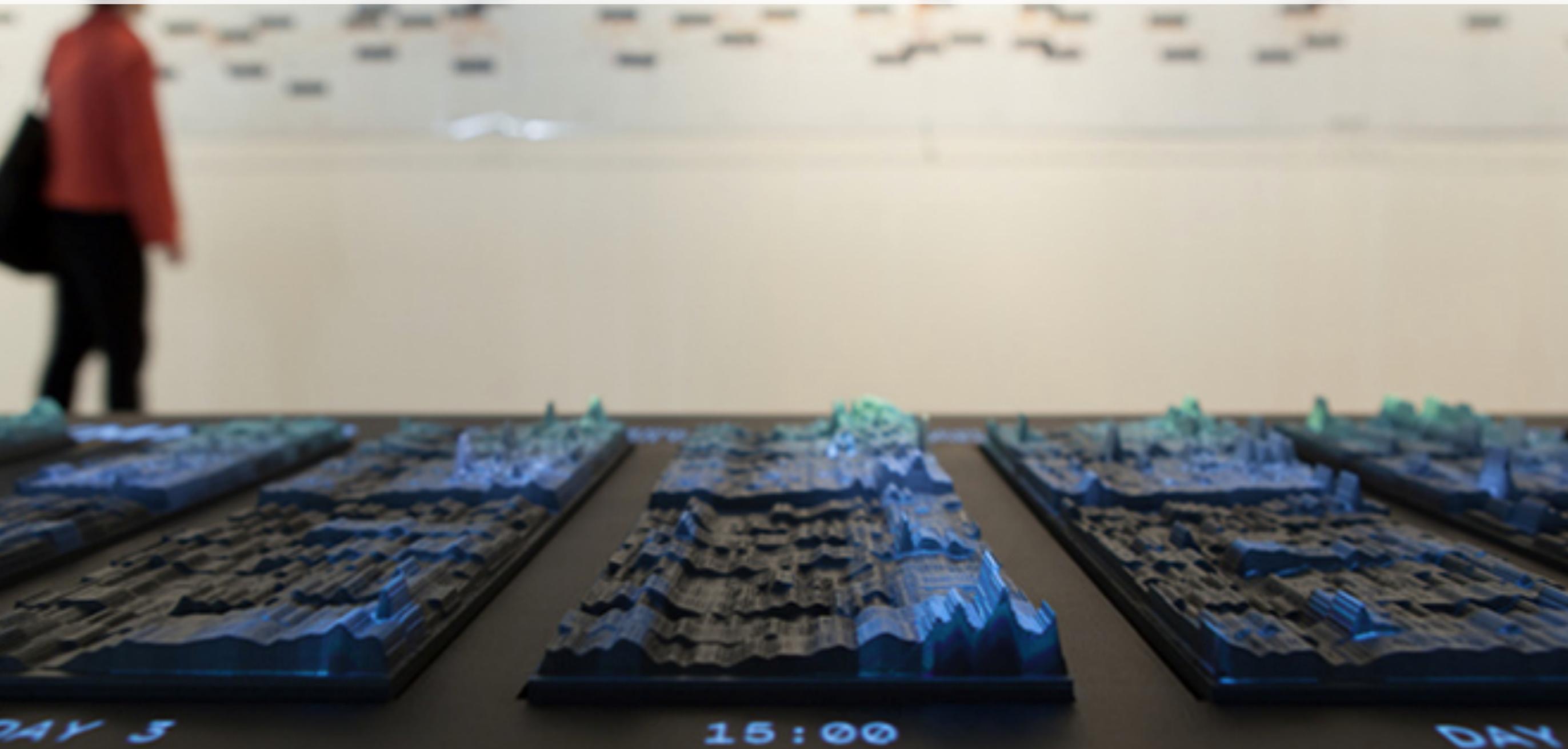
Source: <http://dataphys.org/list> / <https://courses.cit.cornell.edu/quipu/>

1913 – Frankfurt Streetcar Load



Source: <http://dataphys.org/list/> / Willard Cope Brinton (1914) Graphic Methods for Presenting Facts pp 224-226.

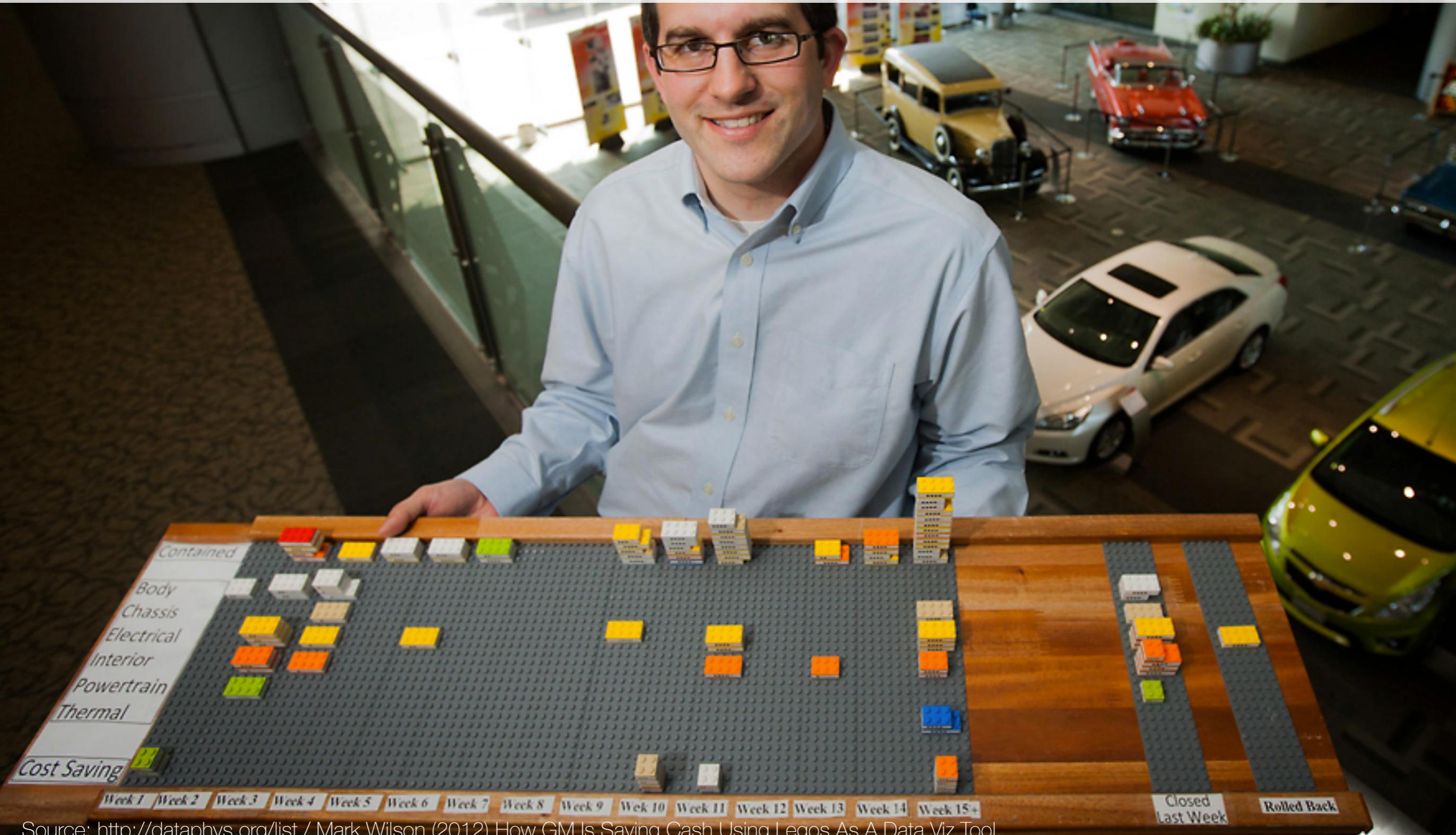
2012 – Emoto: Projection Augmented Heatmaps of Twitter Data



Source: <http://dataphys.org/list> / Source: Moritz Stefaner, Drew Hemment & Studio NAND. Emoto.

2012 – Emoto: Projection Augmented Heatmaps of Twitter Data

2012 – General Motors' 3D LEGO Visualizations



Source: <http://dataphys.org/list/> / Mark Wilson (2012) How GM Is Saving Cash Using Legos As A Data Viz Tool.

What are their benefits?

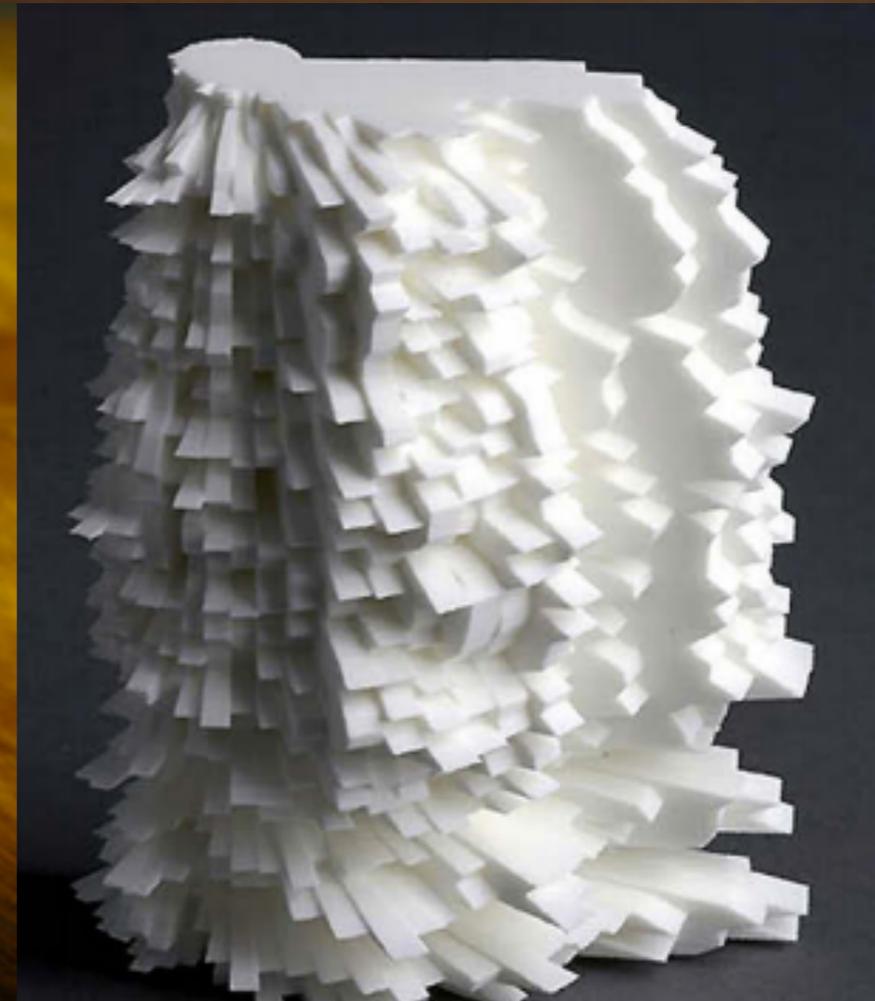
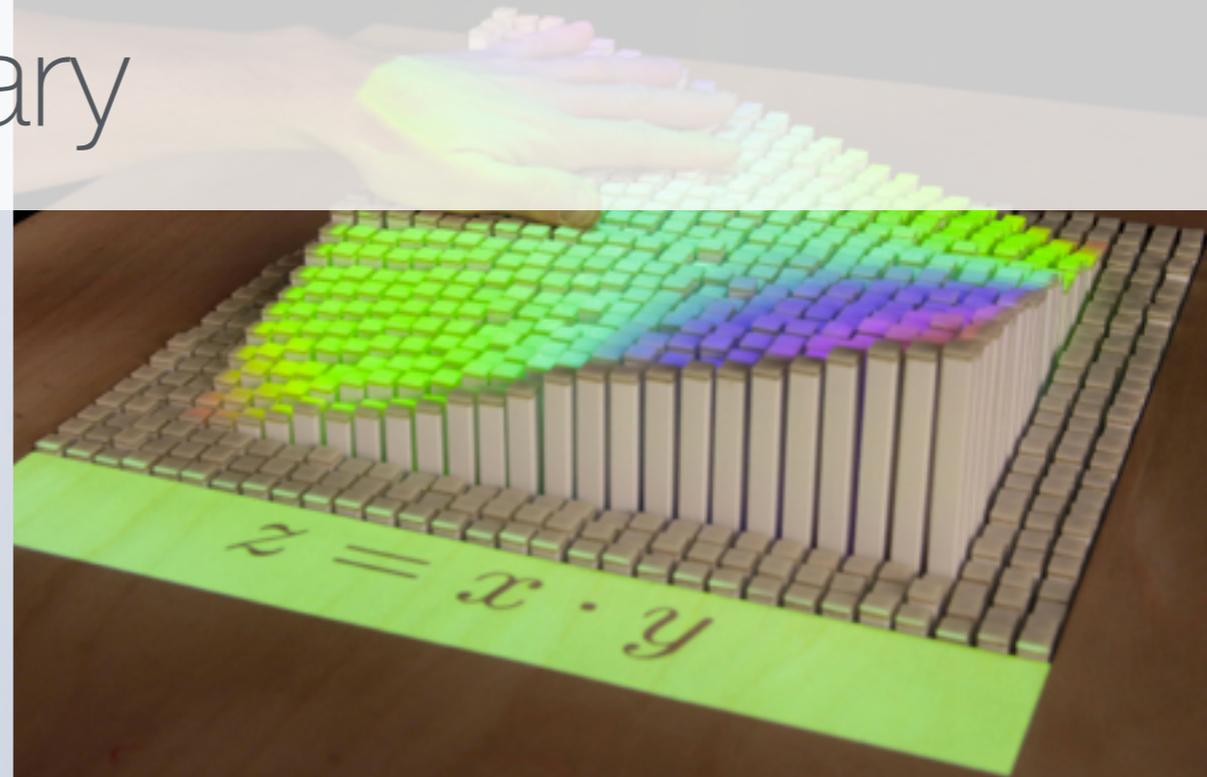
What are their benefits?

Leveraging our Perceptual Exploration Skills

Making Data Accessible

Engaging People

Summary



Source: <http://datapnys.org/list/meshu.io/> / Follmer et al. / Mitchell Whitelaw / Andreas Nicolas Fischer

Introduction

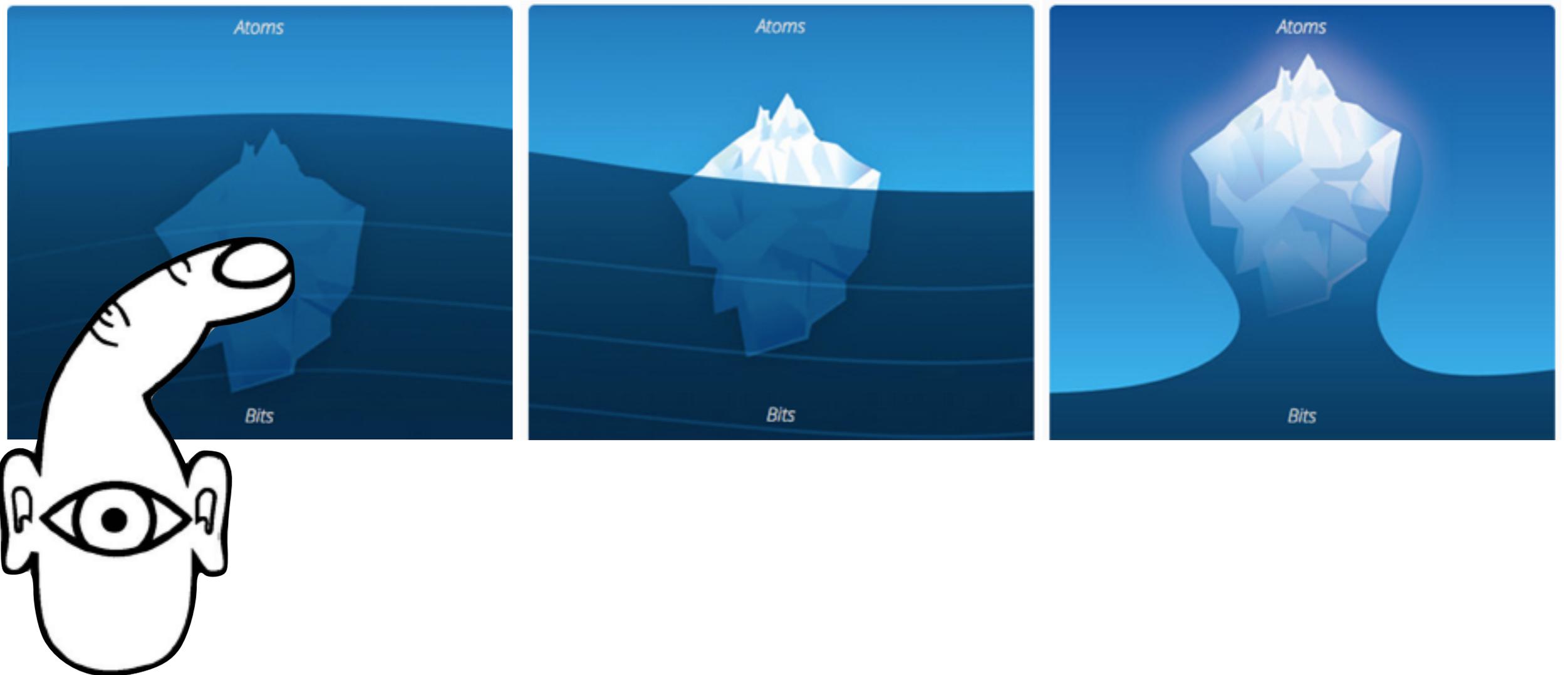
Involved Research Communities

Tangible User Interaction (TUI)

Information Visualization (InfoVis)

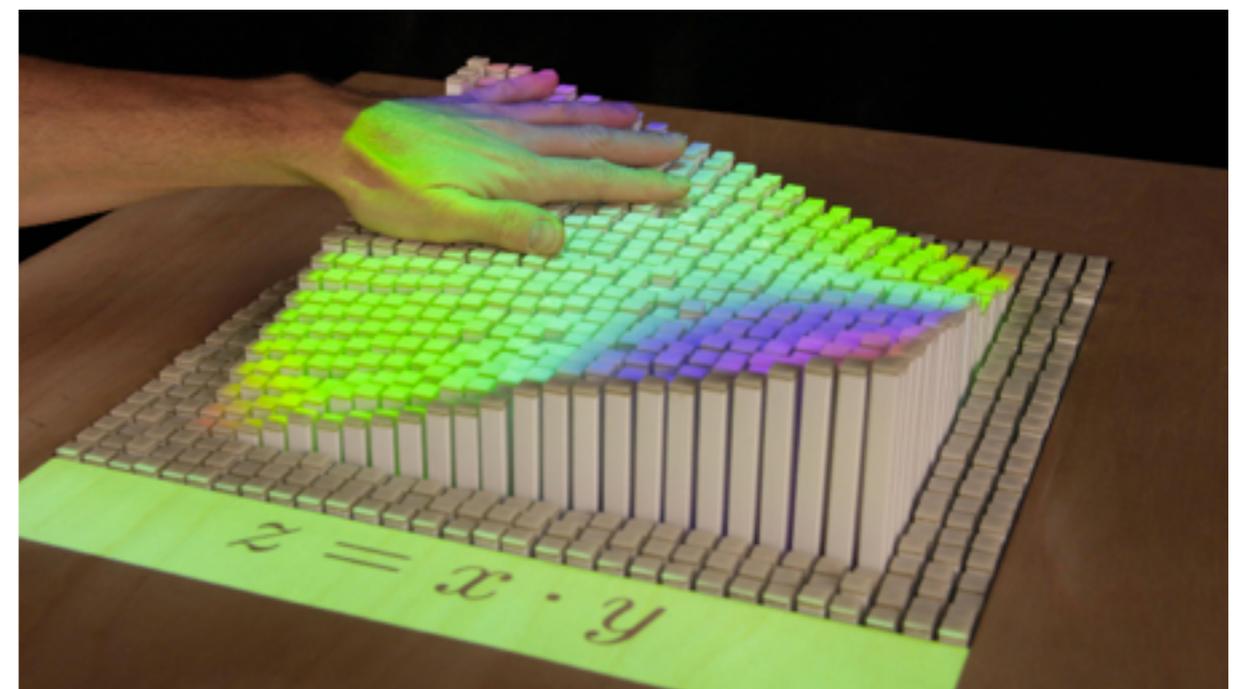
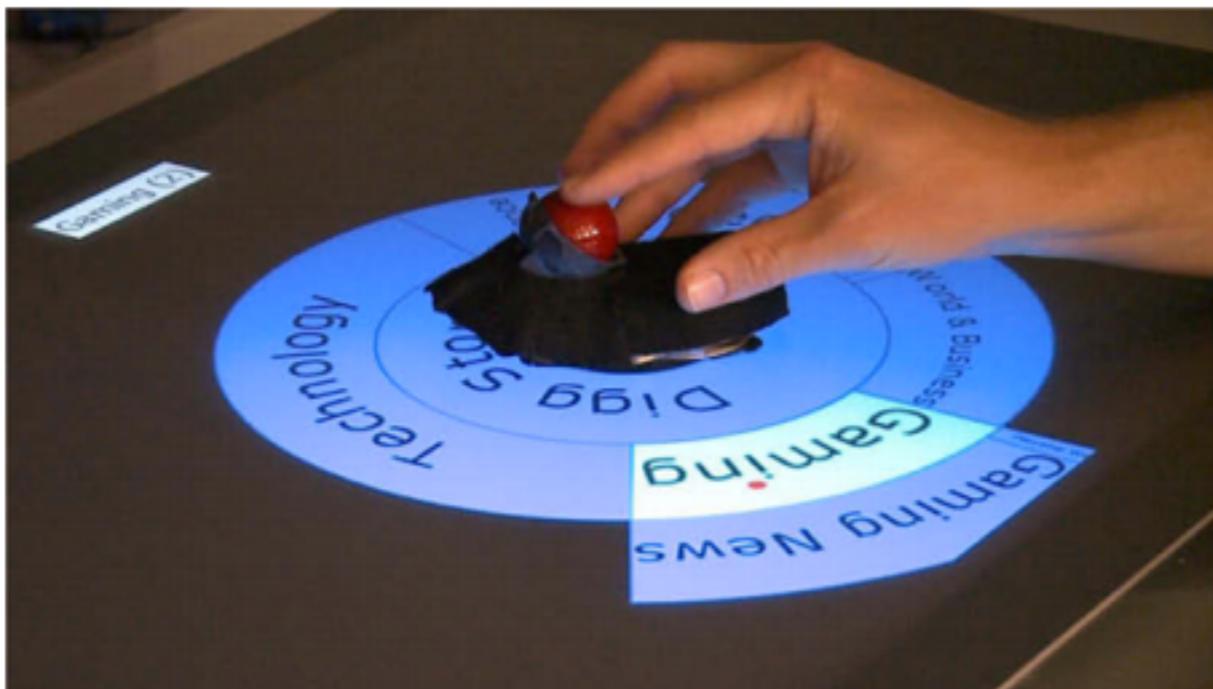
Data Physicalization and TUI

Tangible Bits & Radical Atoms *[Ishii - MIT Media Lab]*



A GUI's mental model of a user
[O'Sullivan and Igoe, 2004; Klemmer et al., 2006]

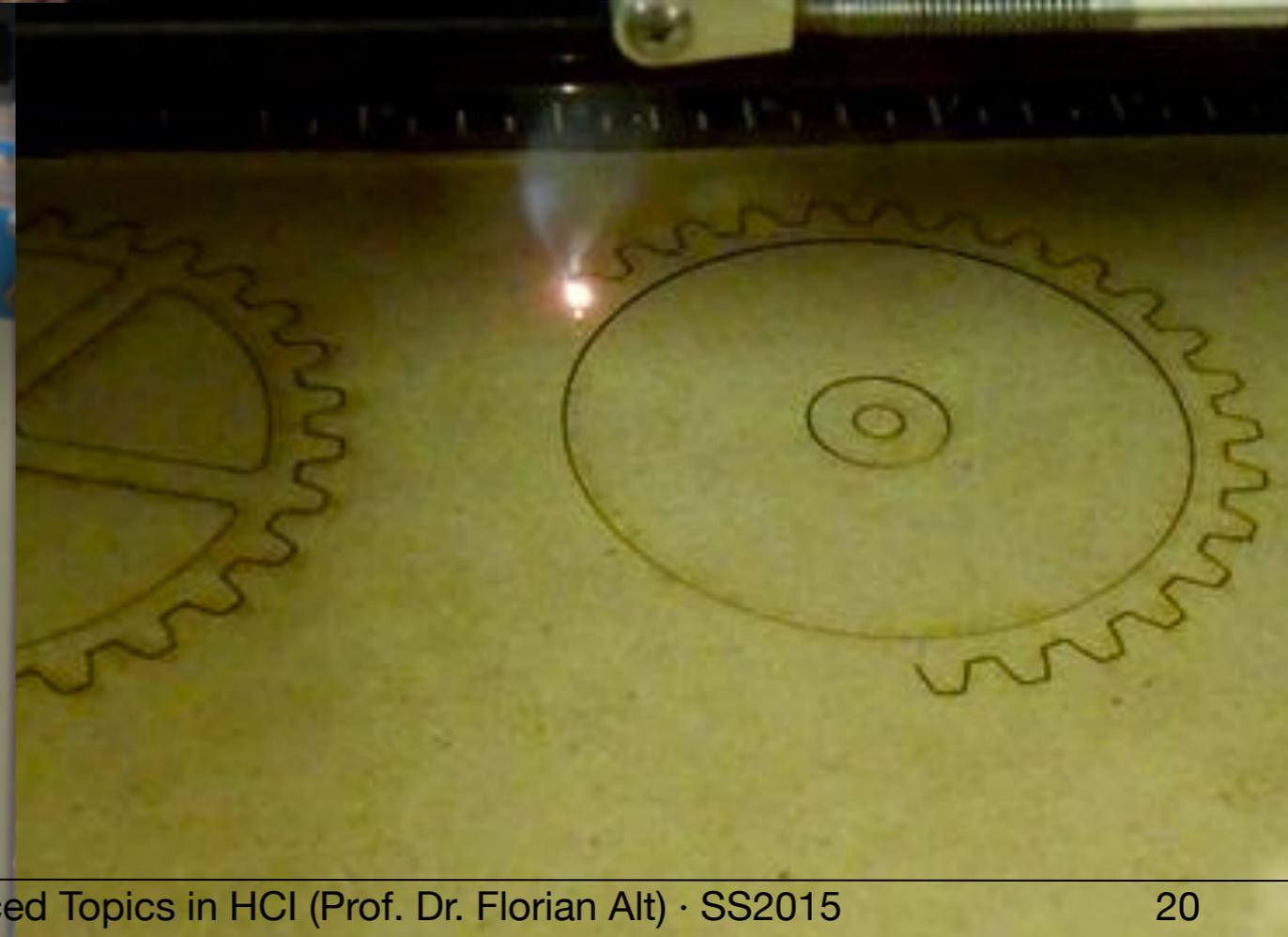
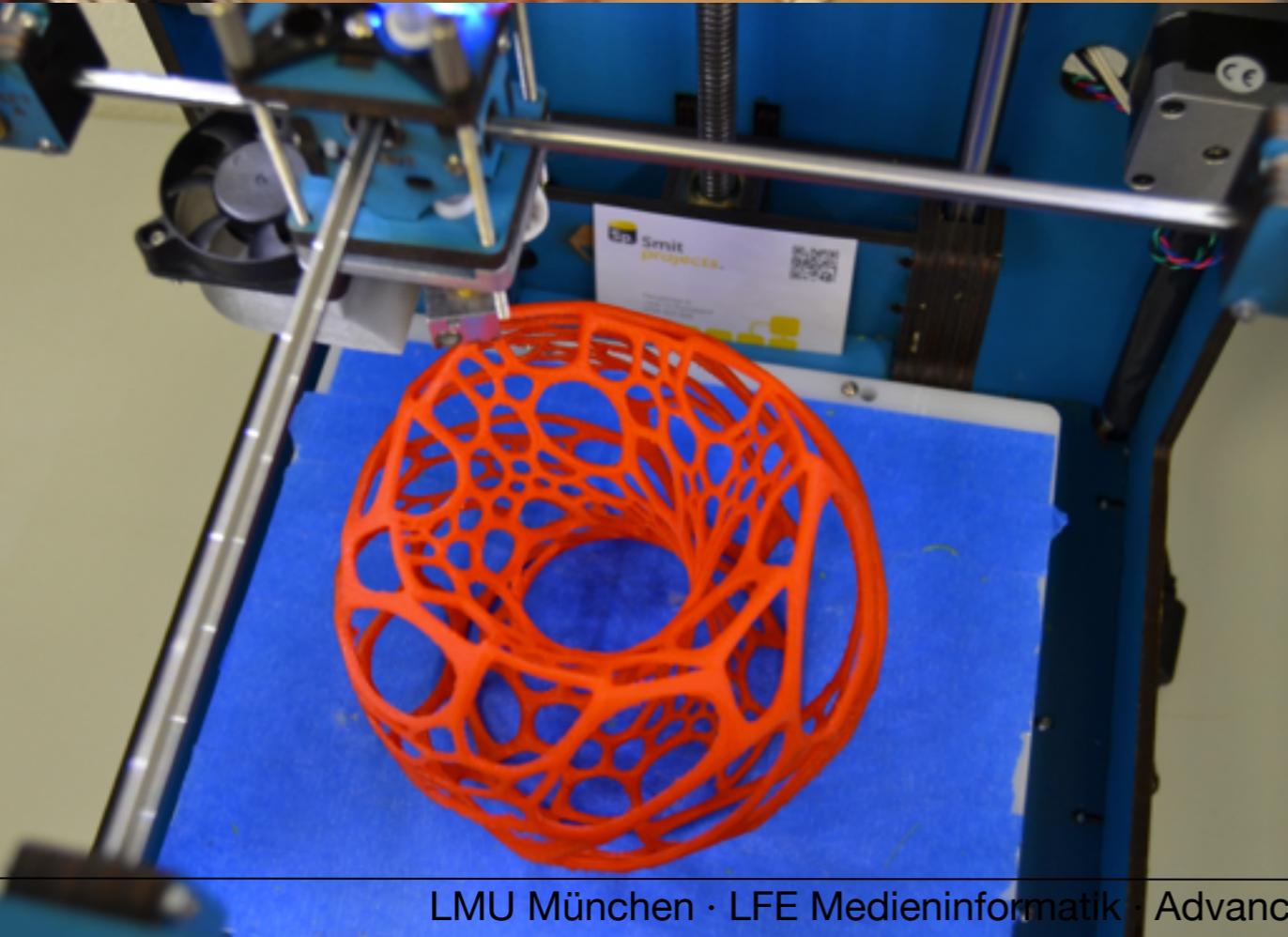
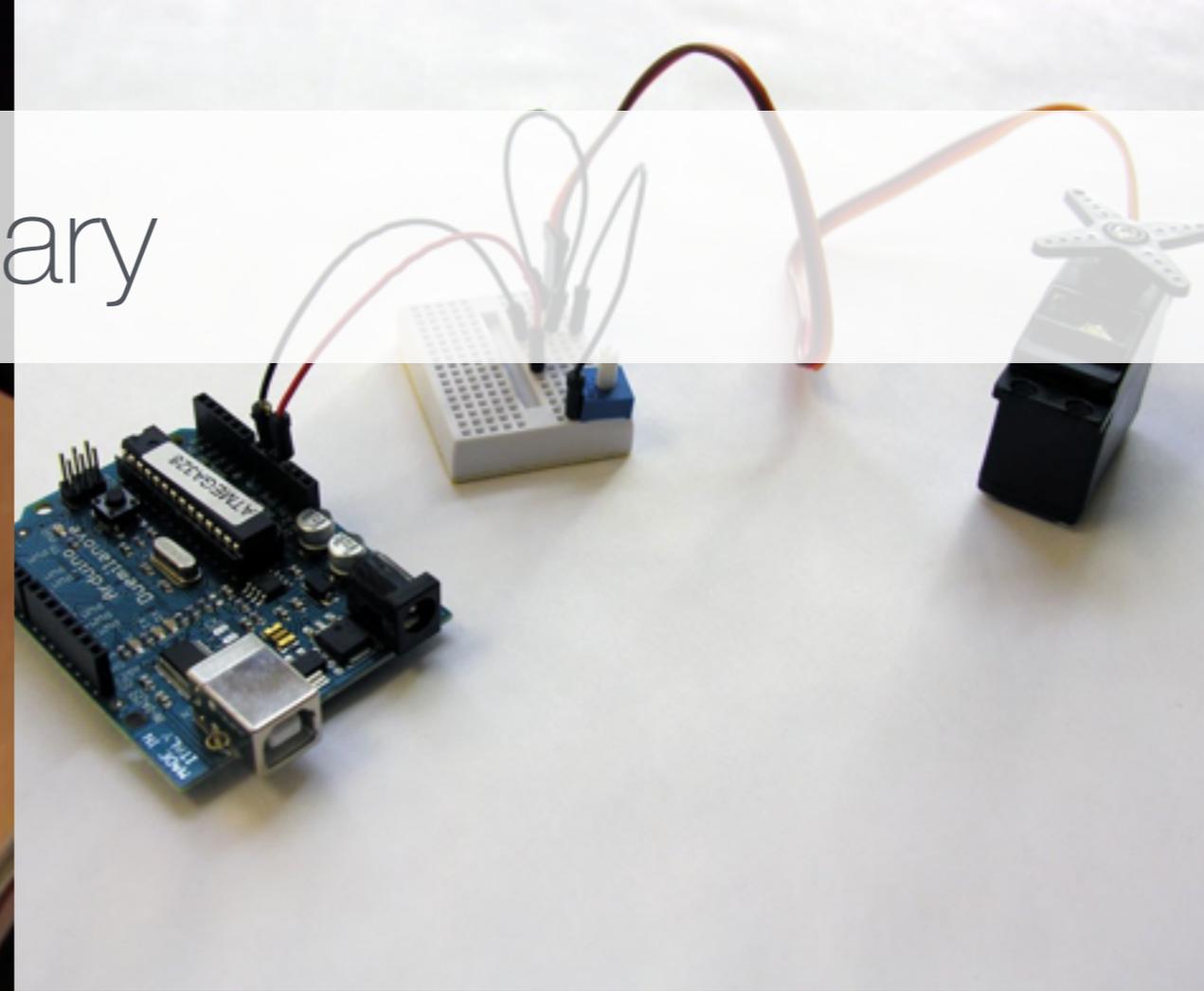
Tangibles for Visualization Systems



Source: Hancock et al. 2009 / Kruszynski and Liere 2009 / Follmer et al. 2013

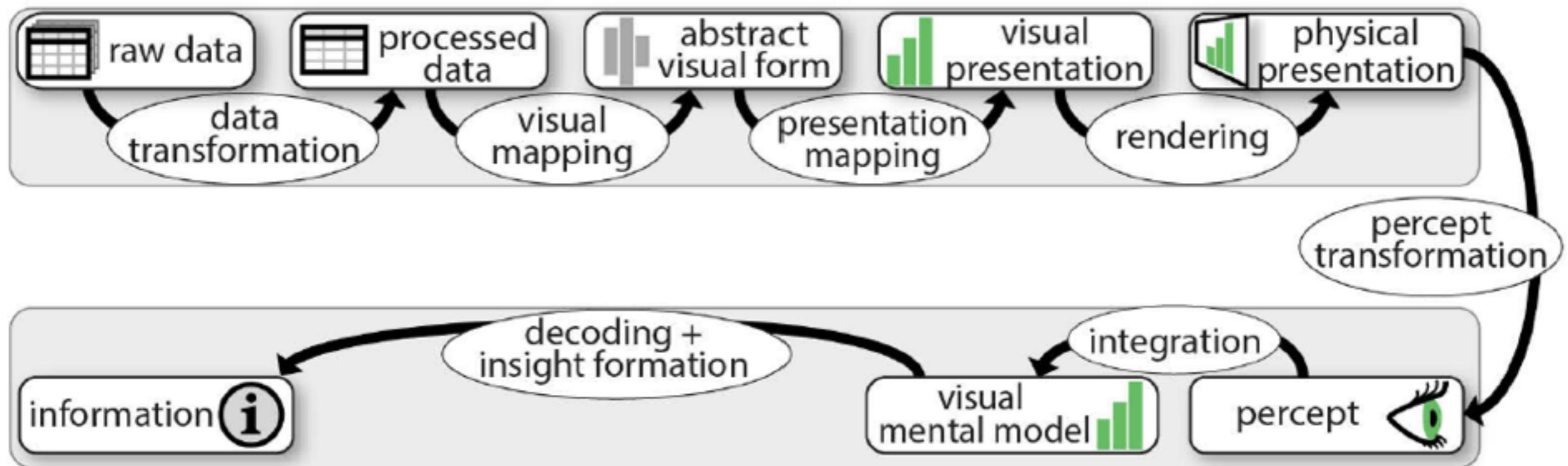
inFORM - Follmer et al. 2013

Summary

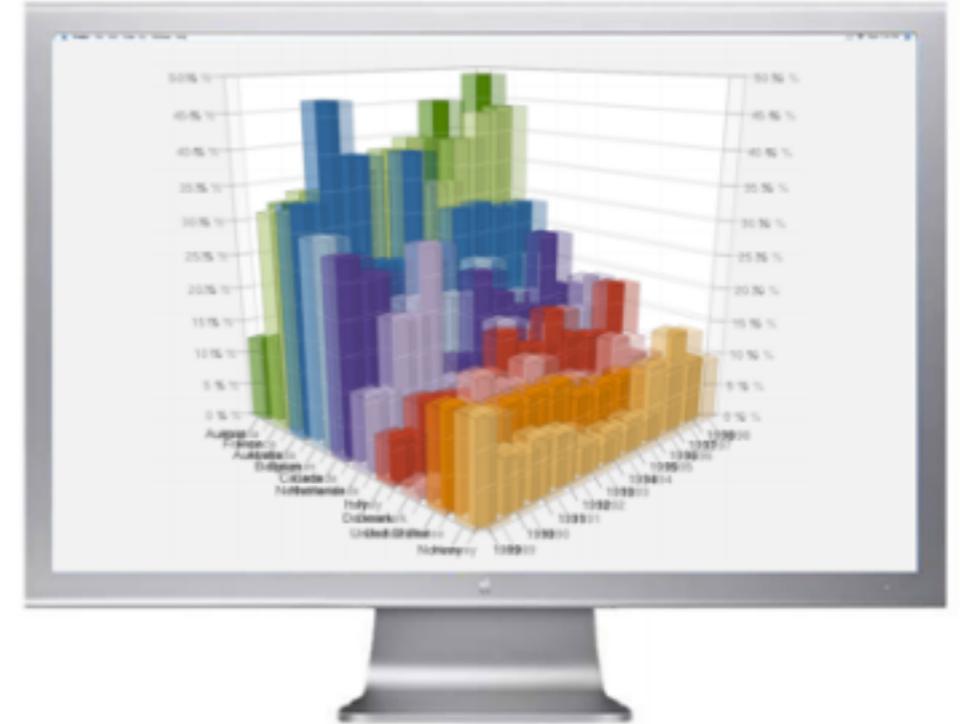


Data Physicalization and InfoVis

Extended InfoVis Pipeline Model *[Jansen et al. 2013]*



Extended InfoVis Pipeline Model *[Jansen et al. 2013]*



physical
visualization



2D screen



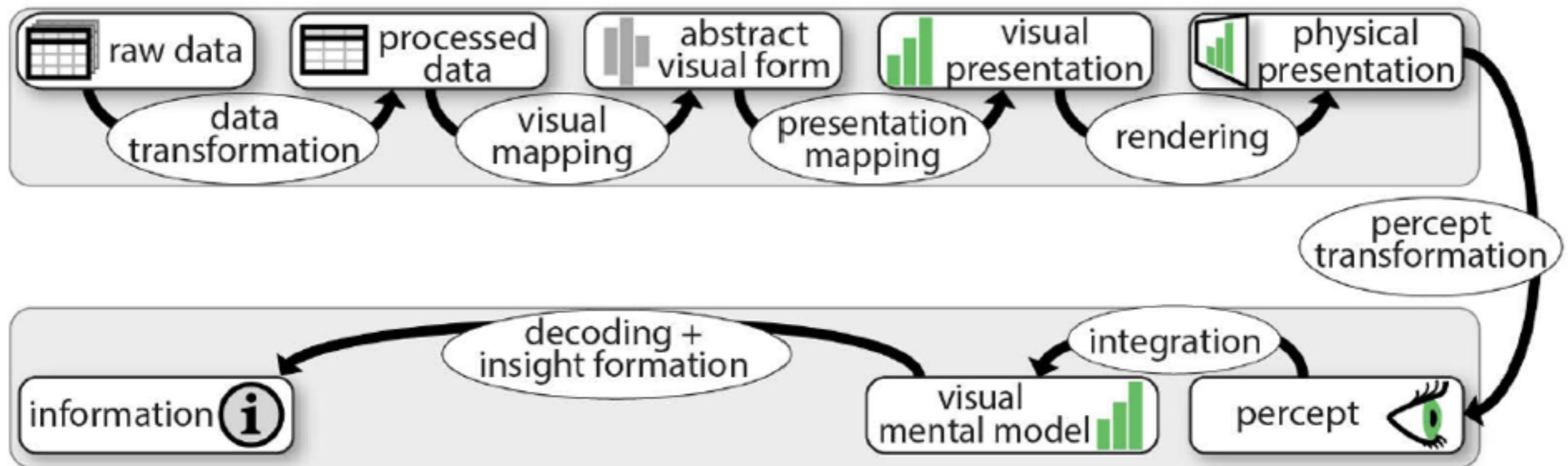
stereoscopic
screen



3D bar chart



Extended InfoVis Pipeline Model *[Jansen et al. 2013]*



Research Projects

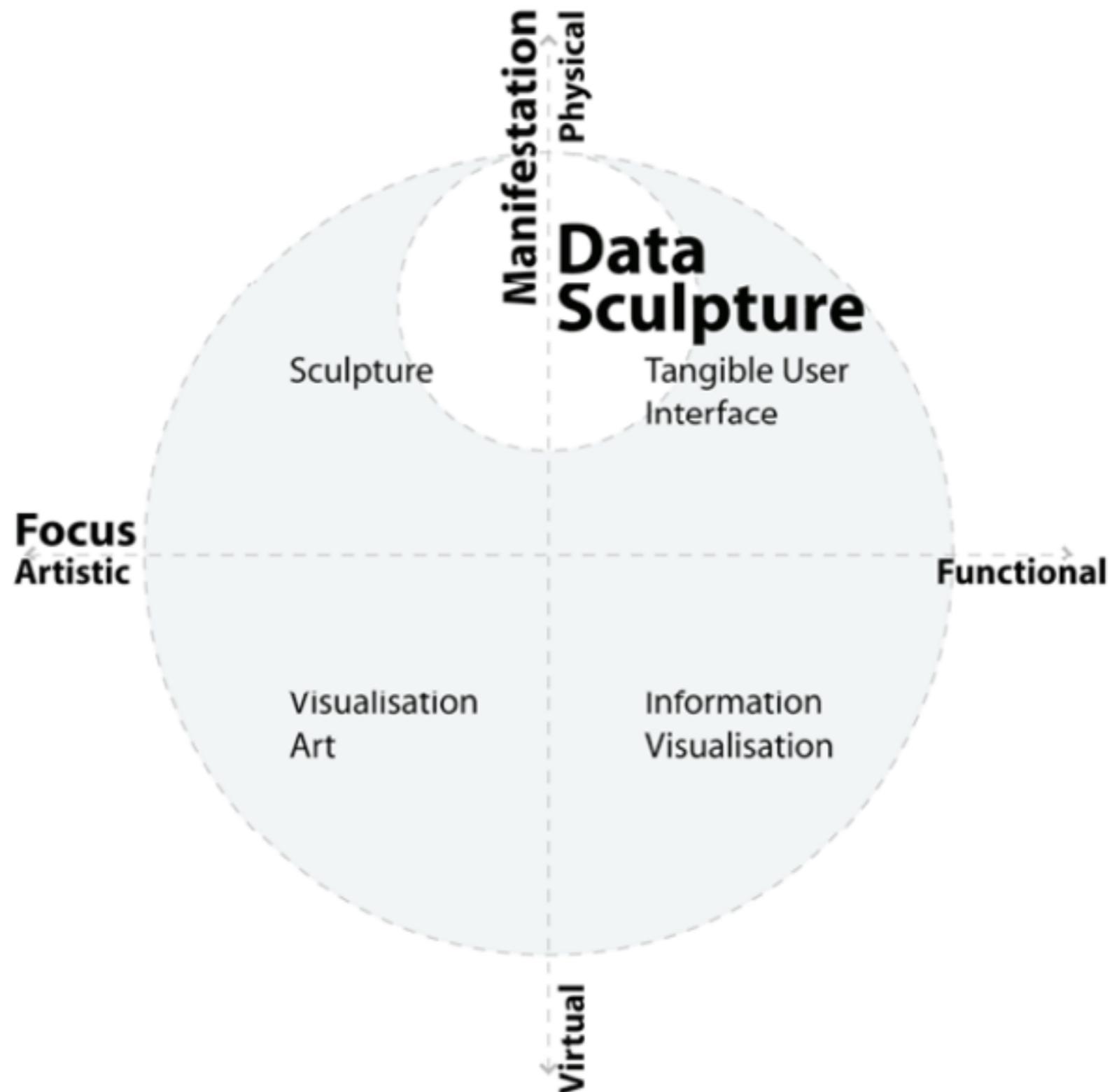
Design & Fabrication

Animation & Interactivity

Evaluation

Projects - Design & Fabrication

Data Sculptures *[Zhao and Vande Moere 2008]*



Data Sculptures [Zhao and Vande Moere 2008]

Data Sculpture	Metaphor		Relationship	Distance
	Data	Representation		
Live Wire [38]	Network activity through Ethernet cable	Movement of a cable/string	Indexical	Close
Wable [43]	Web services access patterns	Bar chart	Iconic	Moderate
Nowhere [40]	Search queries	Formation of landscape	Symbolic	Far



Data Sculpture	Metaphor		Satisfied Criteria	Distance
	Data	Representation		
Live wire [38]	Network activity	Movement, being 'alive'	Single mental image, affordance, and intuitive	Close
Plastic Trade-Off [41]	Flow of money between stock markets	Pipes, tubes	Affordance, single mental image	Moderate
Mathematical Models [42]	Mathematical concept	Geometric surface	None	Far



Data Sculptures *[Vande Moere and Patel 2009]*

Designing a Data Sculpture

embodiment

metaphorical distance

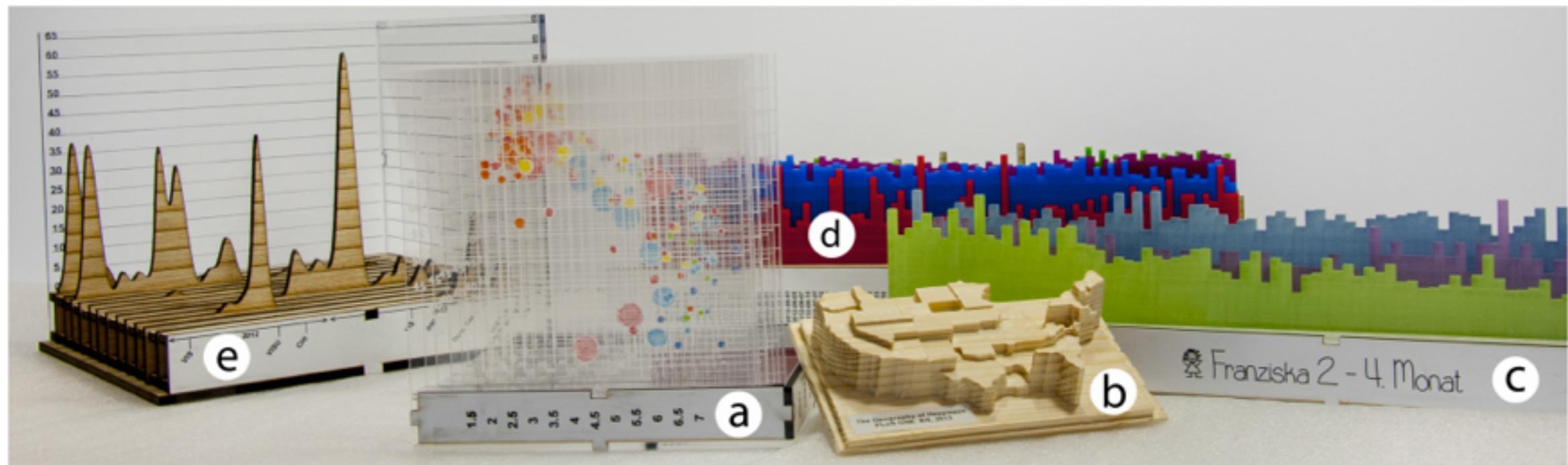
multi-modality

interaction

affordance

physical properties

MakerVis *[Swaminathan et al. 2014]*



MakerVis *[Swaminathan et al. 2014]*

Fabrication Challenges

Manufacturability

Assembly & Fit

Balance & Stability

Strength

MakerVis [Swaminathan et al. 2014]

Step 1: Choose your data:
Electricity.csv
[Upload new CSV data](#)

Step 2: Select your visualization:
Bar Chart

Step 3: Map your data dimensions:
[Import](#)

Physical Mapping:

Country	Year	Consumption
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Norway	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1971	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 13850.93236
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Iceland	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1974	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 16071.86461
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Canada	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1977	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 16217.28318
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sweden	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1980	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 18316.55117
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Finland	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1983	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 20062.55793

Step 4: Adjust the parameters:

Slice Spacing(mm)	2
Bar Spacing(mm)	2
Bar Width(mm)	3.2
Max Bar Height(mm)	38
Slice Base Height(mm)	15
Ticks Number	10
Global Scale	true
Slice Label Size	10
X Label Size	10
Y Label Size	10

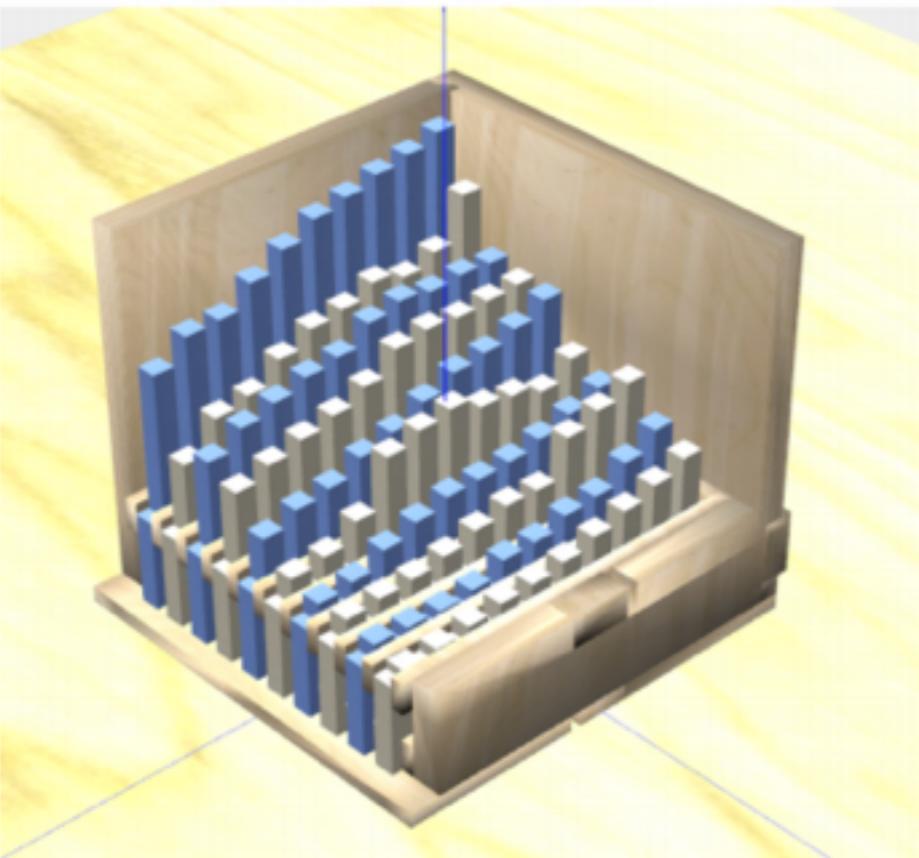
Step 5: Set the fabrication settings:
Laser Cutter

Fabrication parameters:

defaultMaterial	cardboard-3mm
Max Width(mm)	232
Max Length(mm)	110
Max Height(mm)	0

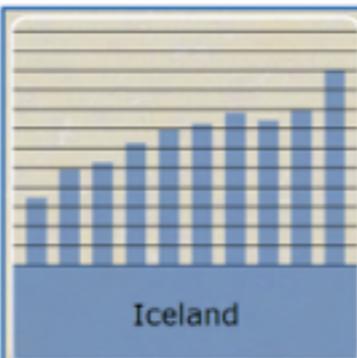
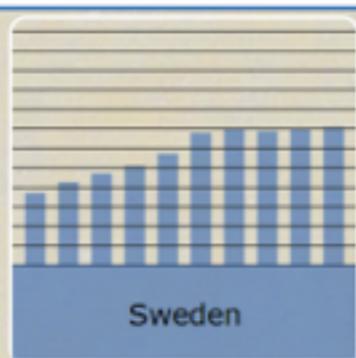
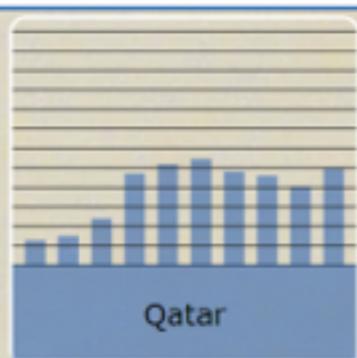
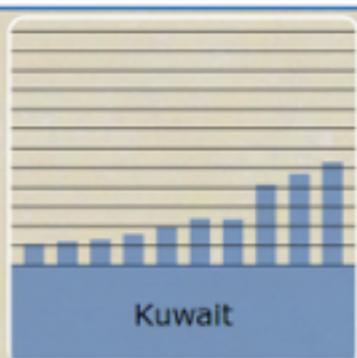
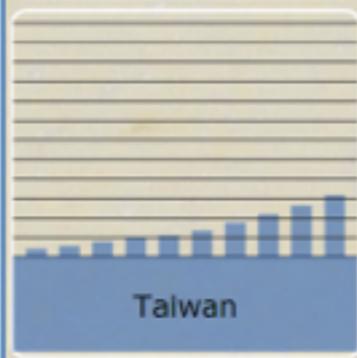
Step 6: Cut and Assemble Slices
[Instructions](#) [Download Laser Stencils](#)

3D Preview: [Refresh](#)



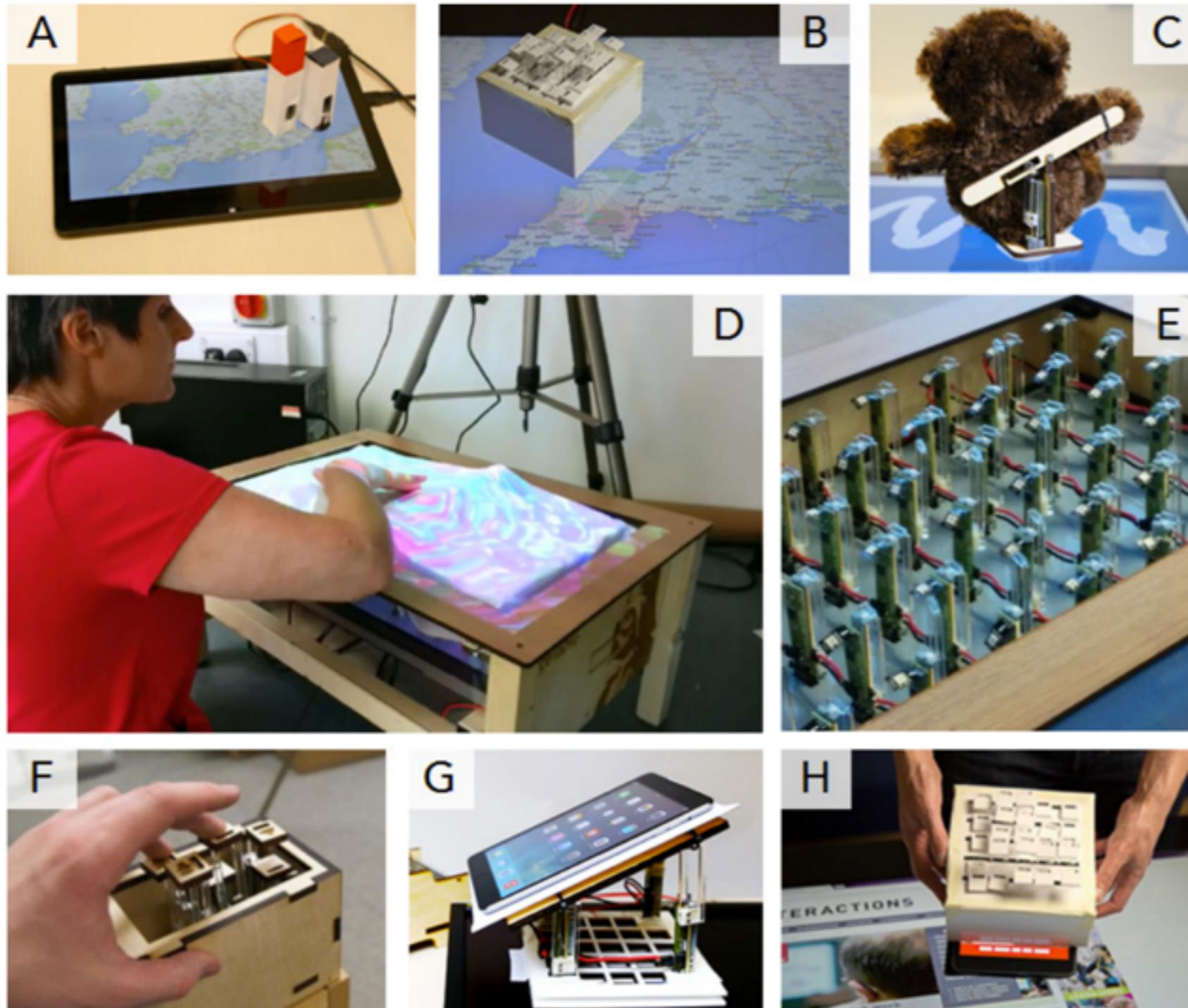
Laser Stencils:

blue-acrylic-3mm | **cardboard-3mm** | wood-4p6mm | wood-4p6mm

 Iceland	 Sweden	 Qatar	 Kuwait
 Taiwan			

MakerVis *[Swaminathan et al. 2014]*

ShapeClip *[Hardy et al. 2015]*



ShapeClip *[Hardy et al. 2015]*

ShapeClip

a prototyping tool for shape changing
displays

John Hardy
Christian Weichel
Faisal Taher
John Vidler
Jason Alexander

Lancaster University, UK

Design Challenges *[Jansen et al. 2015]*

Design Challenges *[Jansen et al. 2015]*

Render physical variables (e.g. smell or taste)

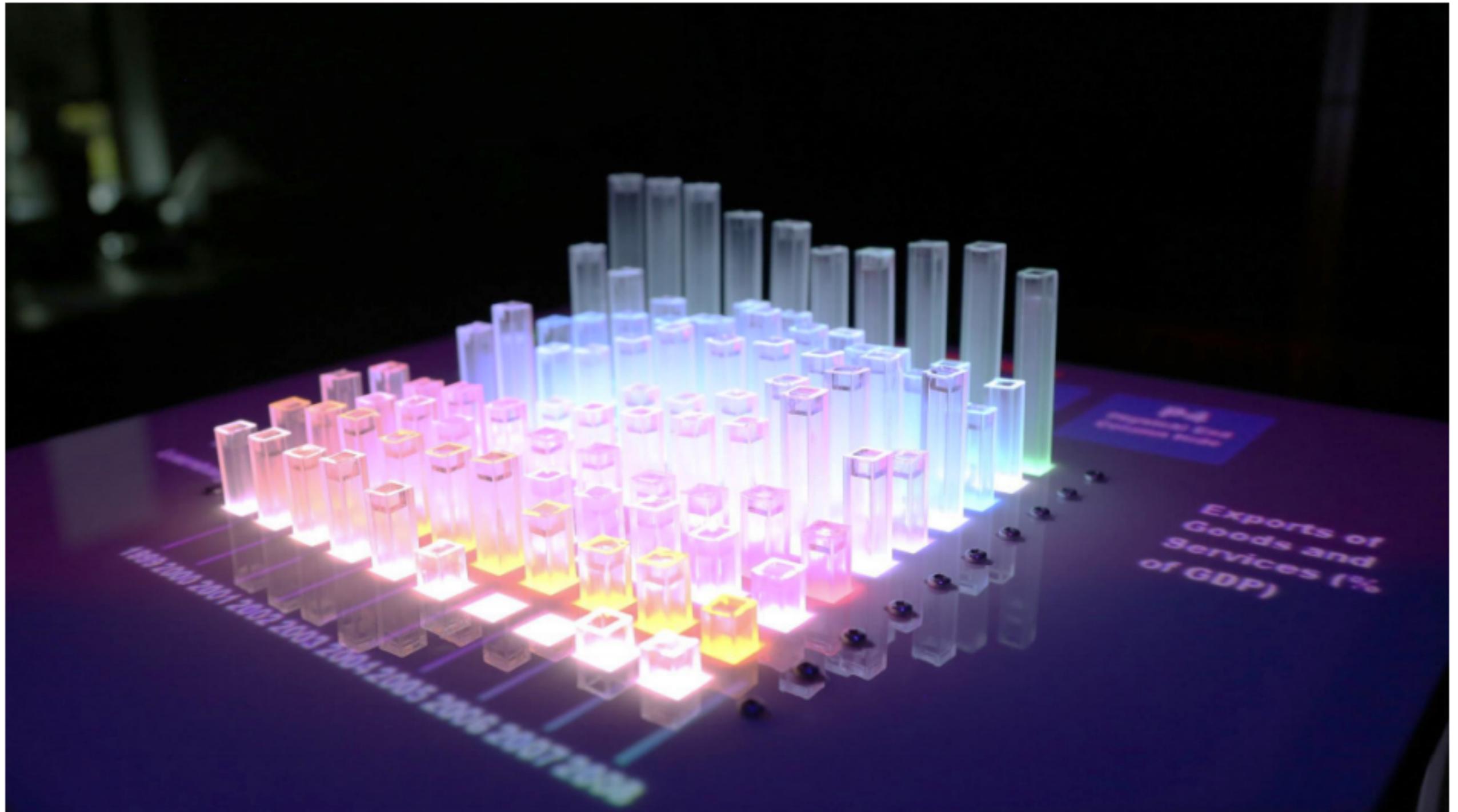
Replication & Accuracy

Time & Costs

Environmental Impact

Projects - Animation & Interactivity

Dynamic Bar Charts *[Taher et al. 2015]*



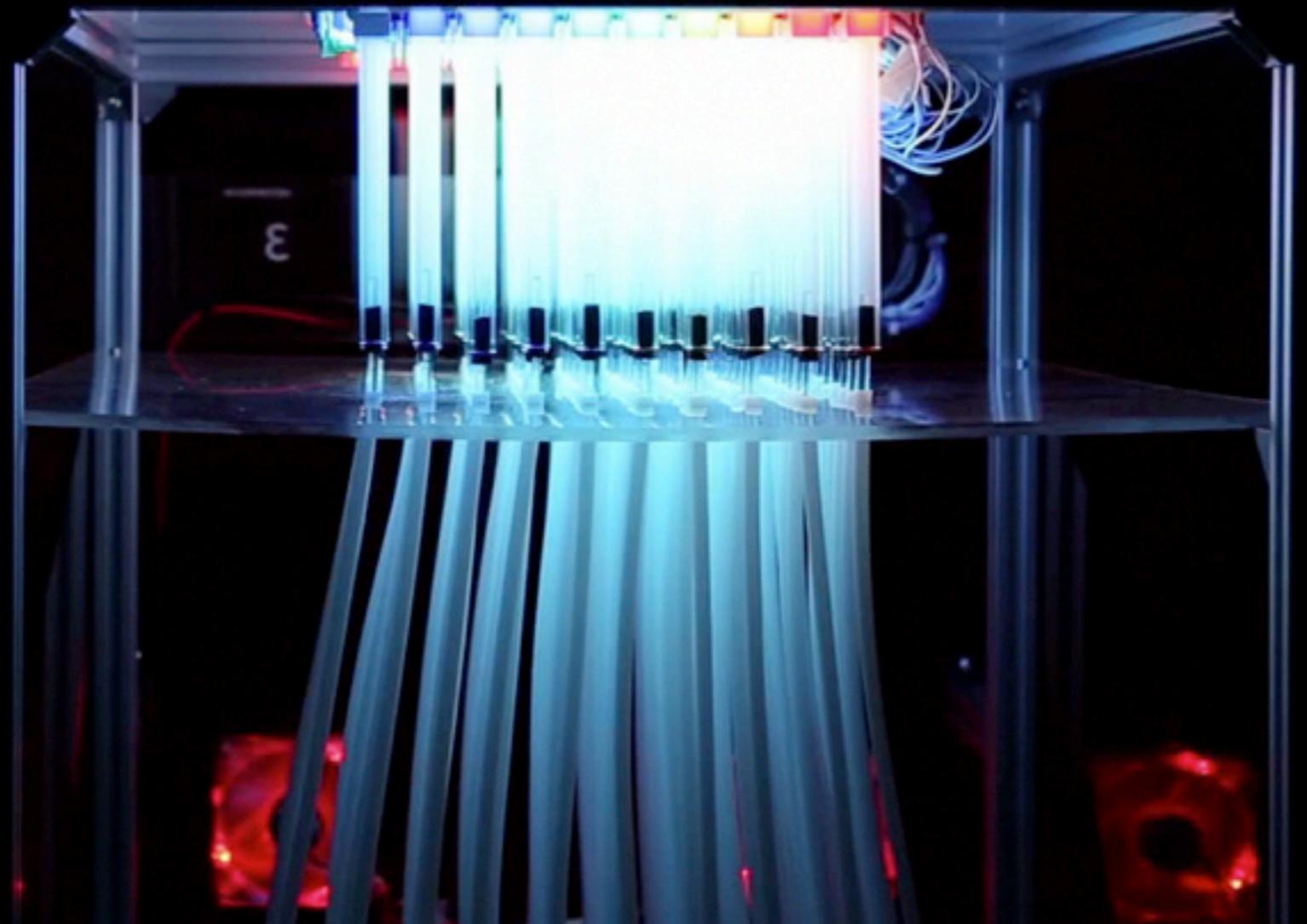
Dynamic Bar Charts *[Taher et al. 2015]*

Exploring Interactions with Physically Dynamic Bar Charts

Faisal Taher ¹
John Hardy ¹
Abhijit Karnik ¹
Christian Weichel ¹
Yvonne Jansen ²
Kasper Hornbæk ²
Jason Alexander ¹

¹ Lancaster University, UK

² University of Copenhagen, Denmark



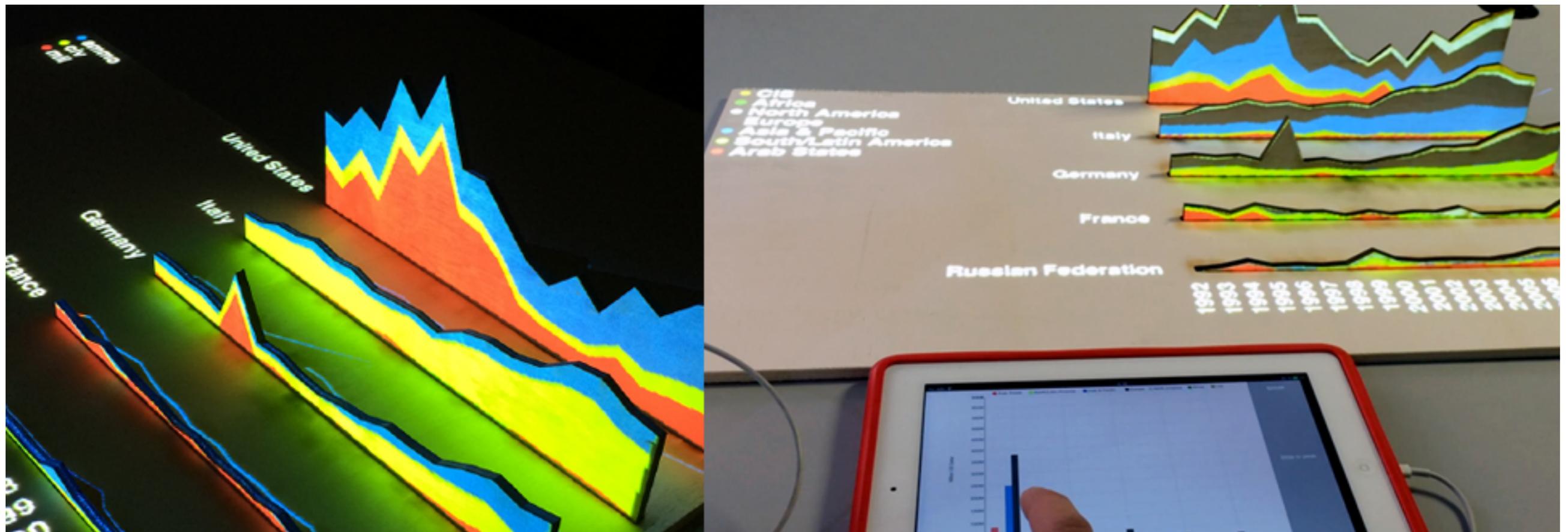
Dynamic Bar Charts *[Taher et al. 2015]*

Gestural vs. Physical Interaction

Combining Interaction Modalities

Effect of Preconceptions

Projection Augmentation [Stusak & Teufel 2014]



Projection Augmentation *[Stusak & Teufel 2014]*

Projection Augmentation *[Stusak & Teufel 2014]*

Physical Visualization (material, fabrication, size, ...)

Projection (position, purpose, ...)

Input Modality (touch, remote, ...)

Interaction Challenges *[Jansen et al. 2015]*

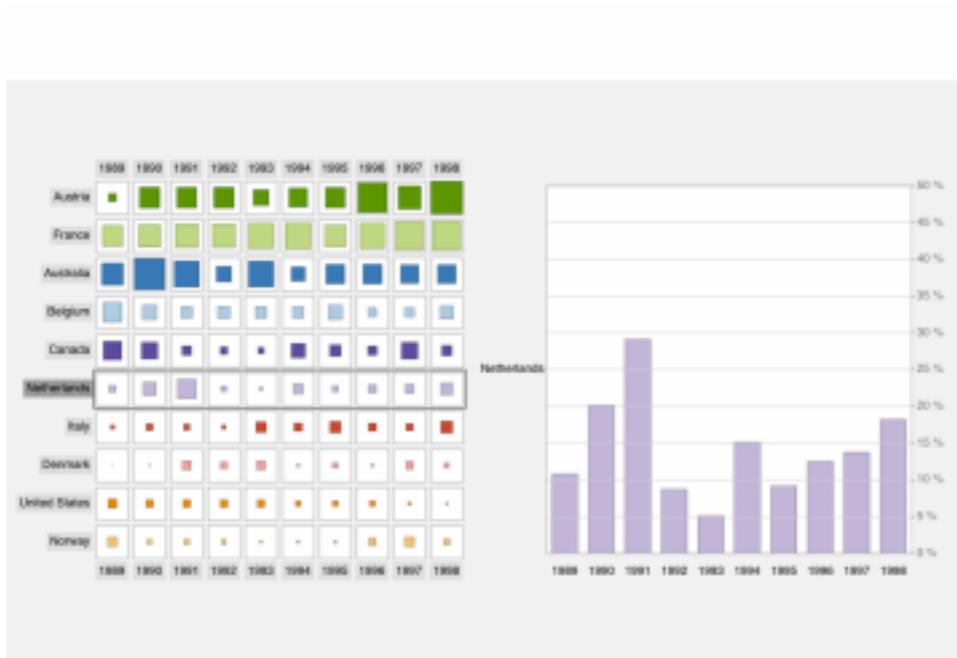
Timing of animated transitions

Design of physical / synthetic interactions

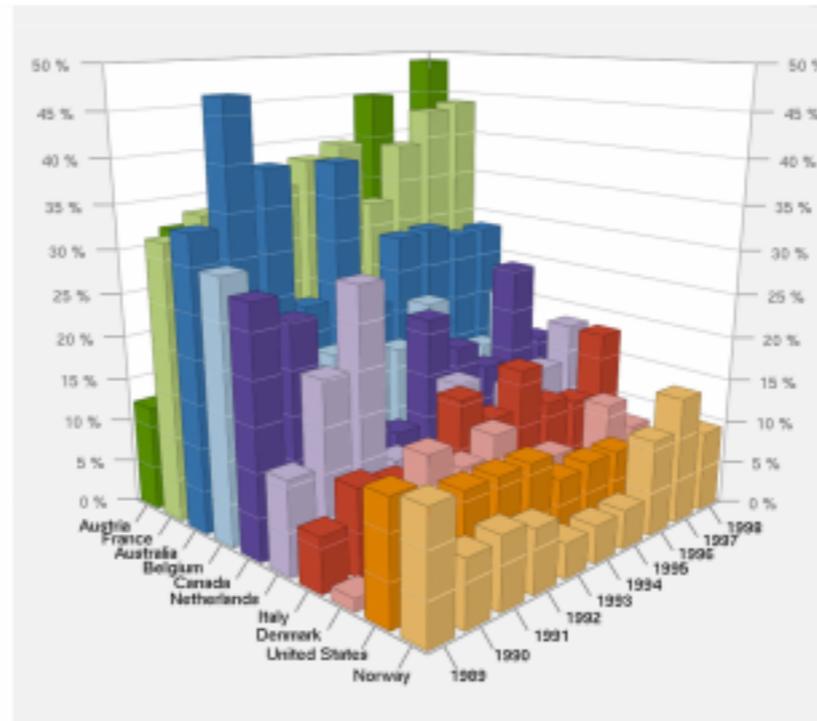
Recognizability and discoverability of interactions

Projects - Evaluation

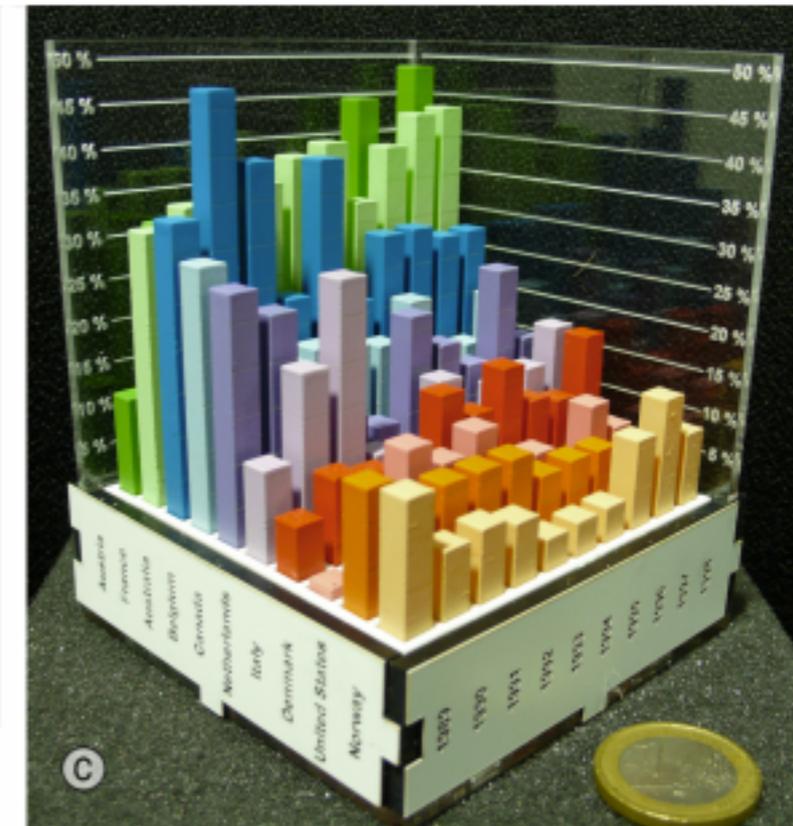
Efficiency at Information Retrieval *[Jansen et al. 2013]*



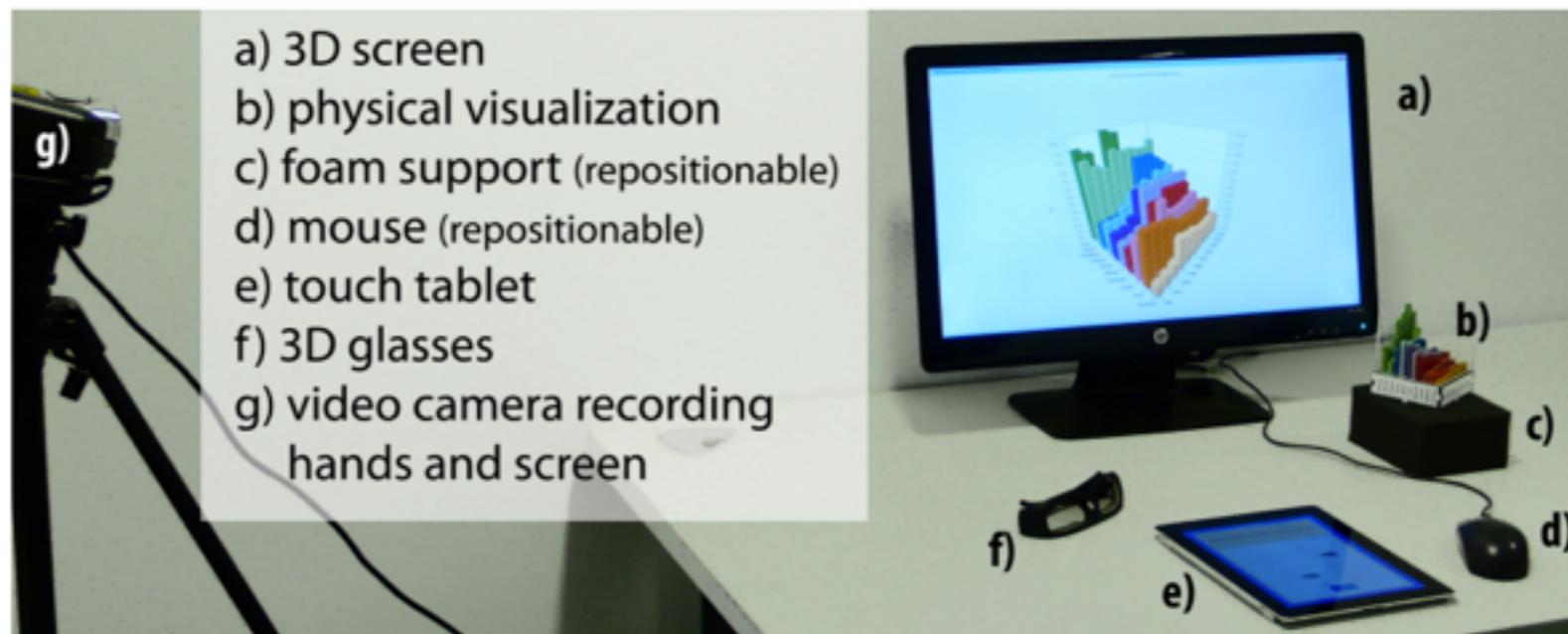
a



b



c



- a) 3D screen
- b) physical visualization
- c) foam support (repositionable)
- d) mouse (repositionable)
- e) touch tablet
- f) 3D glasses
- g) video camera recording hands and screen

Efficiency at Information Retrieval [Jansen et al. 2013]

First Experiment

H1 Task time with physical is about 15–20% lower than with both mono and stereo.

H2 2D outperforms all other techniques by no more than 50% in time.

H3 stereo is slightly faster than mono.

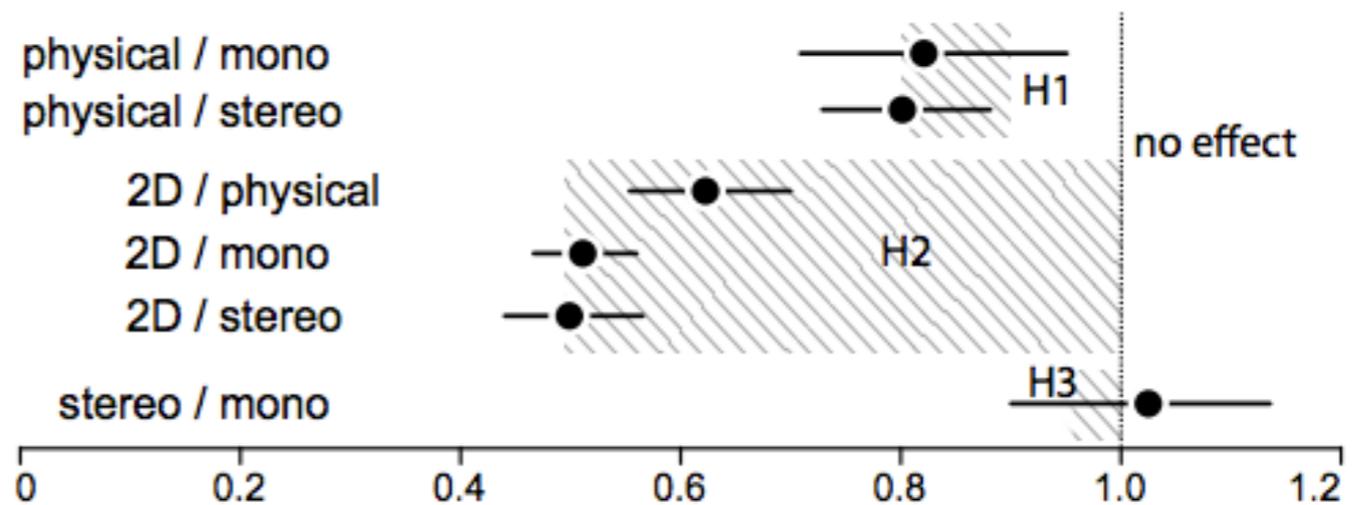


Figure 4. Time ratios between techniques, with 95% CIs. Hatched areas indicate expected effect sizes as expressed in our hypotheses.

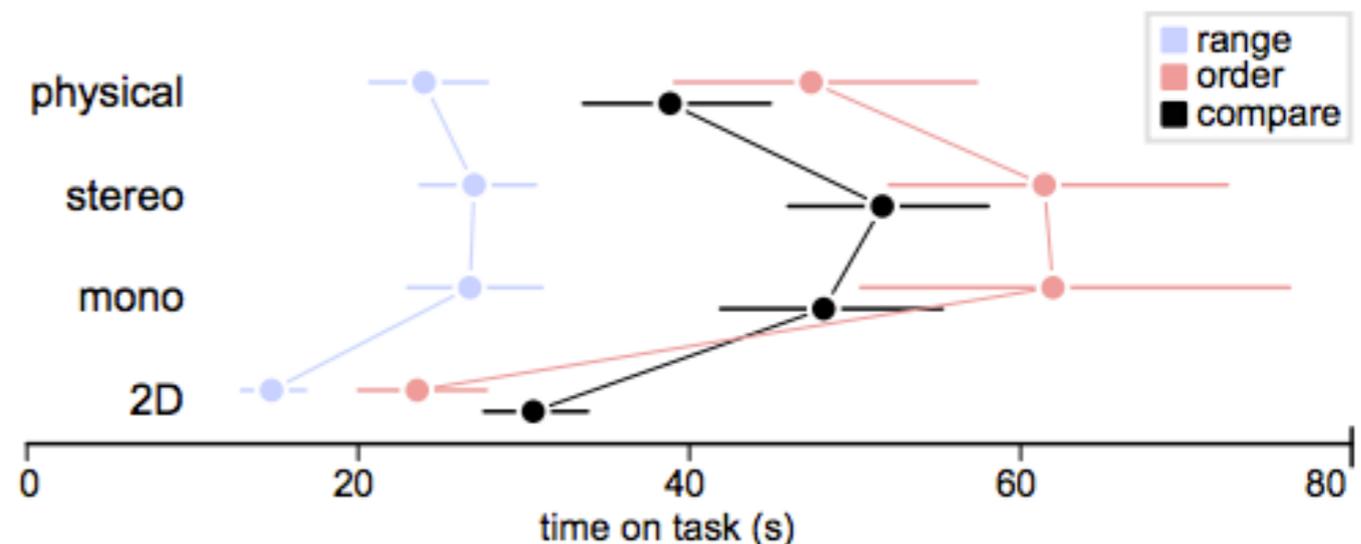


Figure 5. Average time per technique and task, with 95% CIs.

Efficiency at Information Retrieval [Jansen et al. 2013]

Second Experiment

H1 touch requires 15-25% less time than no touch.

H2 no touch requires at least 10% less time than prop.

H3 prop and mouse differ by no more than 5%.

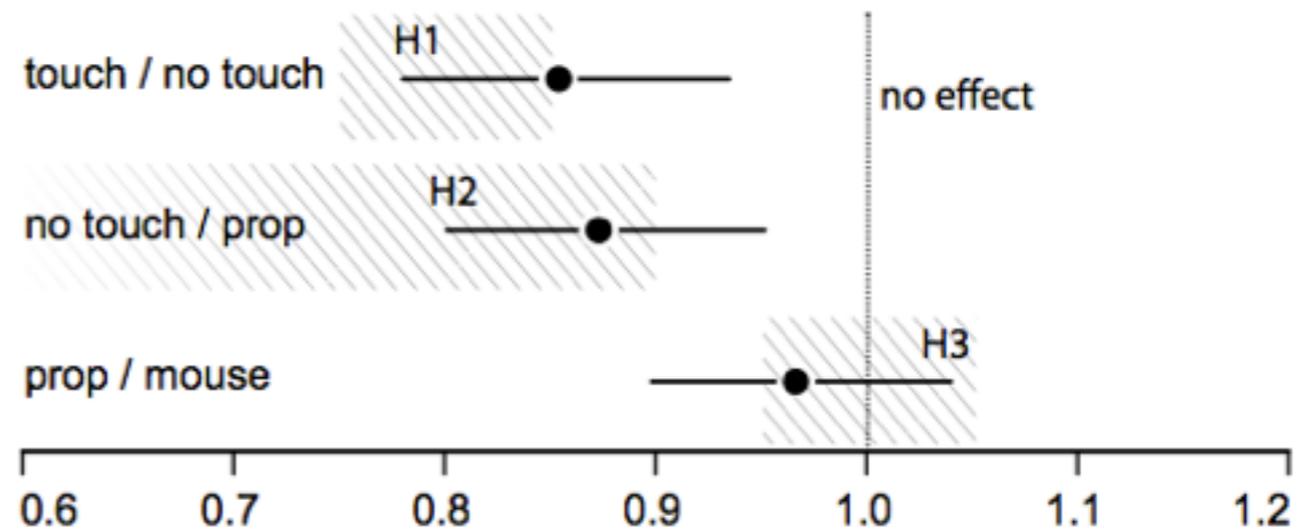


Figure 6. Time ratios between techniques, with 95% CIs. Hatched areas indicate expected effect sizes as expressed in our hypotheses.

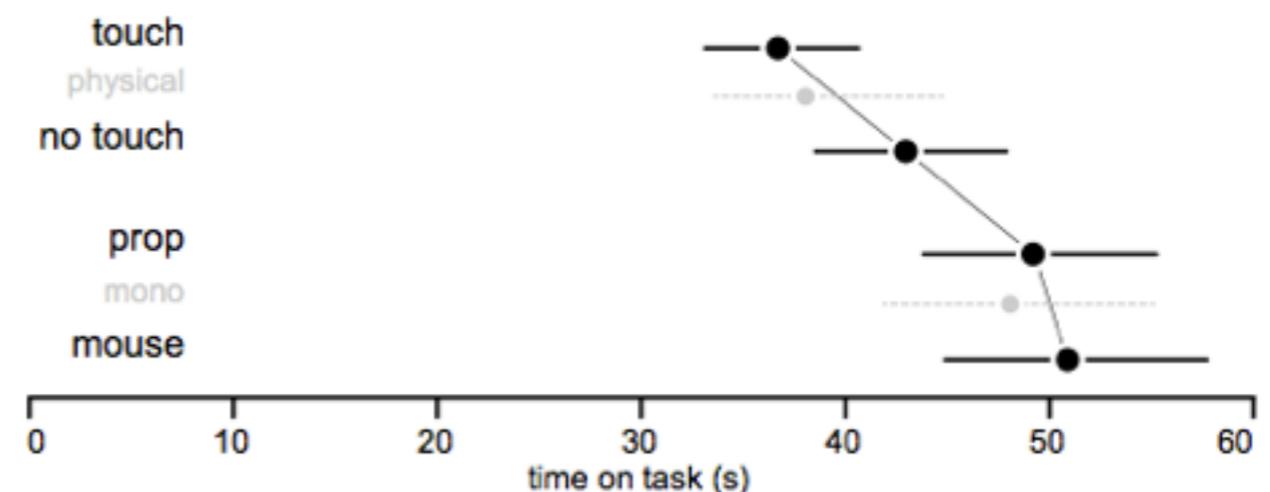


Figure 7. Mean times per technique, with 95% CIs. Results from our first experiment (task compare) have been included for reference (gray).

Efficiency at Information Retrieval [Jansen et al. 2013]

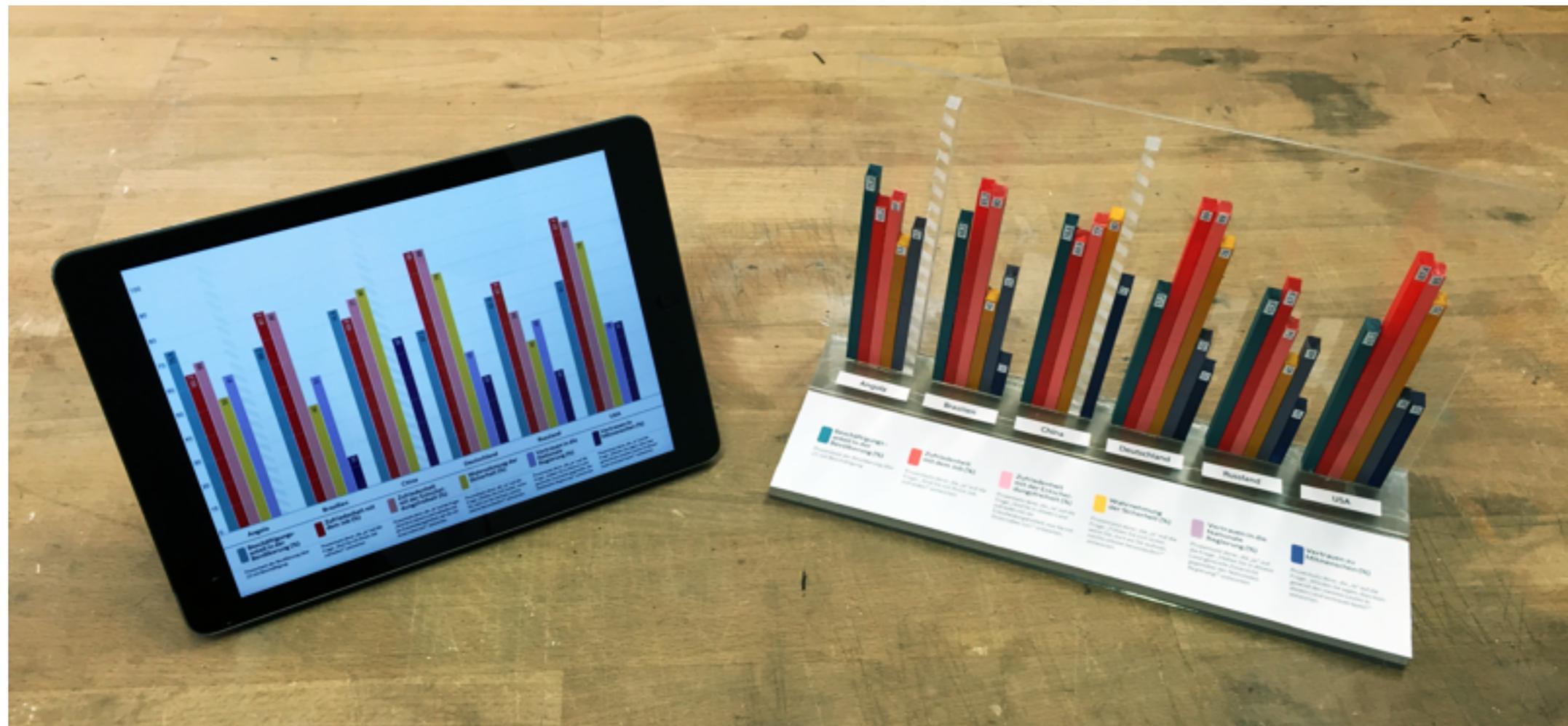
advantage of the physical bar chart lies in its ability of being ***touched***

the ***action*** of placing fingers to use them as visual or memory aids

degree of ***visual realism***

Memorability *[Stusak et al. 2015]*

Can **physicality** influence the **memorability** of information?



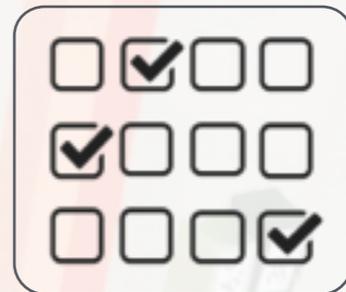
Memorability [Stusak et al. 2015]

40 Participants (between-groups) / 17 female / ~23.5 years

Reading
Phase



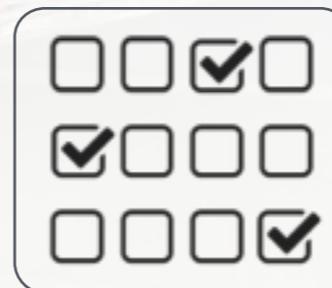
Immediate
Recall Phase



2 weeks



Delayed
Recall Phase



Memorability *[Stusak et al. 2015]*

extreme values

Which country has the most trust in its government?

numerics values

In Brazil, only 15% have trust in their government.

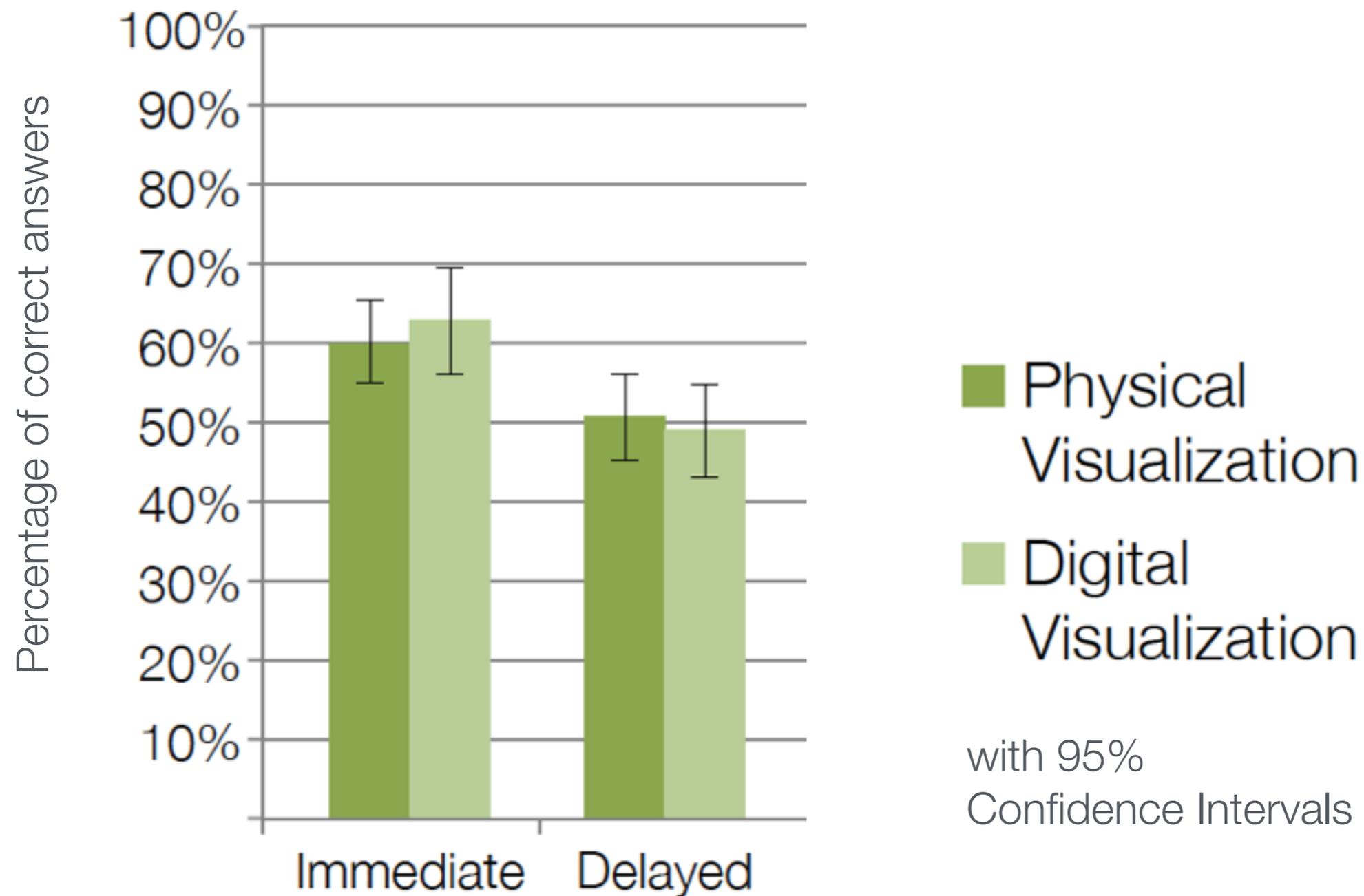
facts

Germany has more trust in its government than Brazil.

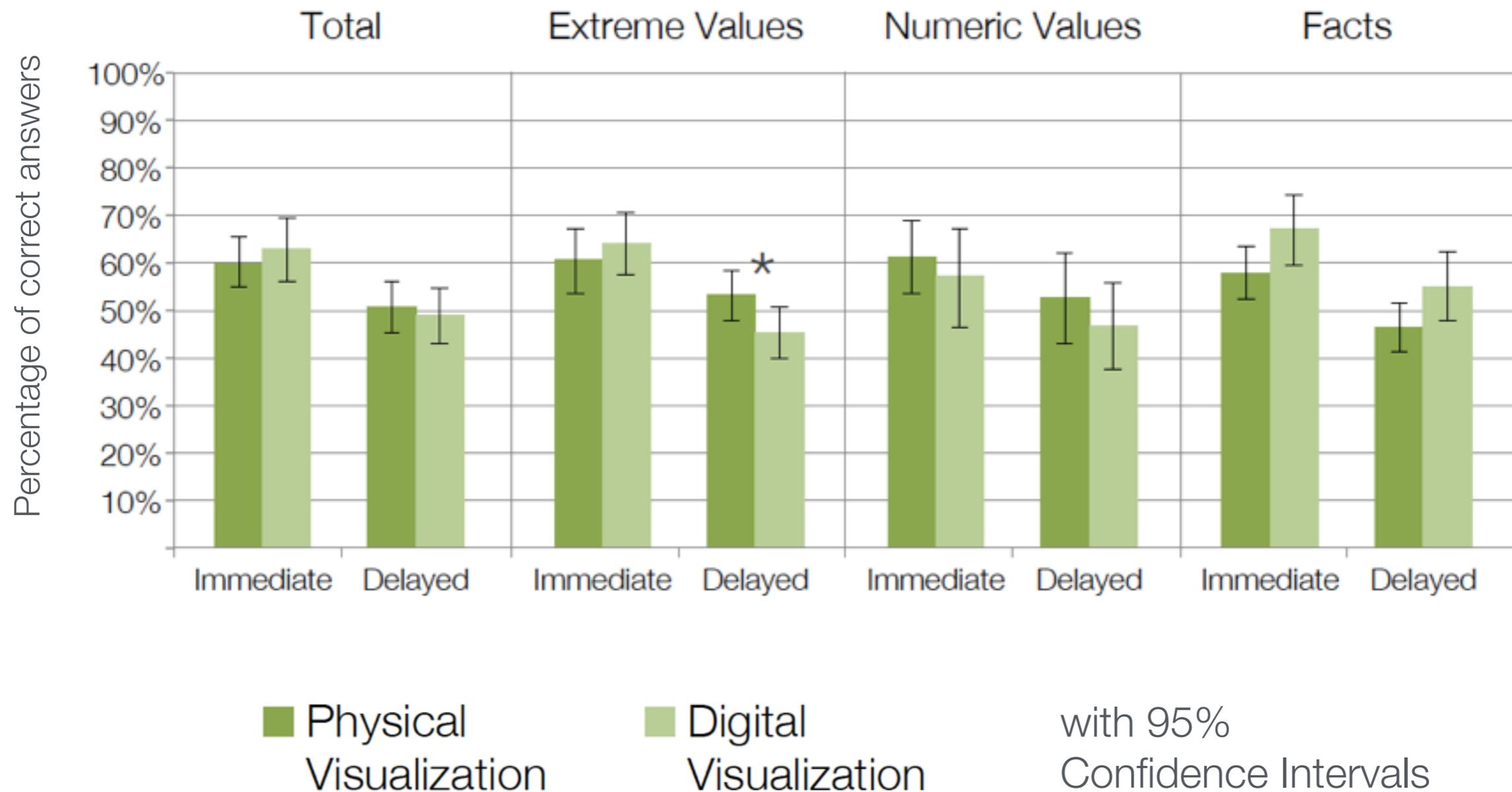


Memorability *[Stusak et al. 2015]*

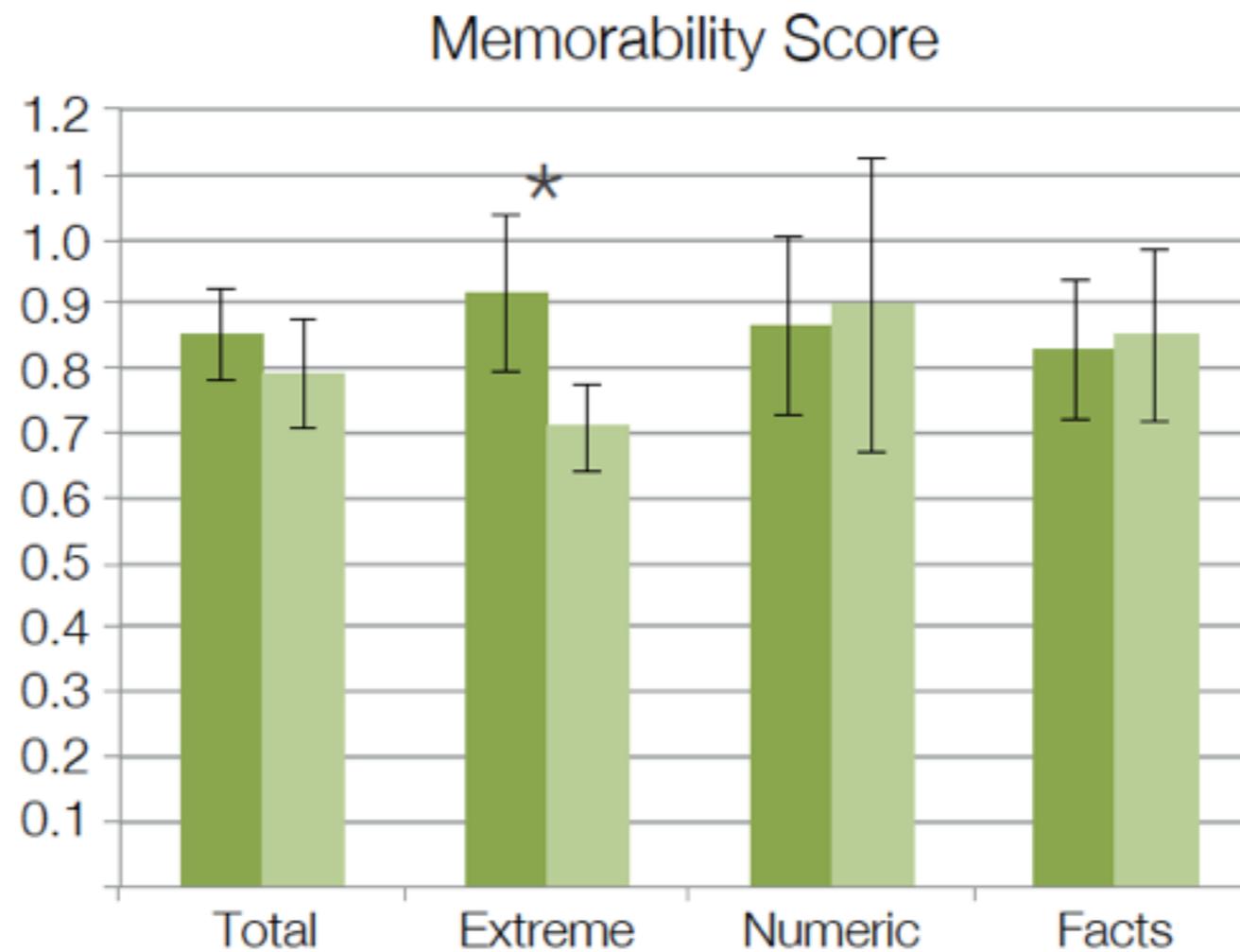
Total



Memorability *[Stusak et al. 2015]*



Memorability [Stusak et al. 2015]



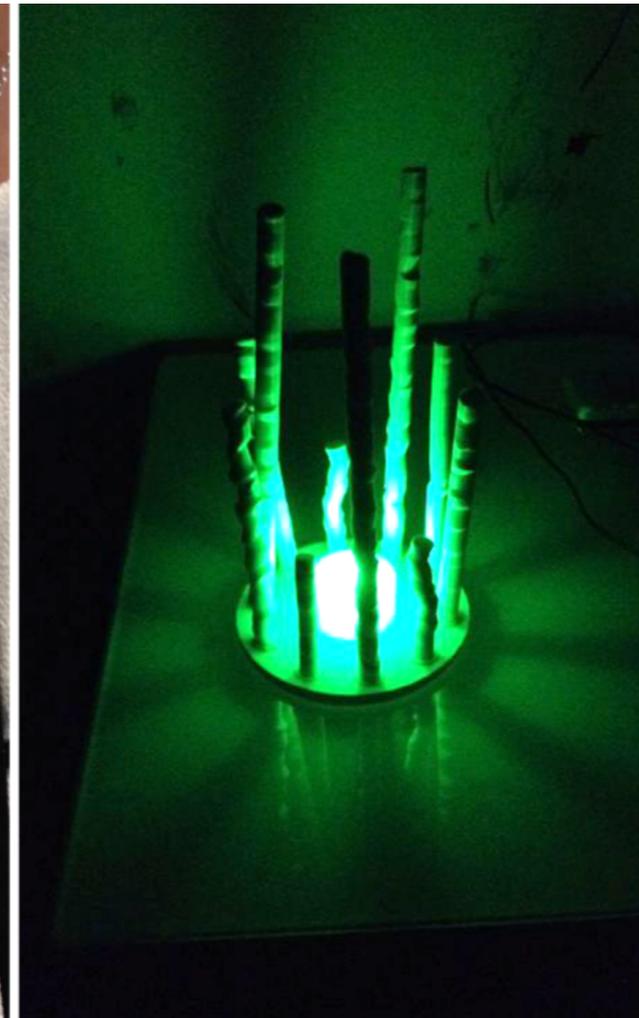
■ Physical Visualization

■ Digital Visualization

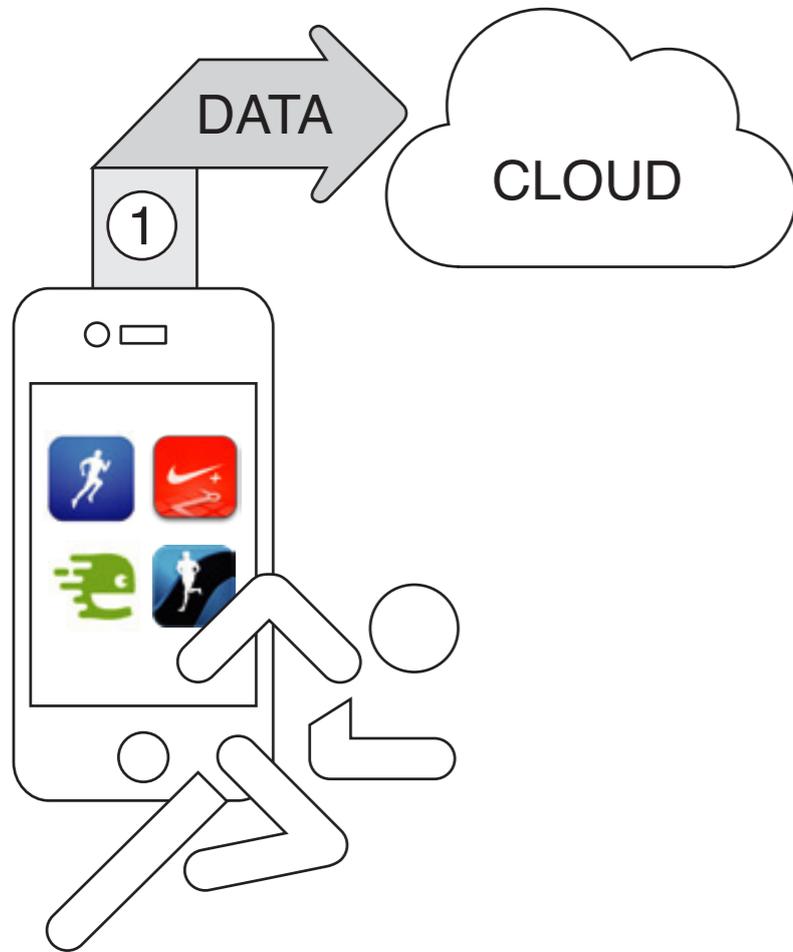
$$\text{Memorability Score} = \frac{\text{delayed recall}}{\text{immediate recall}}$$

Activity Sculptures *[Stusak et al. 2014]*

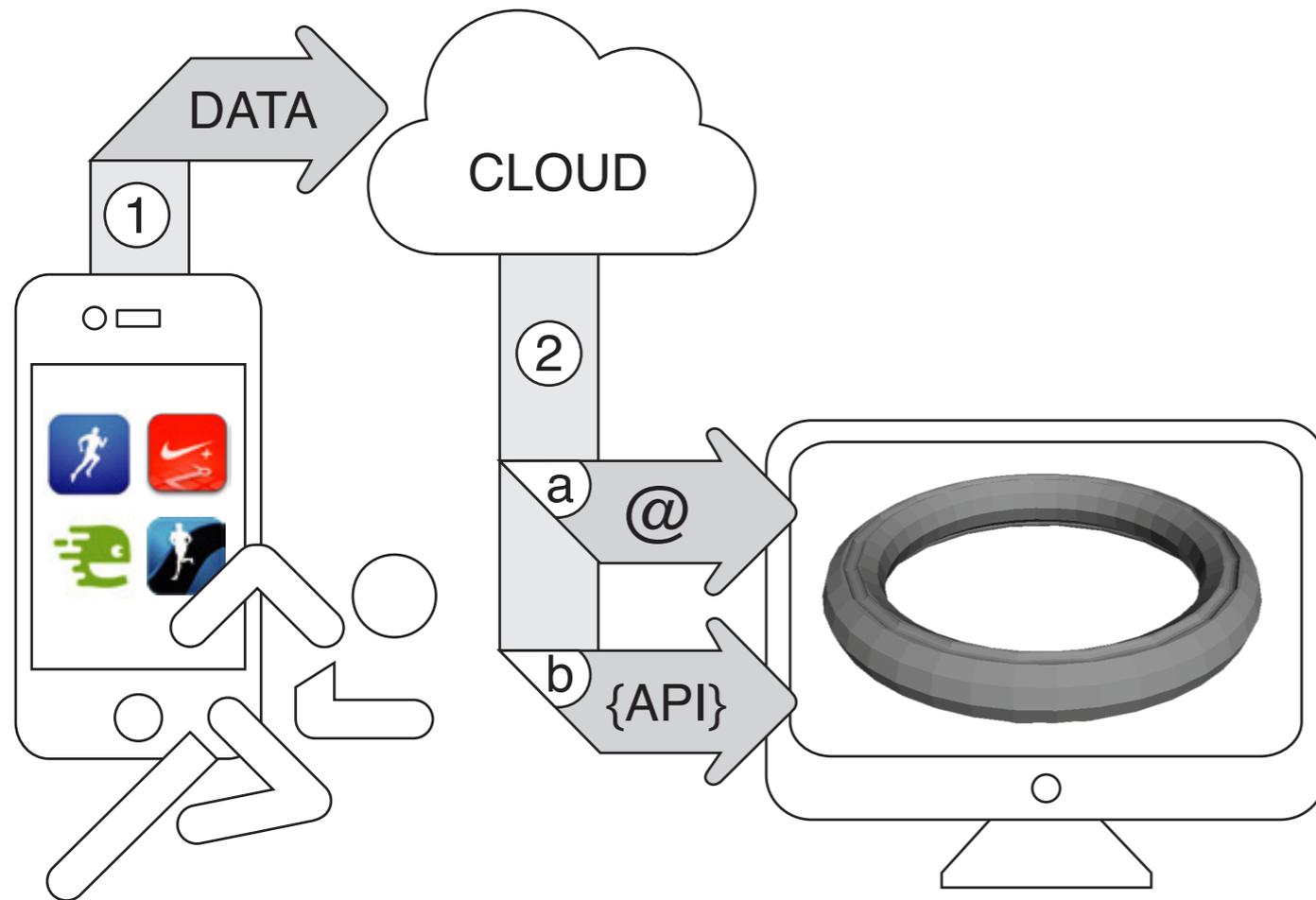
Data Sculptures of running activity



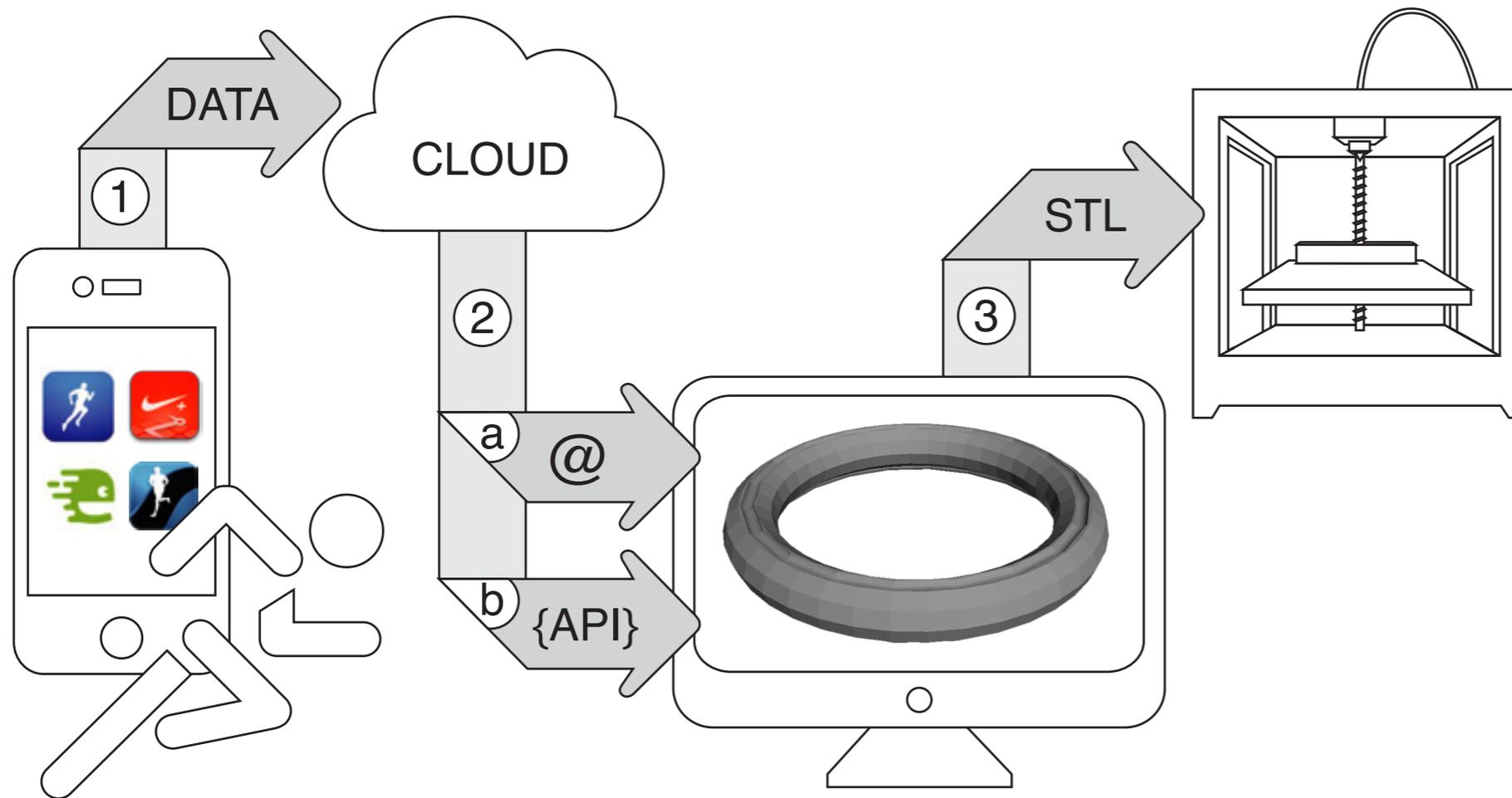
Activity Sculptures *[Stusak et al. 2014]*



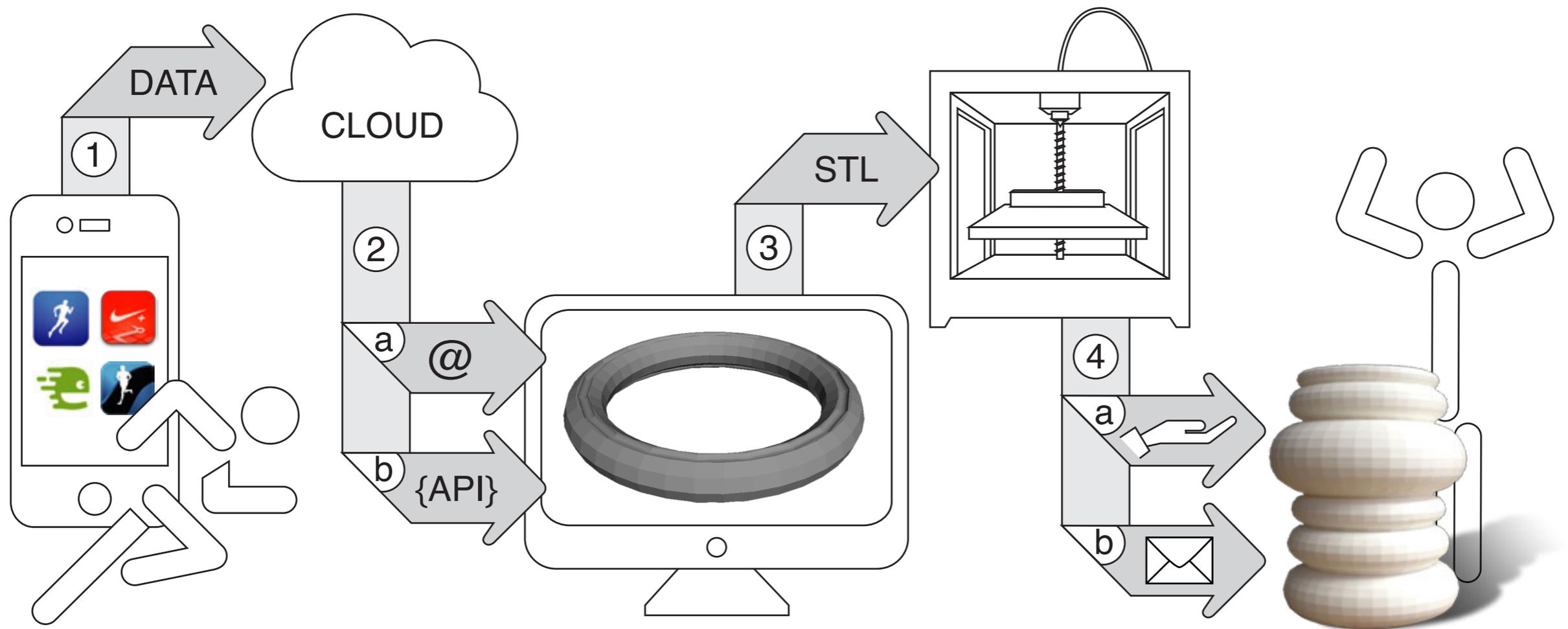
Activity Sculptures *[Stusak et al. 2014]*



Activity Sculptures *[Stusak et al. 2014]*



Activity Sculptures *[Stusak et al. 2014]*



Activity Sculptures *[Stusak et al. 2014]*

Field Study: 3 weeks / 14 participants

71 runs in total (between 1 and 9 runs)

semi-structured interviews

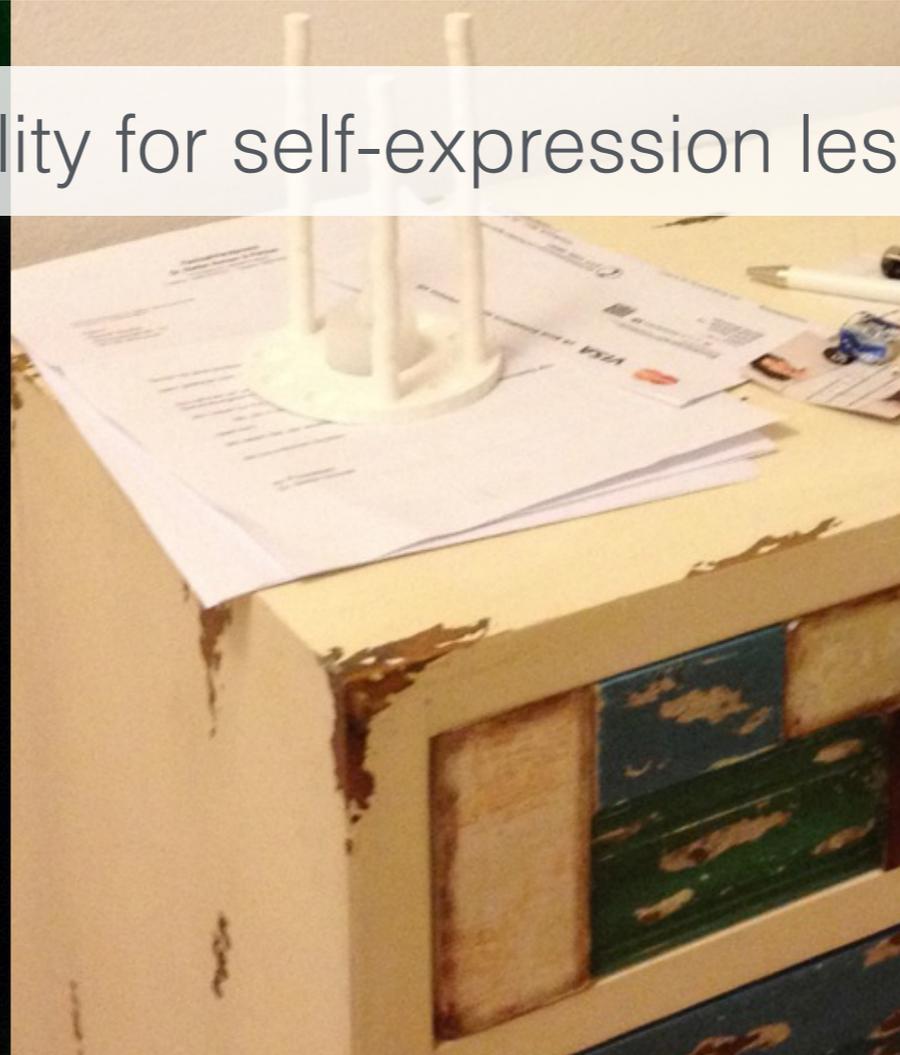


Activity Sculptures *[Stusak et al. 2014]*

sculptures were embedded in everyday life

potential for motivation and self-reflection was rated good

suitability for self-expression less positively after study



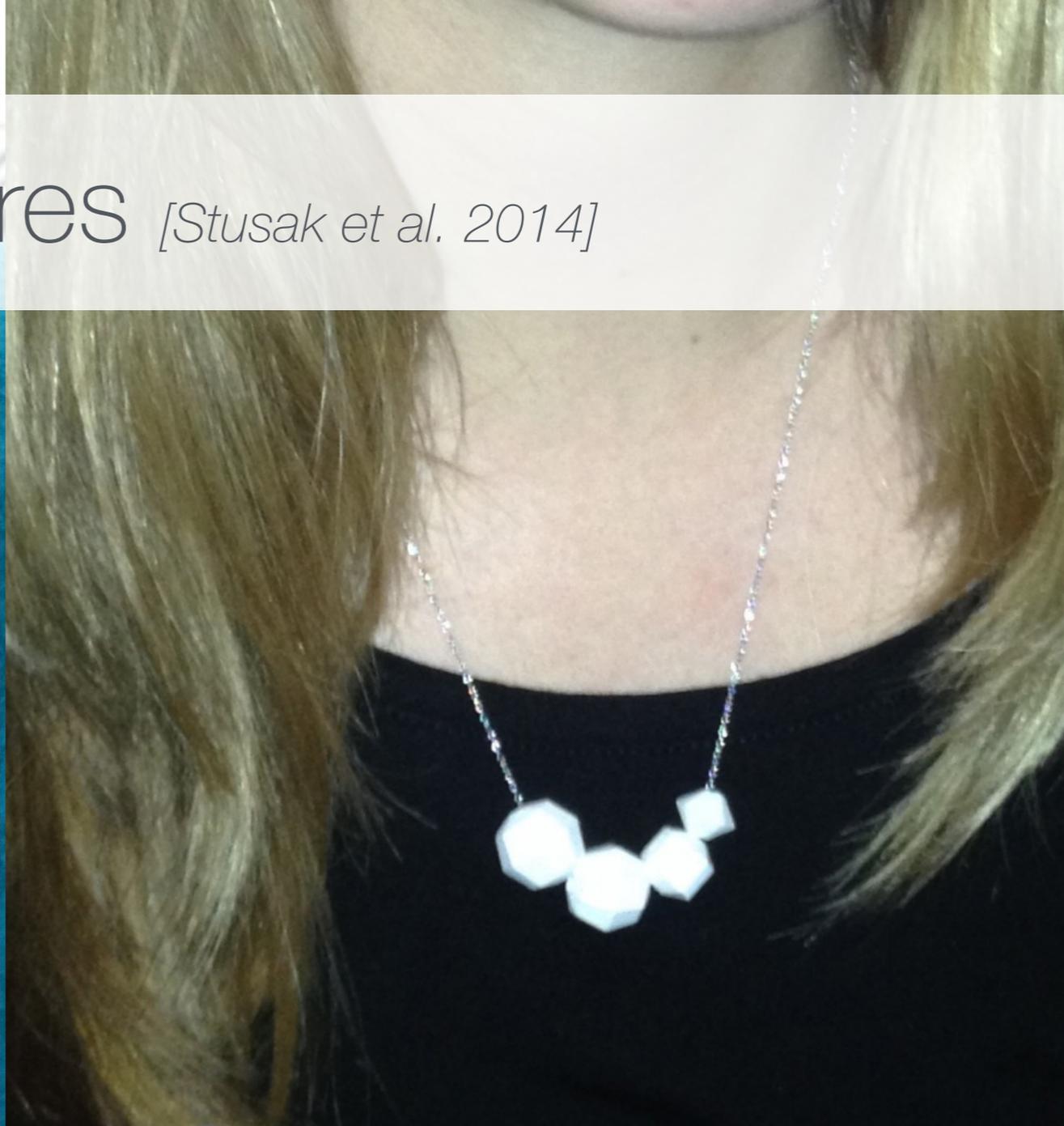
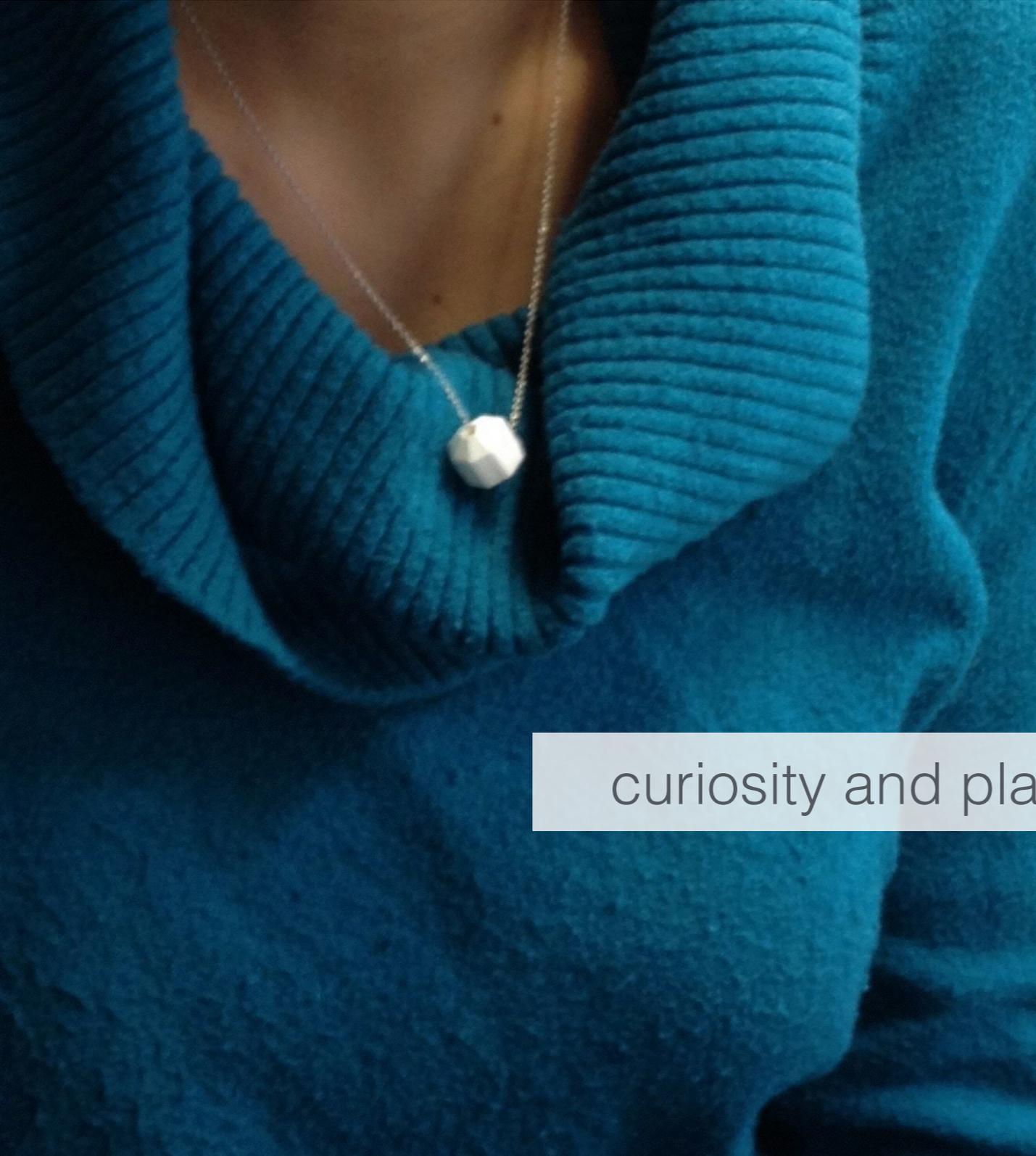
Activity Sculptures *[Stusak et al. 2014]*



difficulties in understanding the data-mapping

learned how to read the visualization

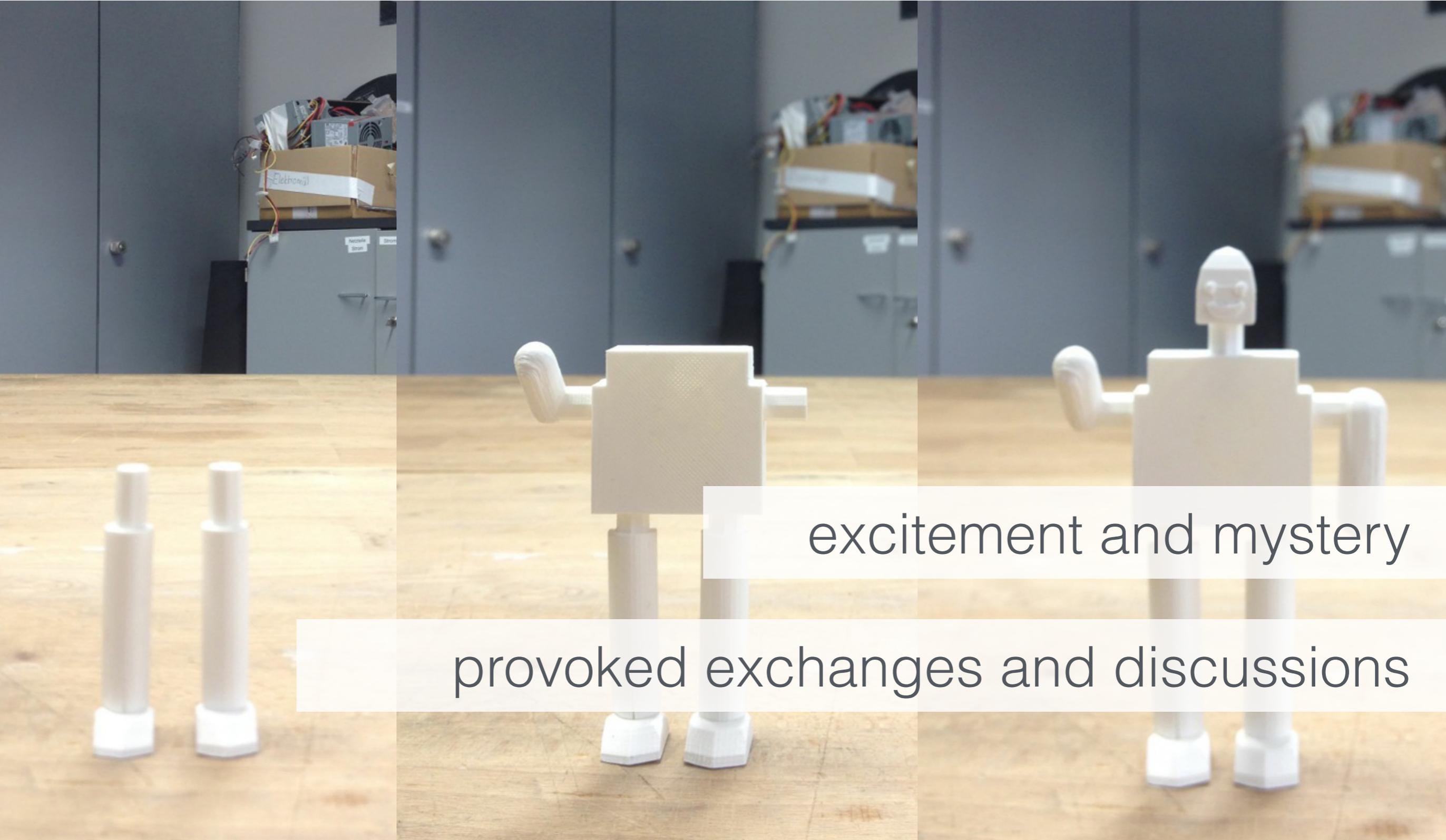
Activity Sculptures *[Stusak et al. 2014]*



curiosity and playfulness influenced running habits

„pearl of shame“

Activity Sculptures *[Stusak et al. 2014]*



excitement and mystery

provoked exchanges and discussions

Tasty Beats *[Khot et al. 2015]*



Tasty Beats *[Khot et al. 2015]*



Tasty Beats *[Khot et al. 2015]*

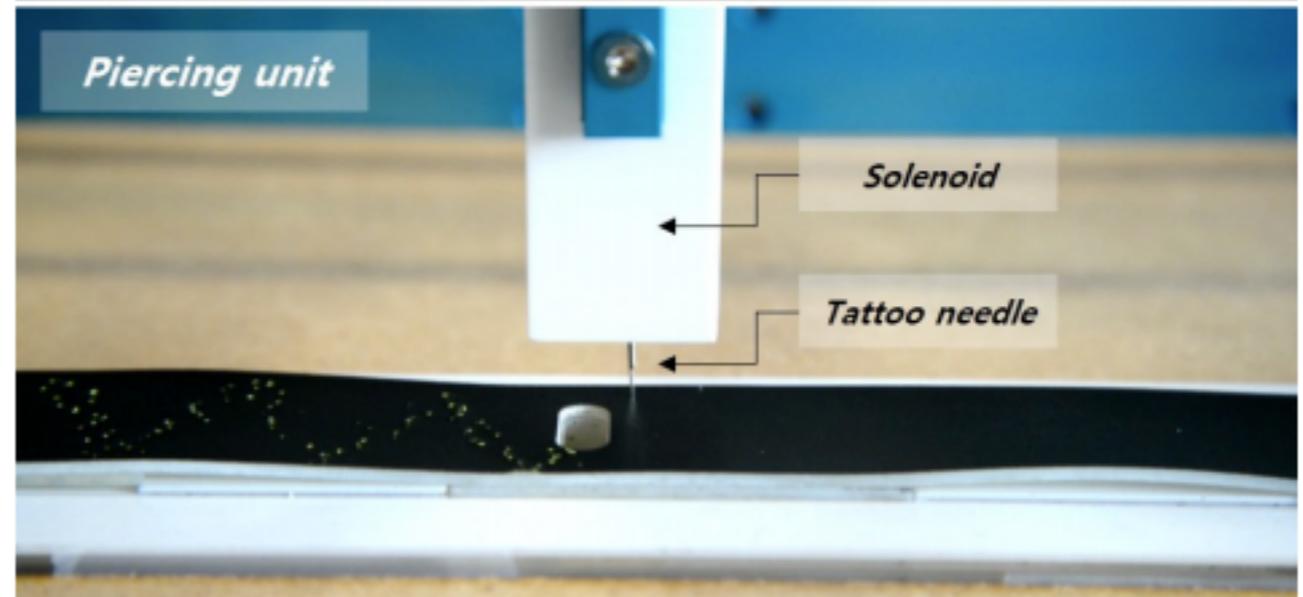
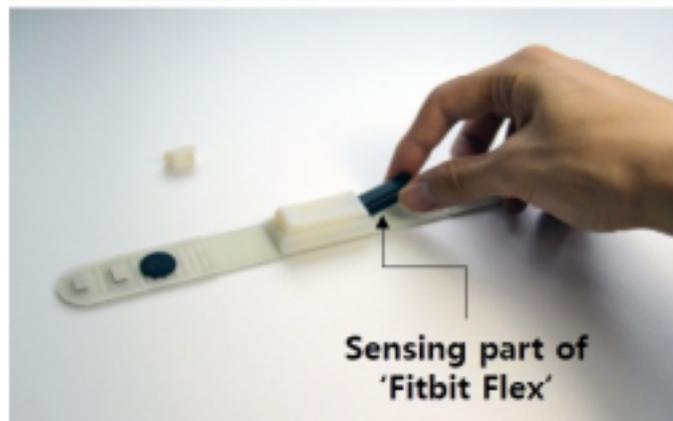
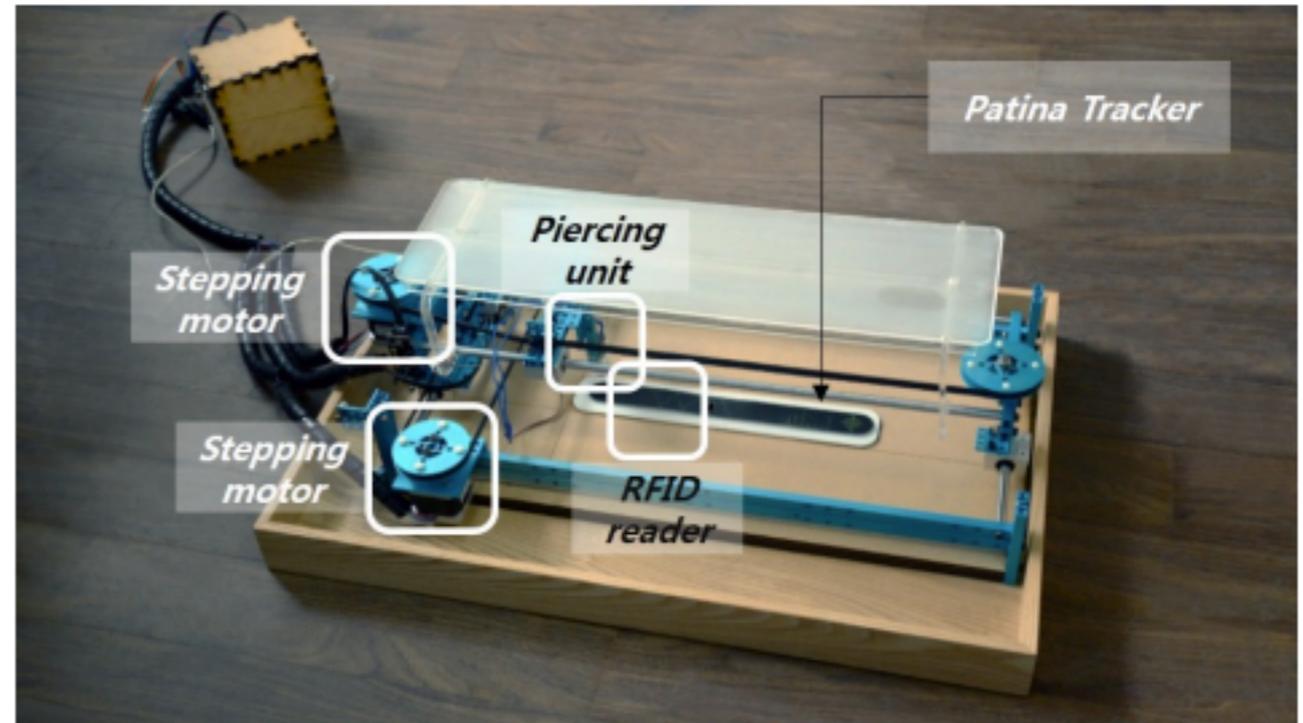
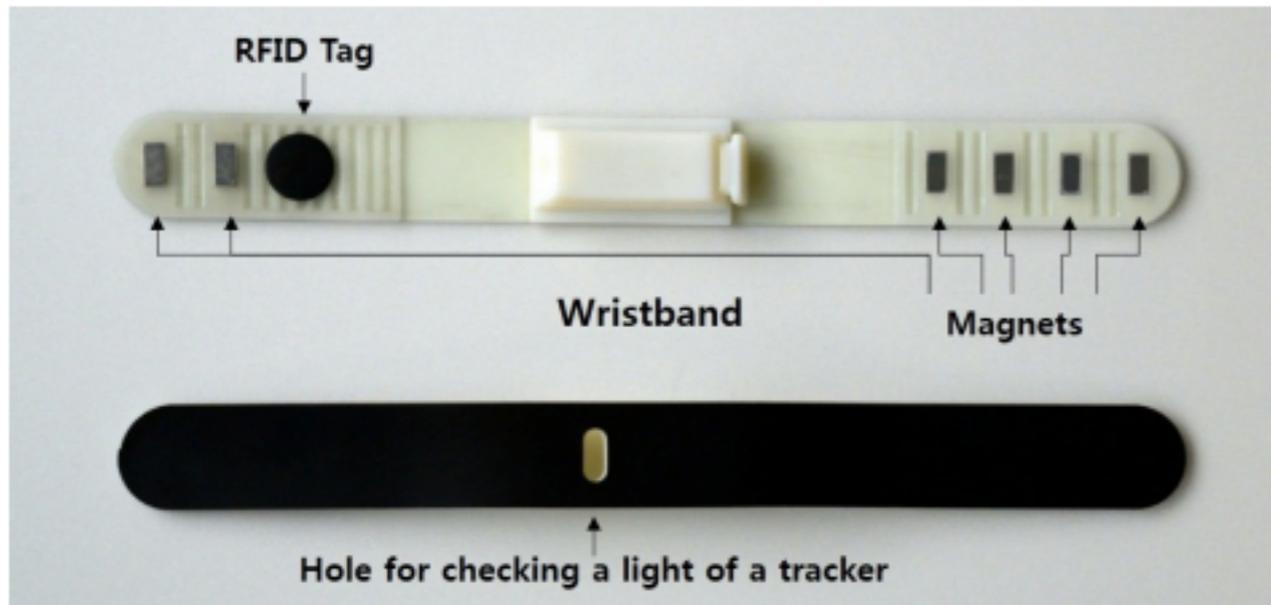
Experiences (surprise, satisfaction, joy)

Relation to Physical Activity

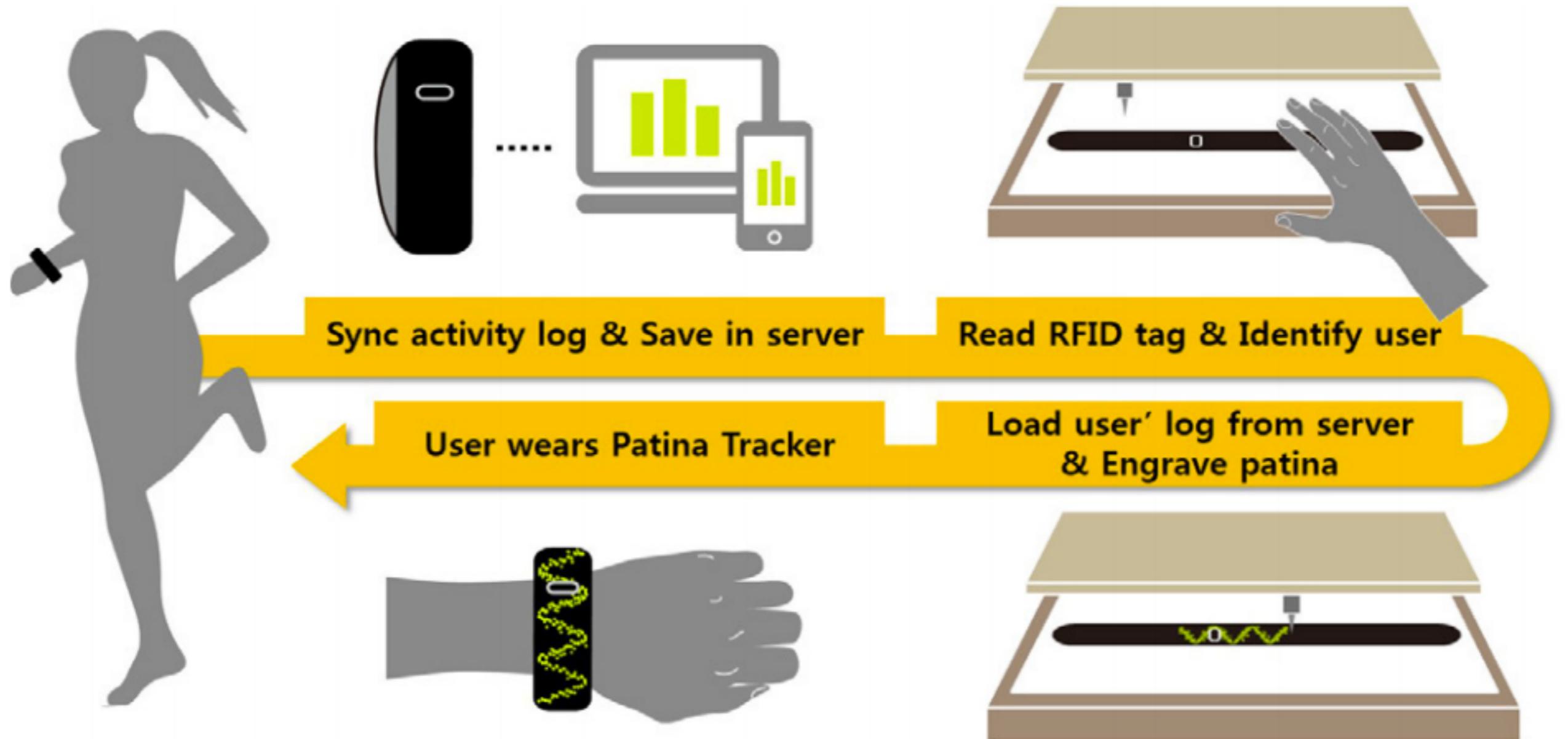
Social Dynamics

Rewarding Aspects

Patina Engraver [Lee et al. 2015]

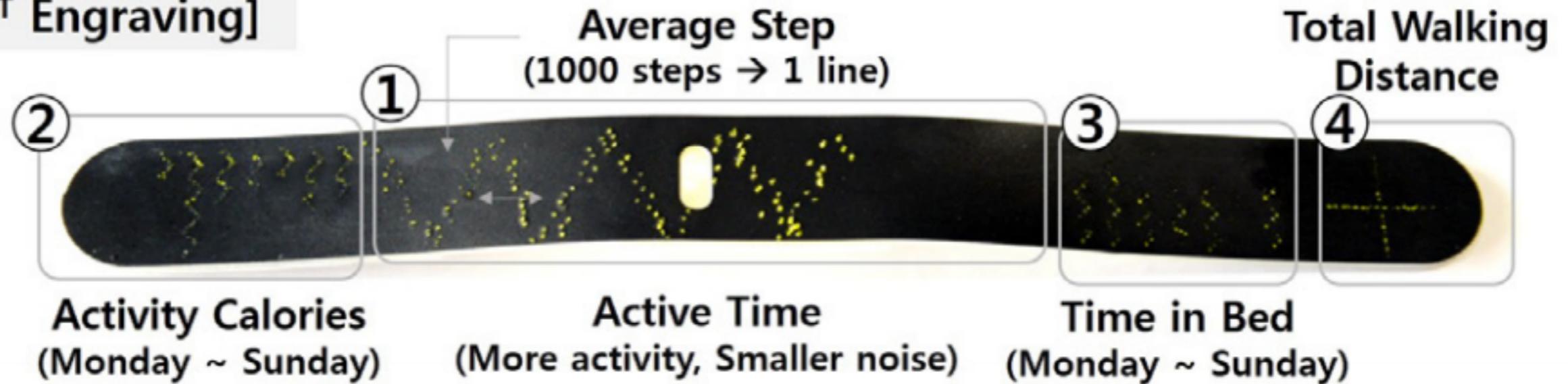


Patina Engraver *[Lee et al. 2015]*



Patina Engraver [Lee et al. 2015]

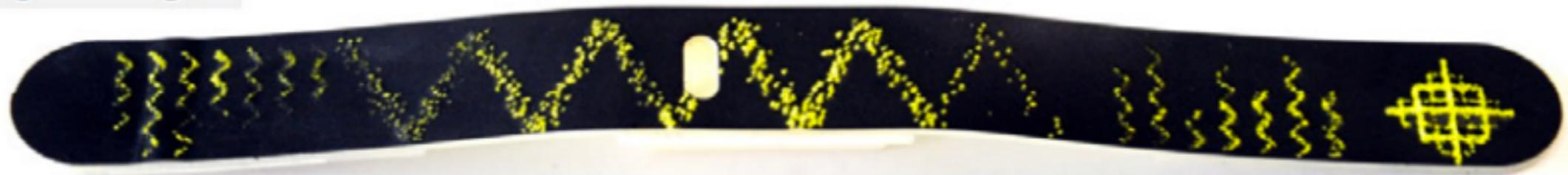
[1ST Engraving]



[2ND Engraving]



[3RD Engraving]



Patina Engraver *[Lee et al. 2015]*

Wondering about What Patina Means

Feeling Pressure for Engraving Aesthetic Patina

Evaluation Challenges *[Jansen et al. 2015]*

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Evaluation beyond time and error

Comparative evaluation - fair alternative

Focus on presentation modality - avoid experimental bias

Benefits and Research Agenda

The Benefits of Data Physicalizations I *[Jansen et al. 2015]*

Leveraging our Perceptual Exploration Skills

Active Perception

Depth Perception

Non-visual Senses

Intermodal Perception

The Benefits of Data Physicalizations II *[Jansen et al. 2015]*

Making Data Accessible

Cognitive Benefits

Bringing Data into the Real World

Engaging People

Research Agenda *[Jansen et al. 2015]*

Designing Physical Data Representations

Supporting Animation and Interactivity

Evaluation-Specific Challenges

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