## VIDEOPROTOTYPING



Representing complex relationships, new behaviours and attitudes are an integral part of interaction design. These can be represented through many means including sketching and making physical prototypes. However, capturing a journey over time requires a linear medium like video.



### Why Prototype?

Prototypes help to validate the value of new ideas and test initial assumptions. Prototypes can also help to convince others and yourself.

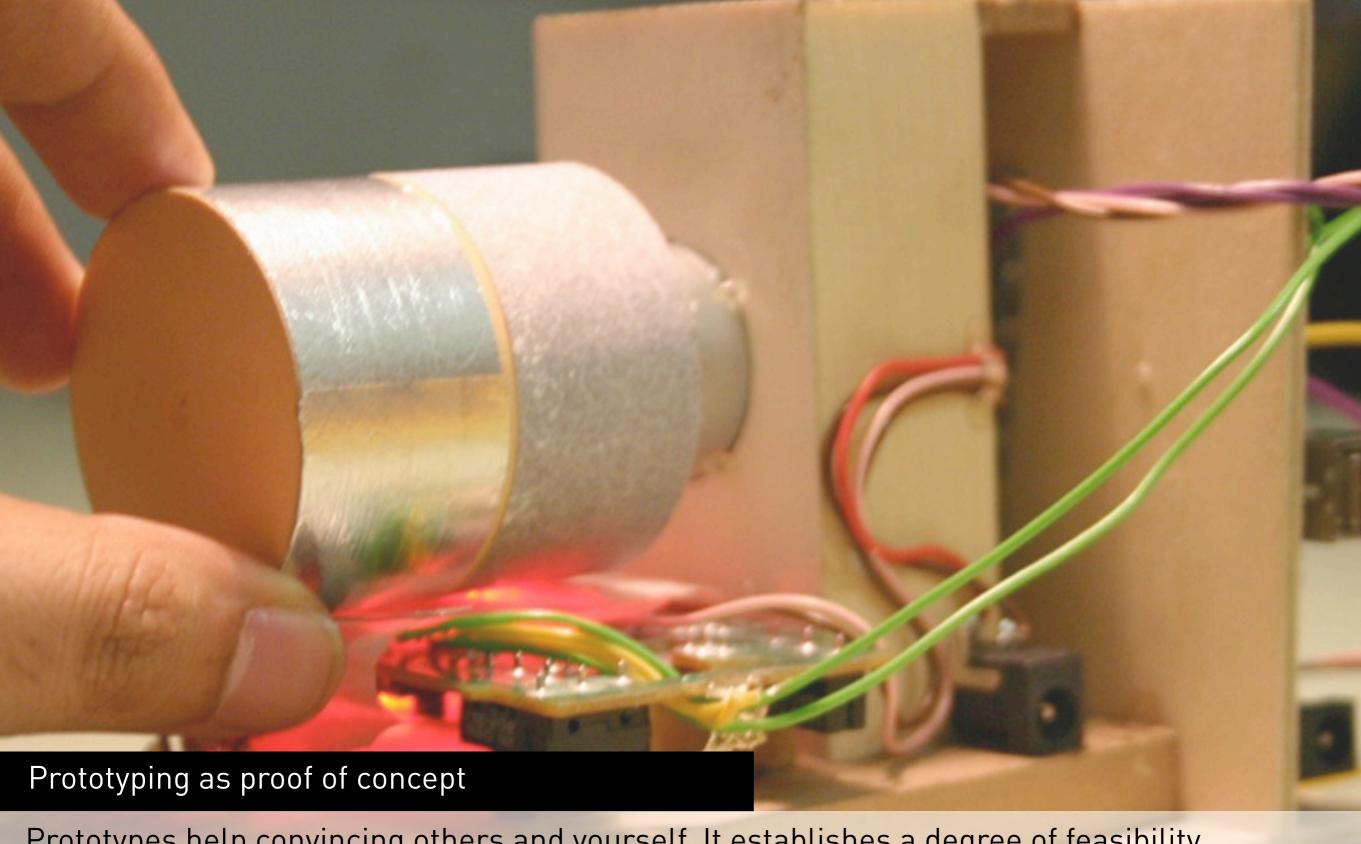
#### Benefits:

Low resource and time investment

Faster feedback and a participatory approach

Early Validation in the development life-cycle





Prototypes help convincing others and yourself. It establishes a degree of feasibility and resolves design details which helps other make an accurate judgment.





Prototypes help validate assumptions at various levels. It is a valuable process tool, when used in appropriate levels can inform decisions and aid creativity. Having a lucid and flexible approach to prototypes makes it a integral part of concept making.

For the Designer: Exploration

Visualization

Feasibly

Inspiration

Collaboration

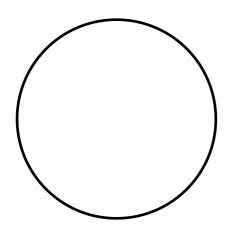
For the End User: Effectiveness / Usefulness

A change of viewpoint

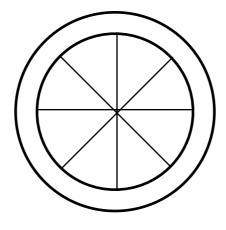
Usability

Desirability

## Fidelity v. Resolution



low resolution low fidelity



low resolution high fidelity



high resolution high fidelity

### Low Fidelity

## High Fidelity

Open Discussion

Sharp Opinions

Prompting Required

Self Explanatory

Quick and Dirty

Deliberate and Refined

Early Validation

Concrete Ideas

#### Low Resolution

## High Resolution

Less Details More Details

Focus on core interactions Focus on the whole

Quick and Dirty

Deliberate and Refined

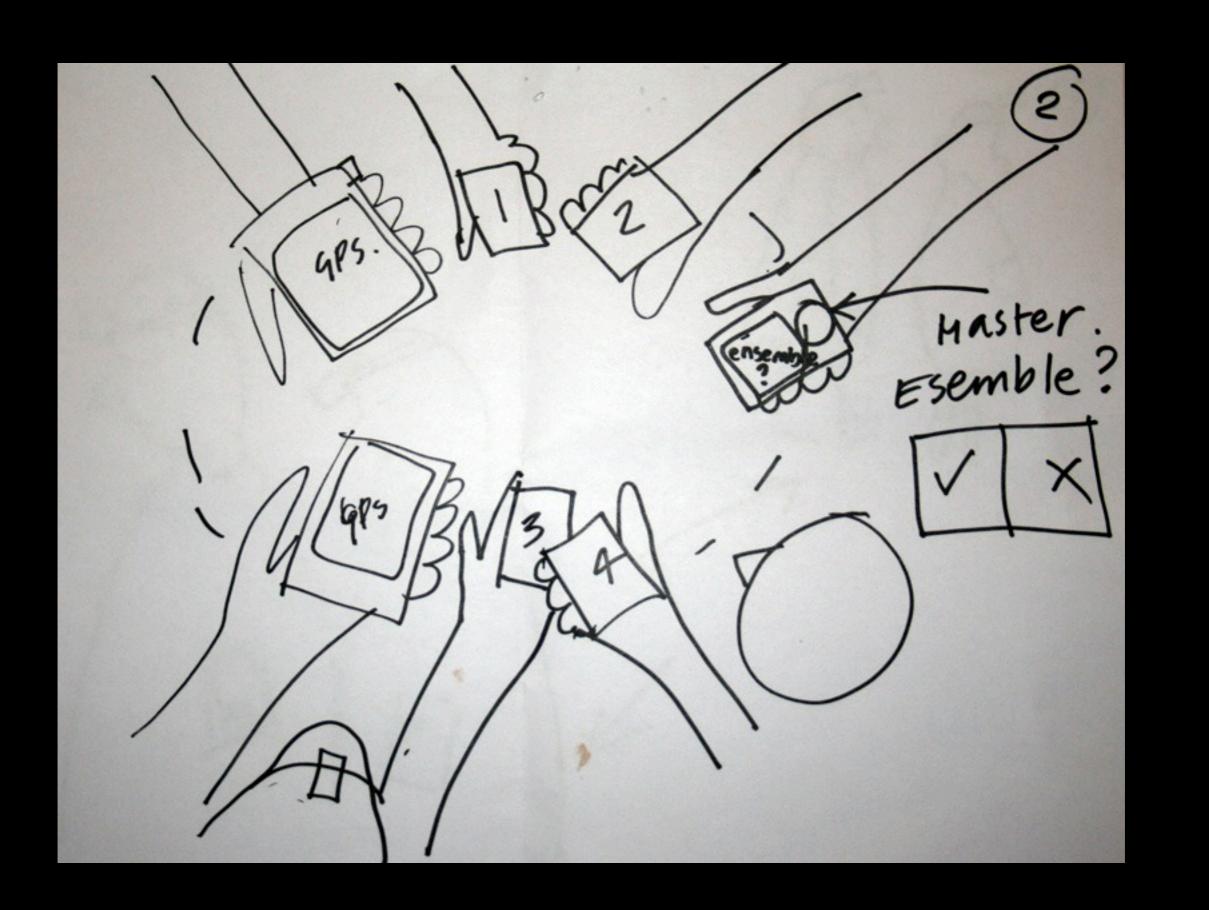
Early Validation Concrete Ideas



Creating scenarios as a video is an interesting way to prototype intangible experiences or services. It works as both a process tool and a communication medium.



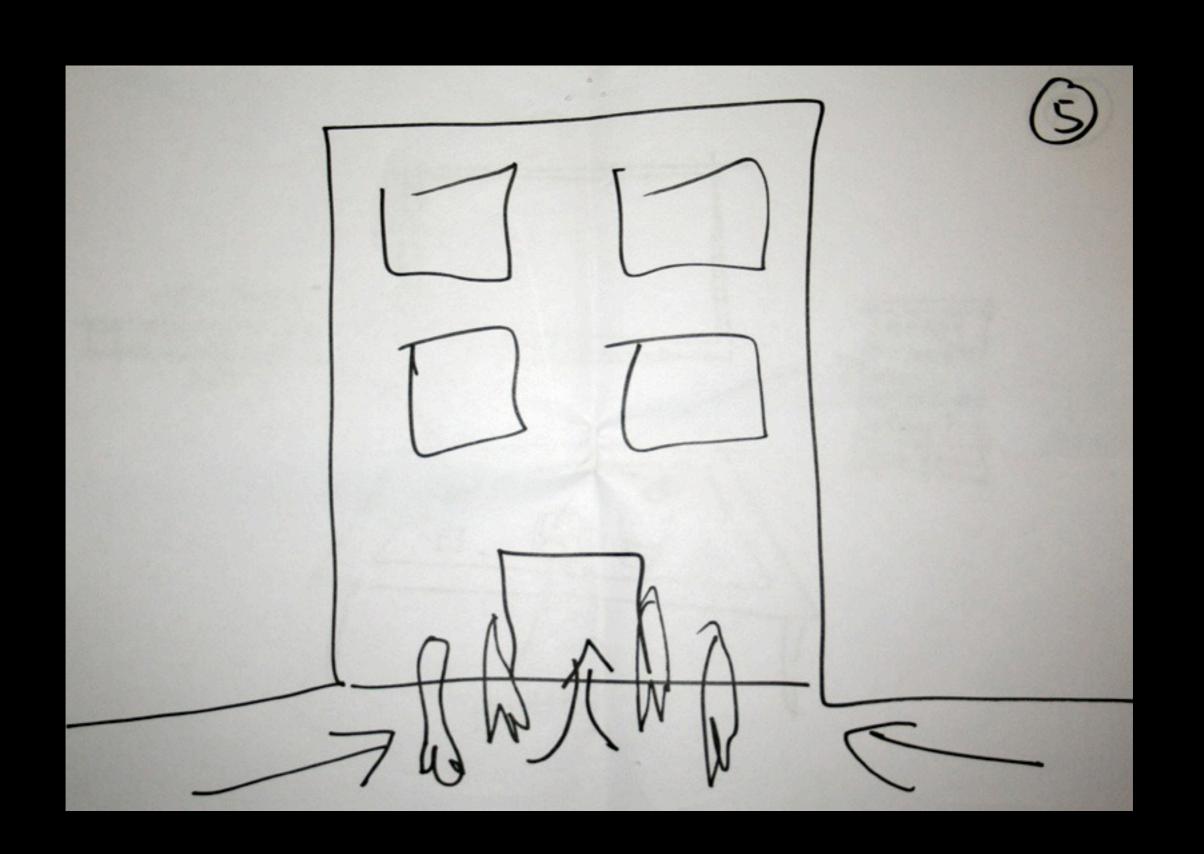
Example: Videoprototype for INTEL 2008

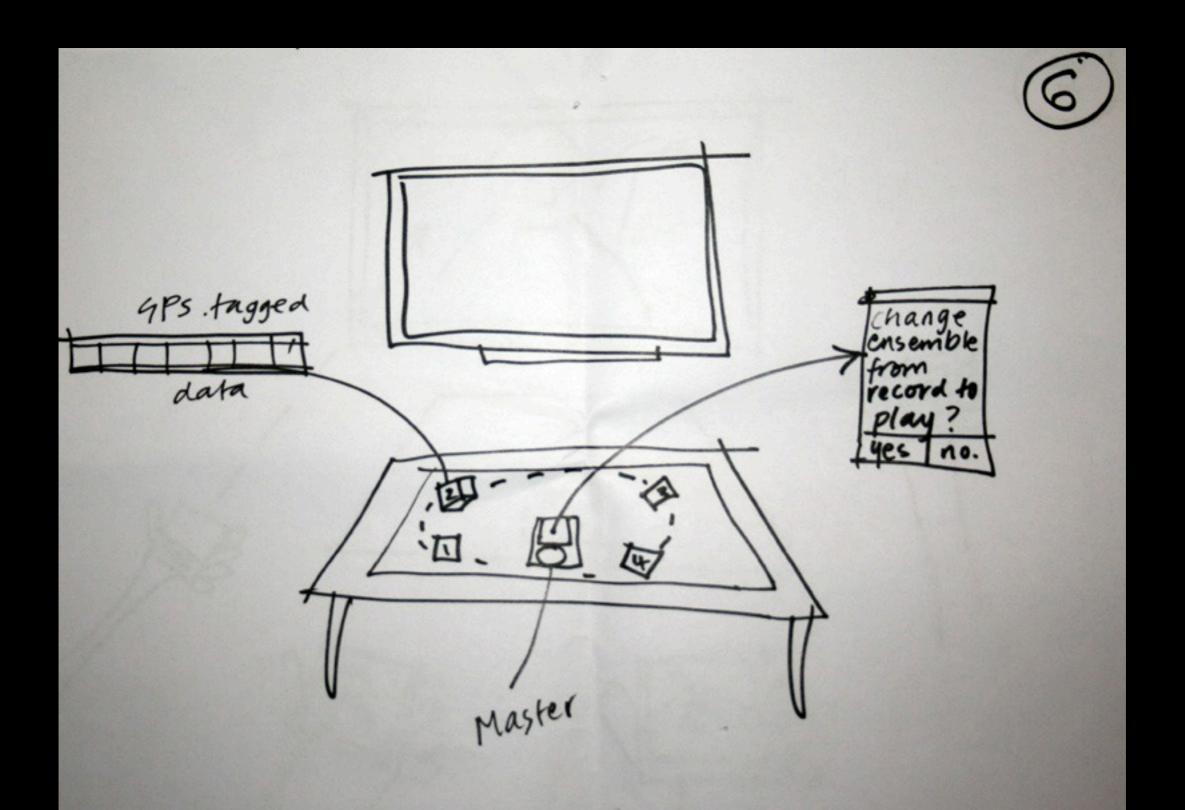


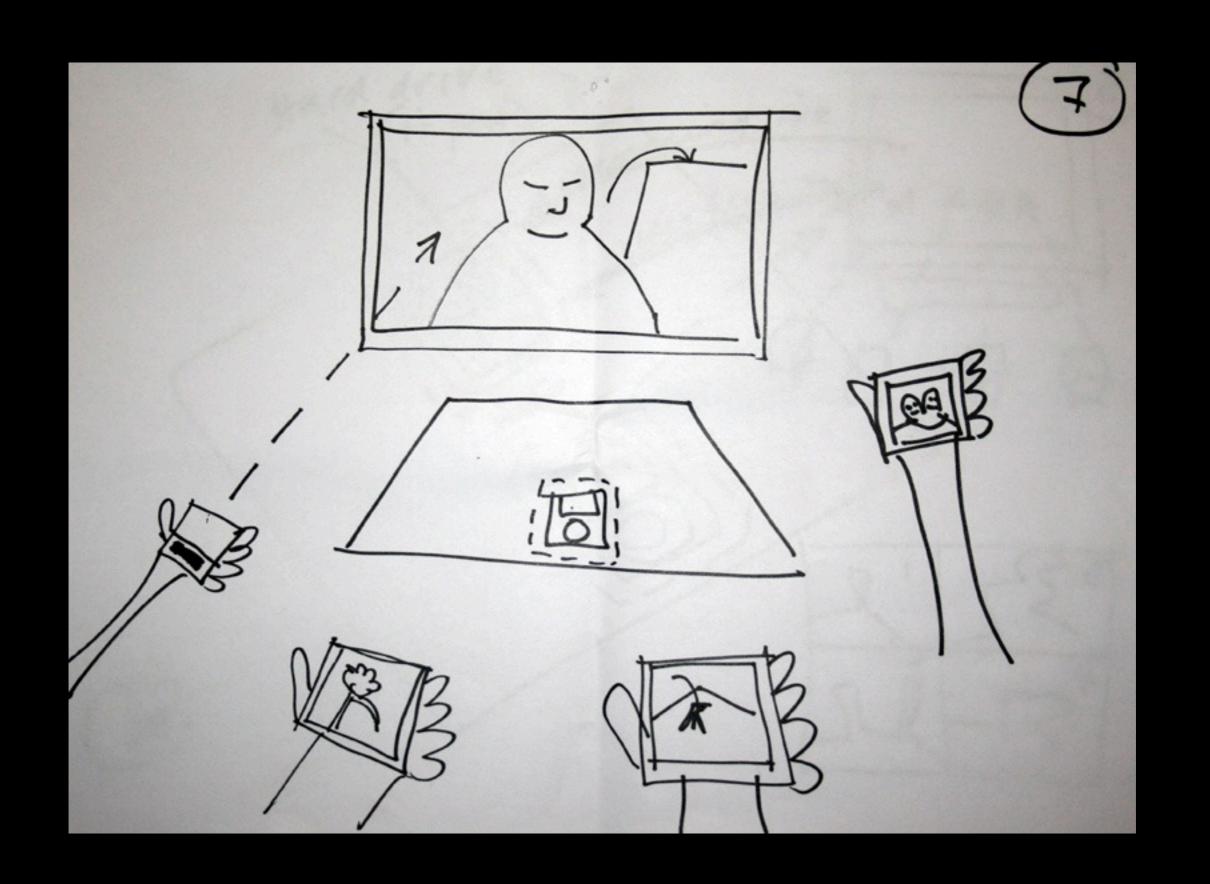


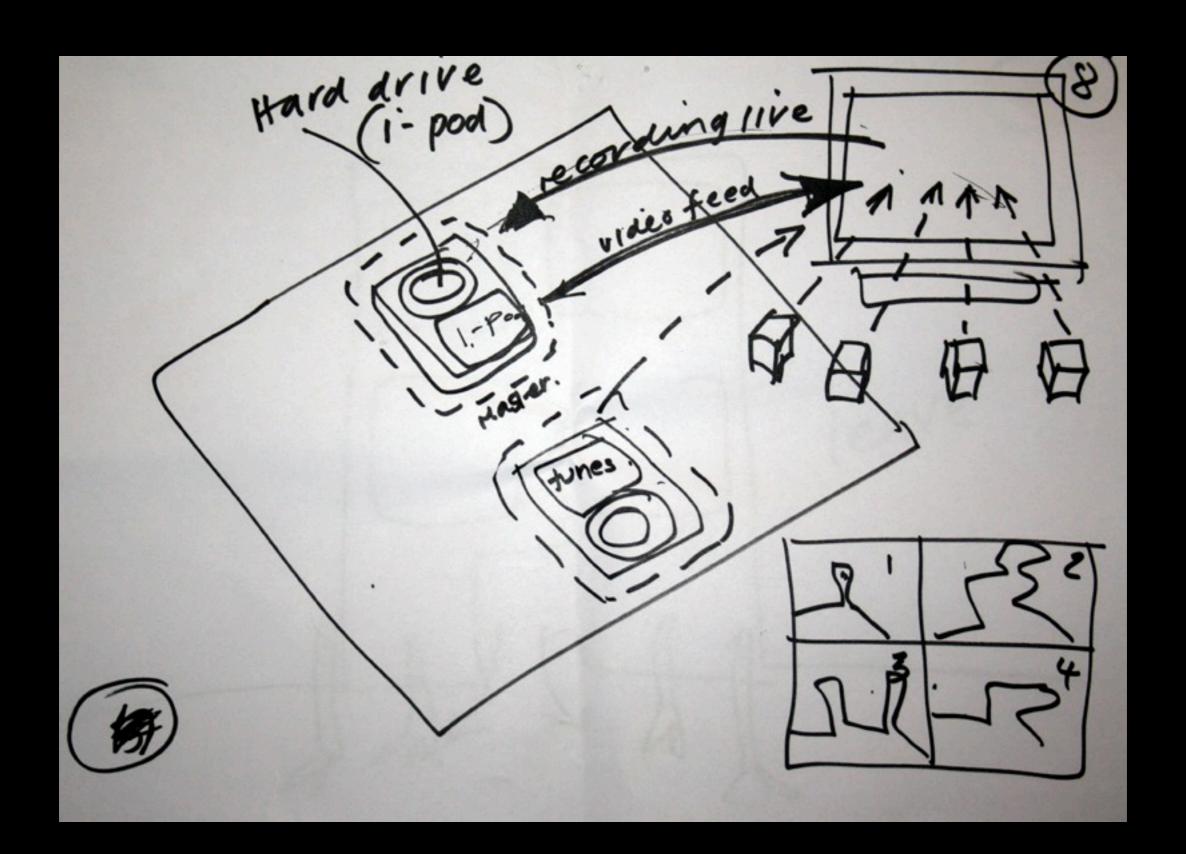
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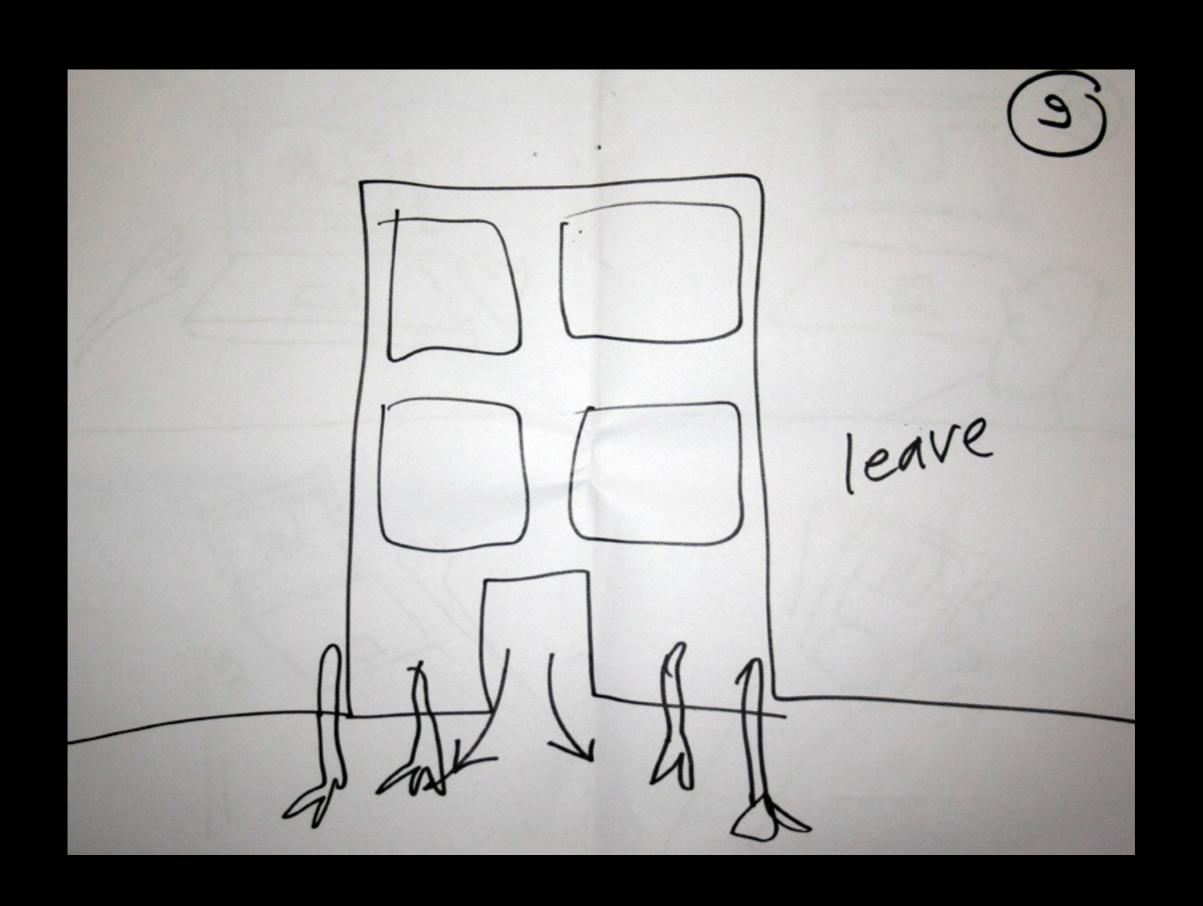
video or parcour

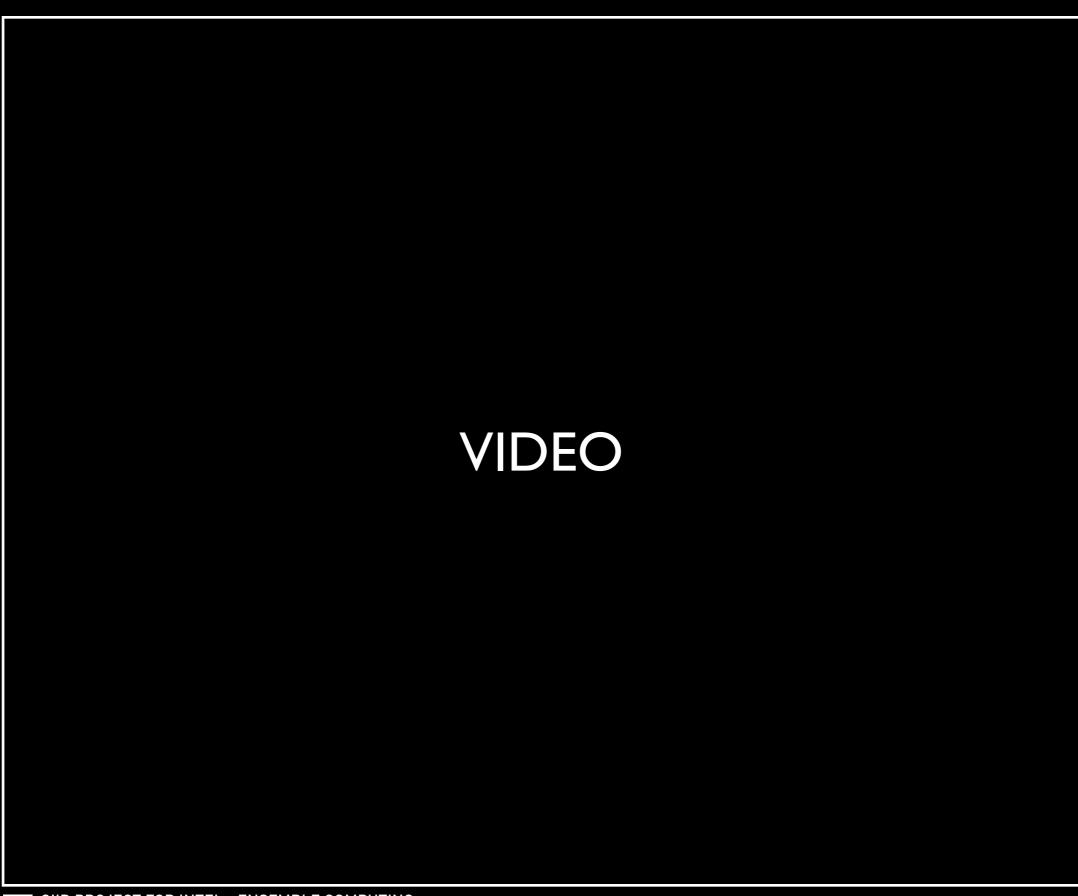












CIID PROJECT FOR INTEL - ENSEMBLE COMPUTING

Video Source: CIID



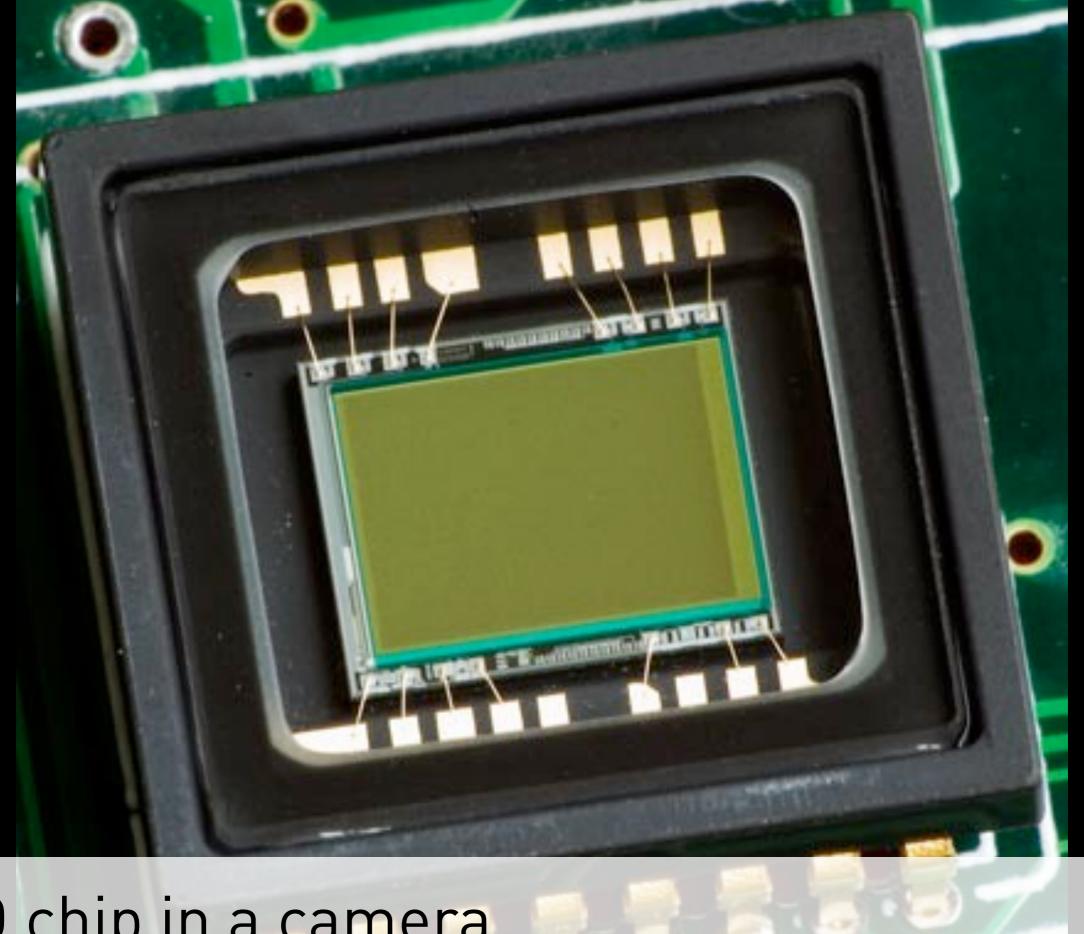
Choosing the right camera

There three different camera types and its important to know what each has to offer.

A "one chip" camera which sends all of the colour data through one CCD (charged coupled device).

A "3 CCD" camera which uses a separate chip for red, blue, and green, giving a more "true to life" look to the video.

HD (high definition) camera's have a much higher video quality than both one chip and three chip SD (standard definition camera's)



CCD chip in a camera

Image Source: Wikimedia Creative Commons

#### Plan

What's the video about (in one sentence)?

Who's the audience? (YouTube vs. Client)

What are we going to see? (Scenario)

What about audio? (Audio can make or break it)

## Quick and Efficient Tools:

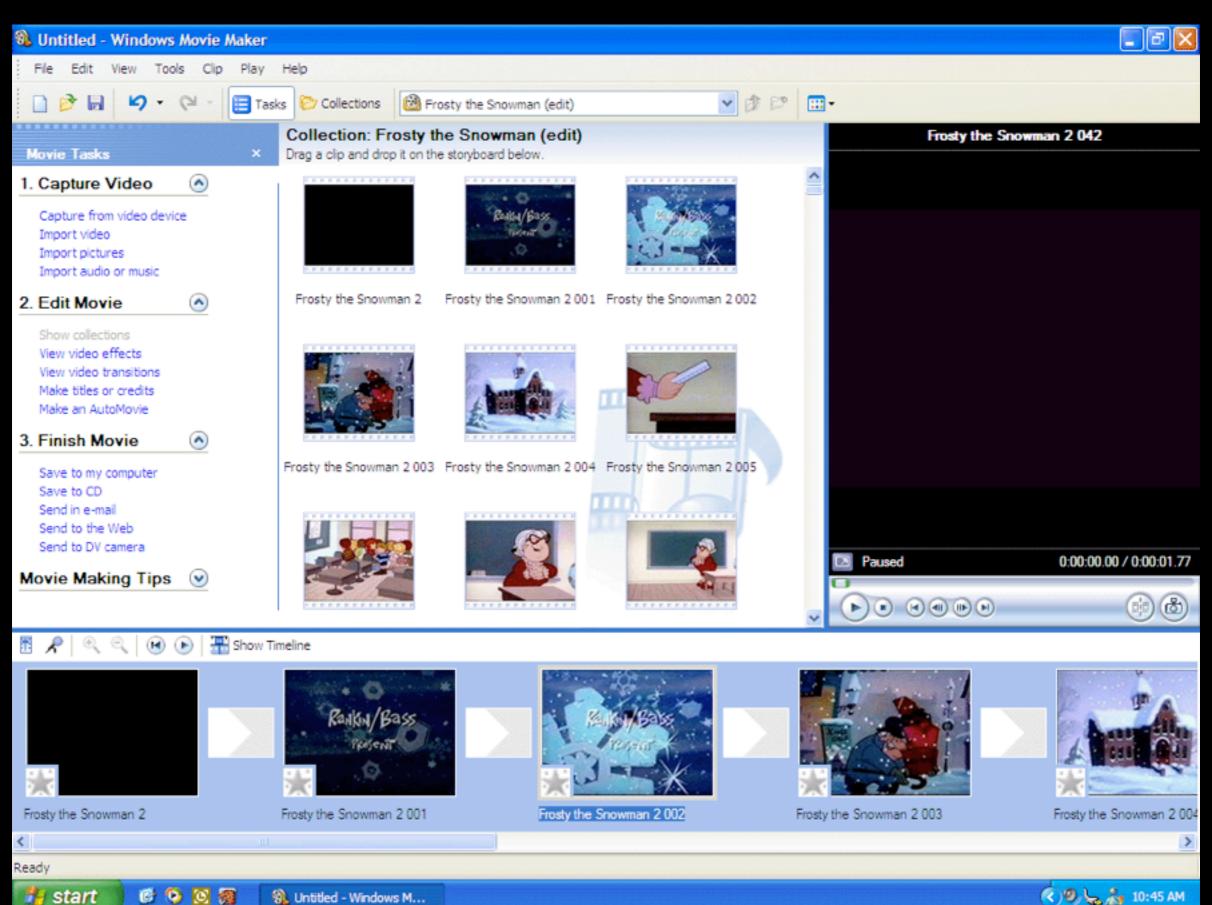
Movie Maker vs. iMovie



# MAC vs. PC



The choice between Apple's iMovie and PC's Movie Maker can be a tough decision. iMovie is a much more powerful program than Movie Maker, but if you decide on iMovie you are forced to buy an Apple computer. Where as Movie Maker isn't limited to one computer which for most people is much better because they are used to the format of the PC. Overall iMovie is a much better beginner editing suite as it has way more effects than Movie Maker.









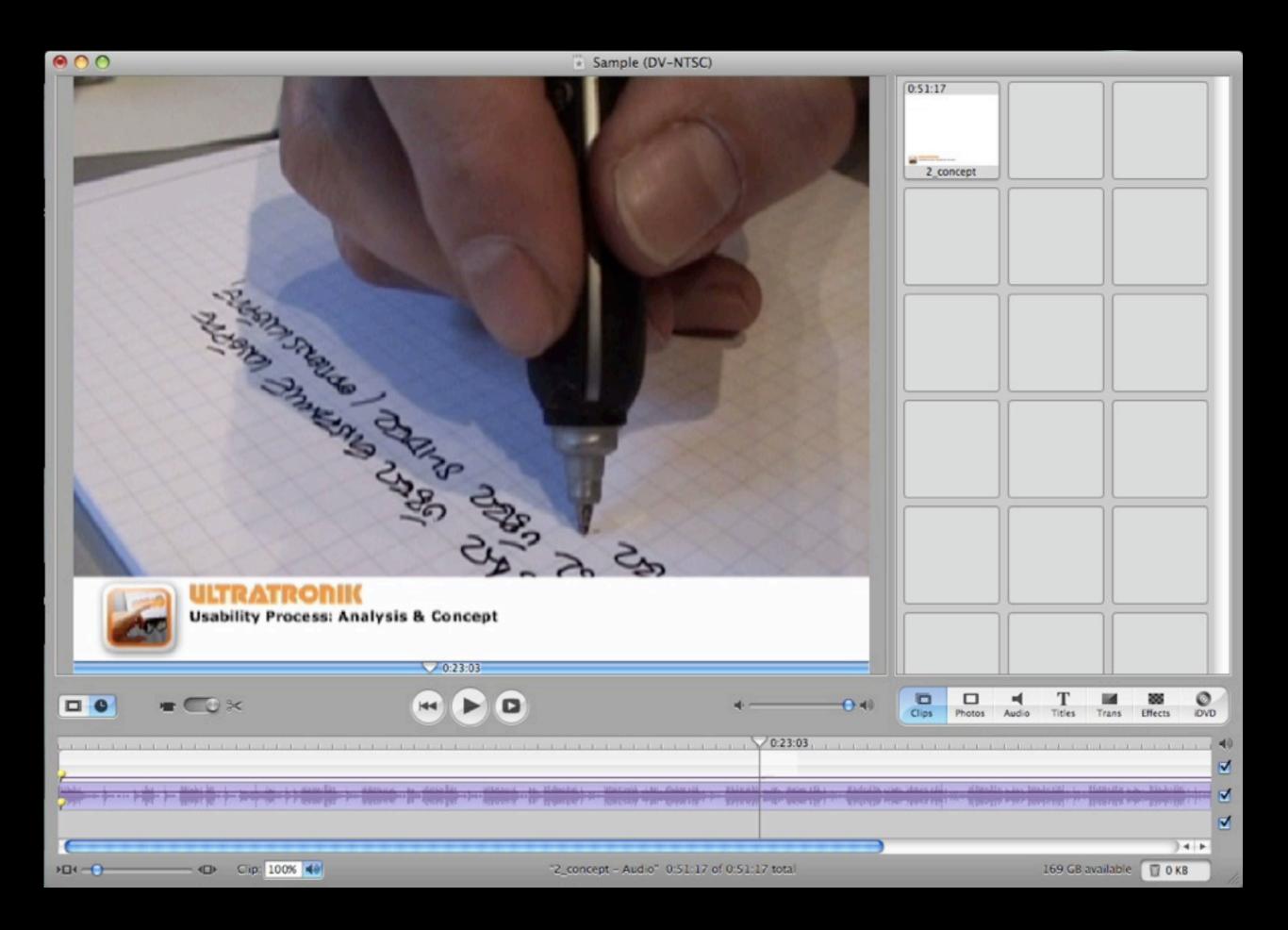










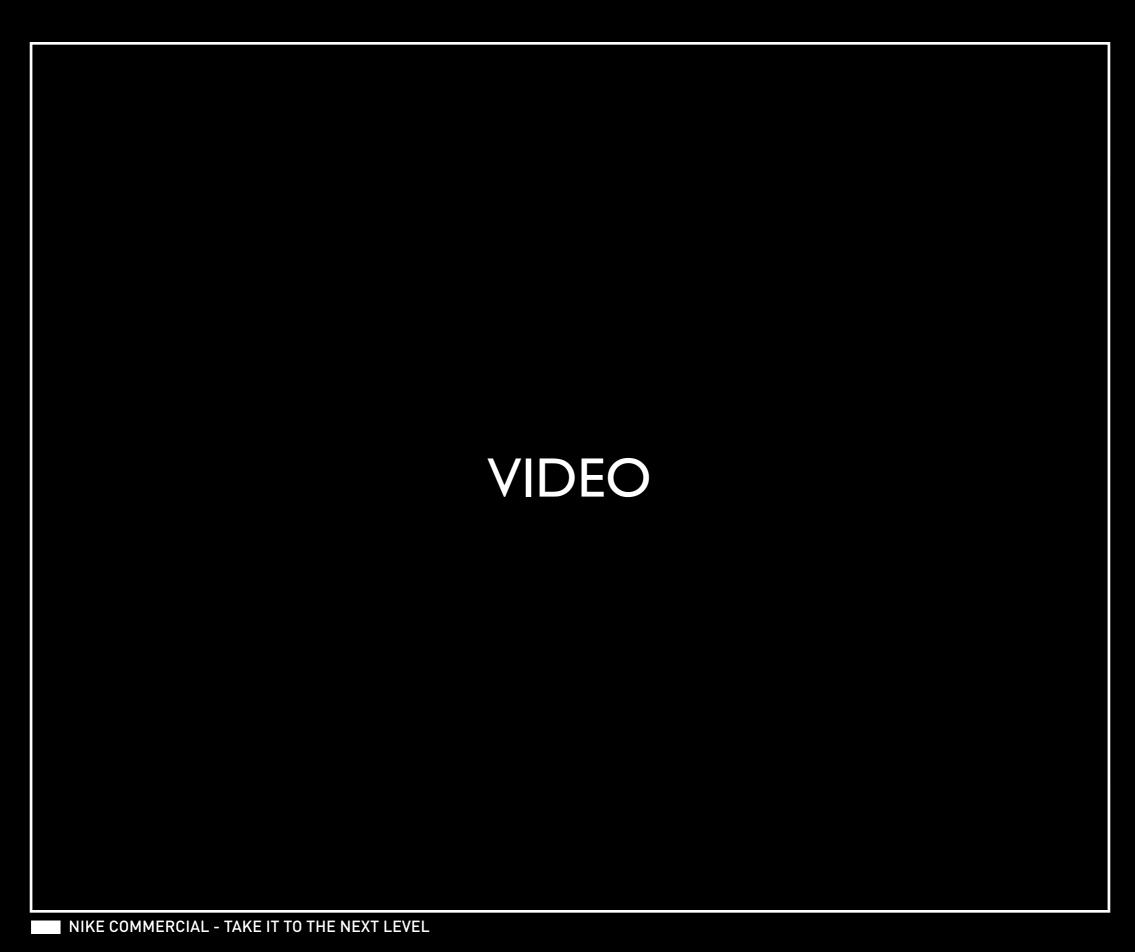


Editing Basics : Montage vs. Continuity

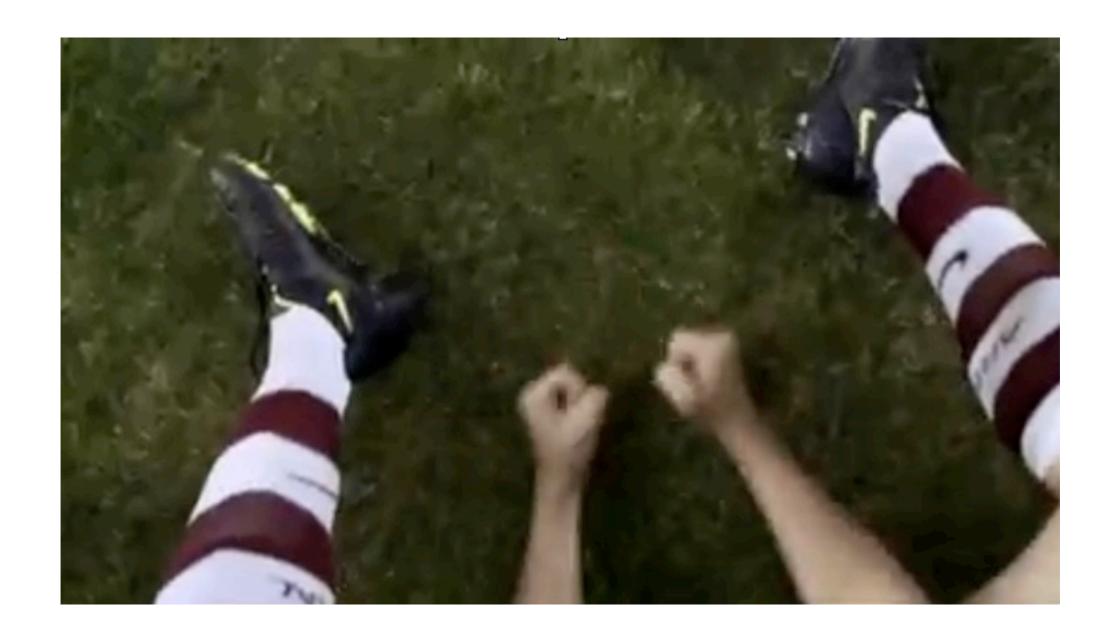


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Nike Commercial



Video Source: YouTube



### Continuity:

- -a logical coherence between shots
- -the viewer shouldn't "feel" the cut
- -the focus is on the story

Example: Montage

Alfred Hitchcock



ALFRED HITCHCOCK - INTERVIEW

Video Source: YouTube



## Montage:

- -new assembly of material to create new meanings
- -artistic approach
- -the viewer "feels" the effect

# Combining Images and Sound

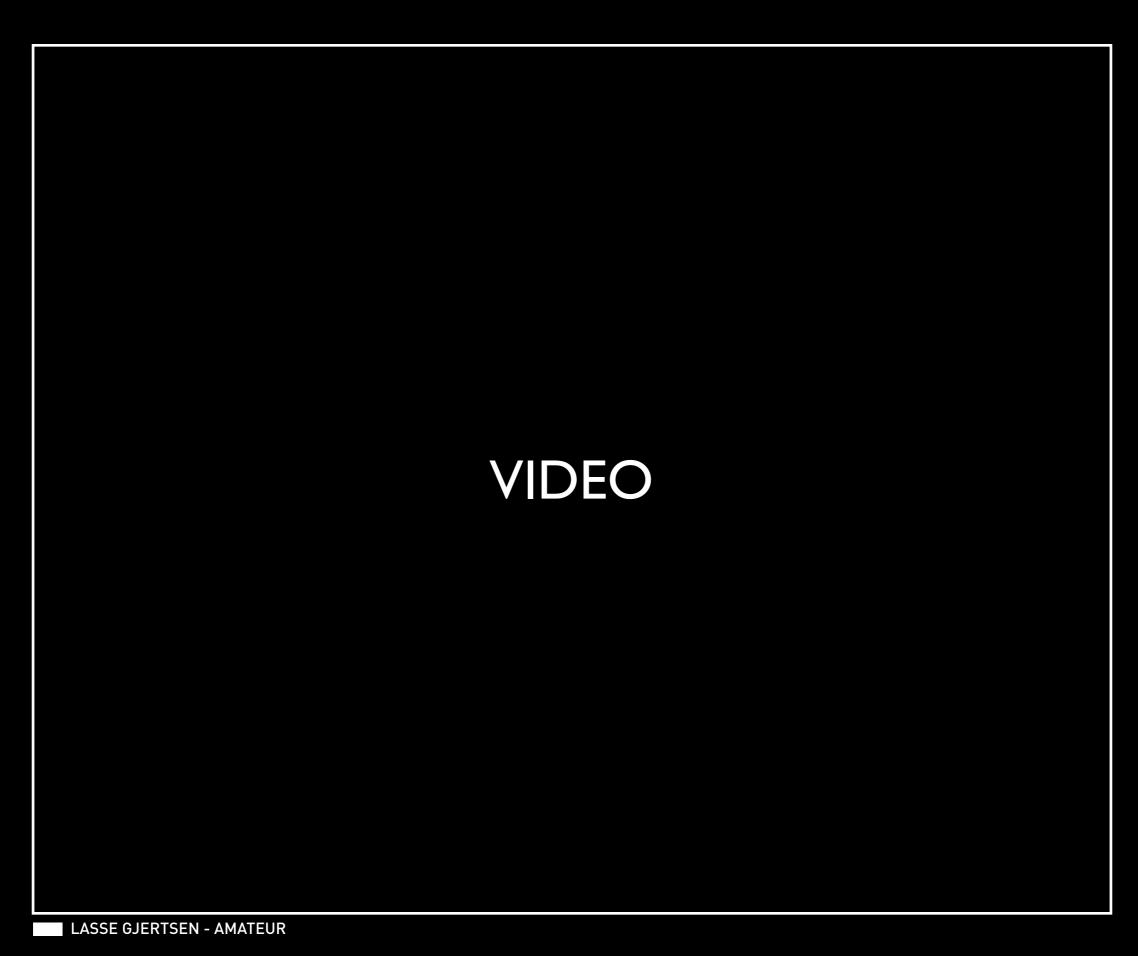
through Editing



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## Example: Amateur - Lasse Gjertsen

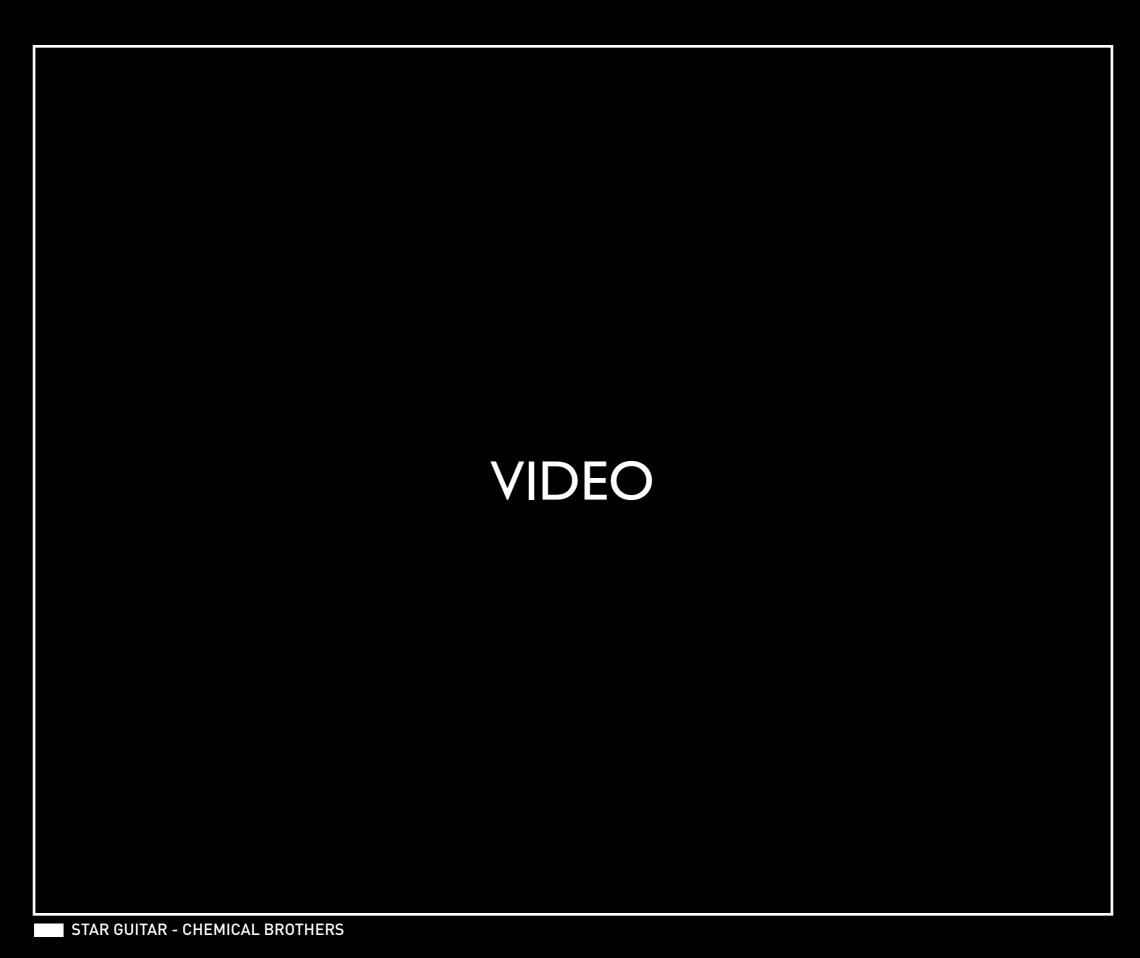
High Resolution, Low Fidelity Video Sketch



Video Source: YouTube

## Example: Star Guitar - Michel Gondry

High Resolution, High Fidelity Video



Video Source: YouTube



- -material was produced and edited to match the audio
- -layout of the compete "sound scape"
- -objects (oranges) were used to represent "events"

### Editing Rules:

Cut on the beat to match the audio.

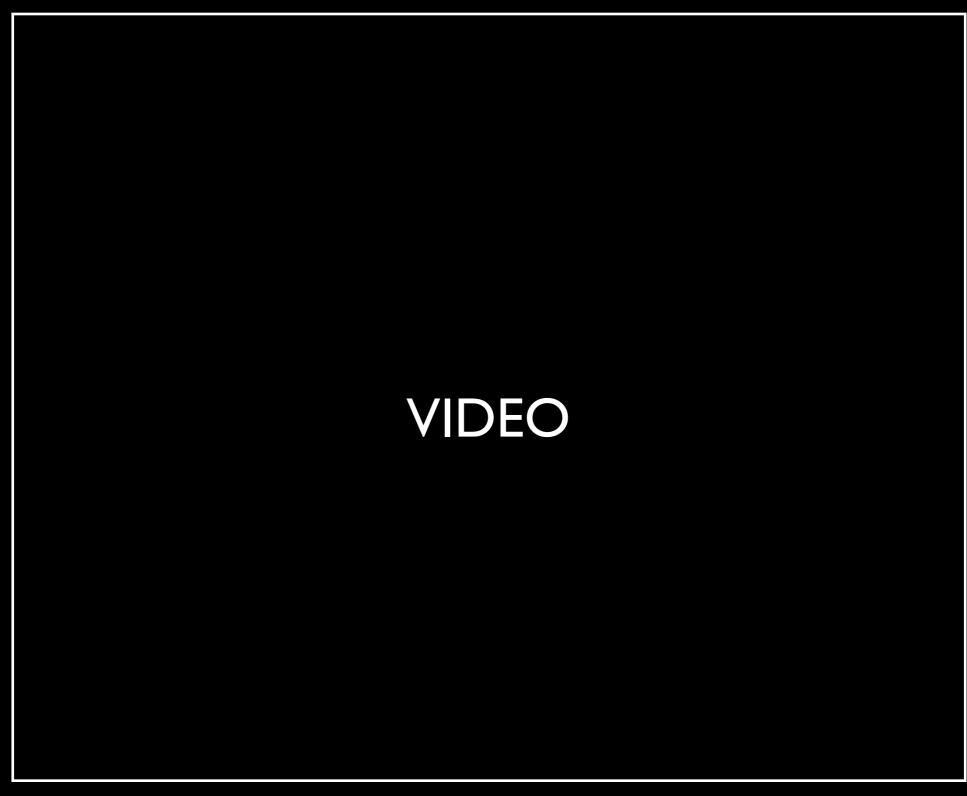
Be ruthless about the cut's: judge shots critical to

filter out the unimportant material

Rule of thumb : one minute action can be described in max 10 sec

## Example: Eldia - Eldercare GUI Project

High Resolution, High Fidelity Video Prototype



GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACES COURSE: ELDIA - STUDENTS PROJECT

Video Source: CIID

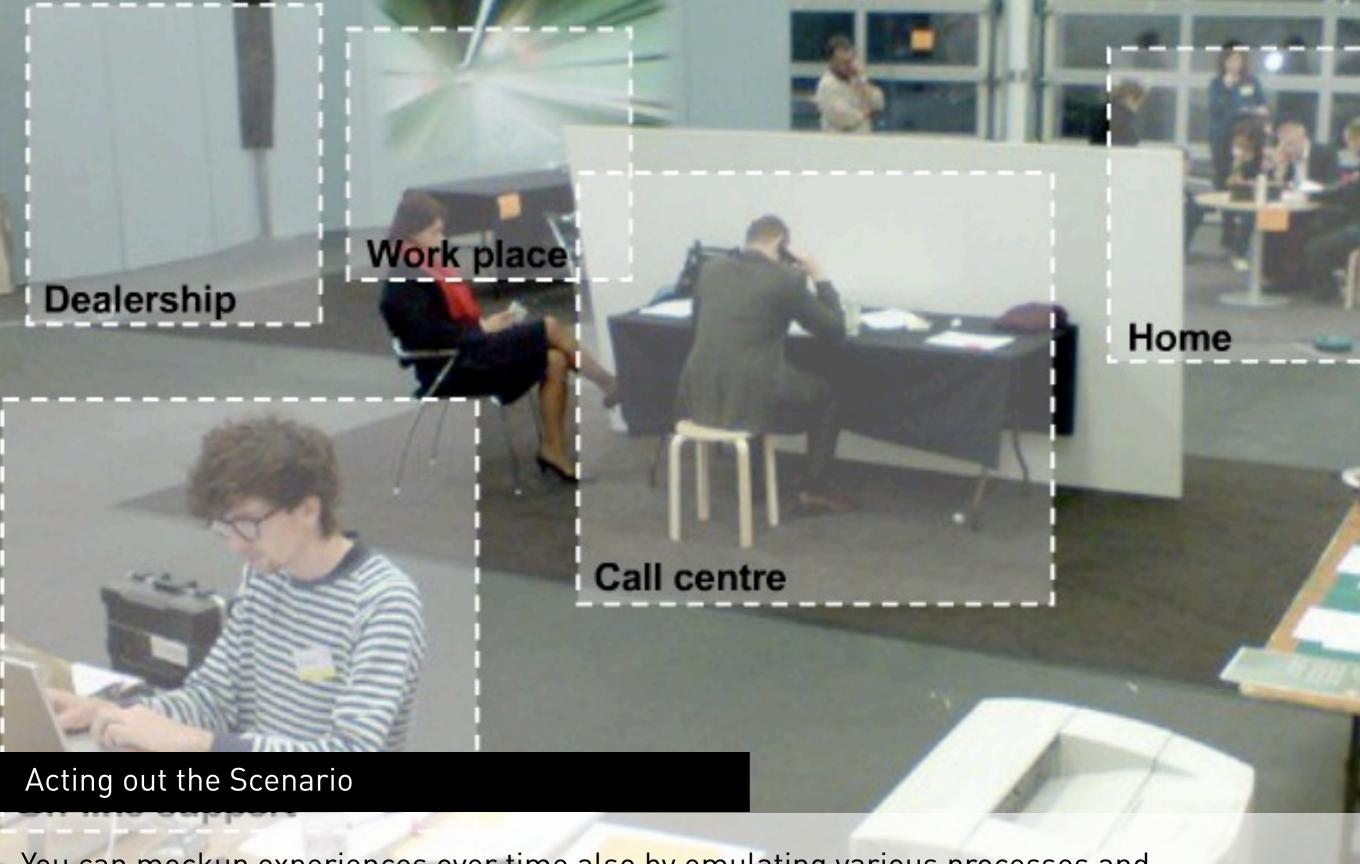
Rapid Video Prototyping: Enacting



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You can mockup real size products and environments which capture a degree of realism and while keeping it open for interpretation or further development.



You can mockup experiences over time also by emulating various processes and touch points by setting a stage and enacting the roles and actions.



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## "Just Enough Prototyping"

Understand your audience and choose the right level of resolution and fidelity.

Judge the time and resources available.

Go for the easiest and simplest track, don't overdo you prototype for a given context.