



# Mobile Device-complemented Advanced Driver and Mobility Assistance Systems

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# Motivation

- Mobility is a key factor for self-determined participation in society
- Mobility constantly changes with advancing technology and people's needs

## Examples:

- Sharing economy
- Sustainability and comfort
- Always connected



# Problem Statement

Mobility processes have increasing complexity

- creation of seamless intermodal door-to-door trips
- control of various different digital services and interfaces

Many factors influence mobility processes, for example:

- User groups
- Means of mobility
- Trip purpose and context



# Goal and Approach

## Context-aware support of users' mobility processes through personal portable devices

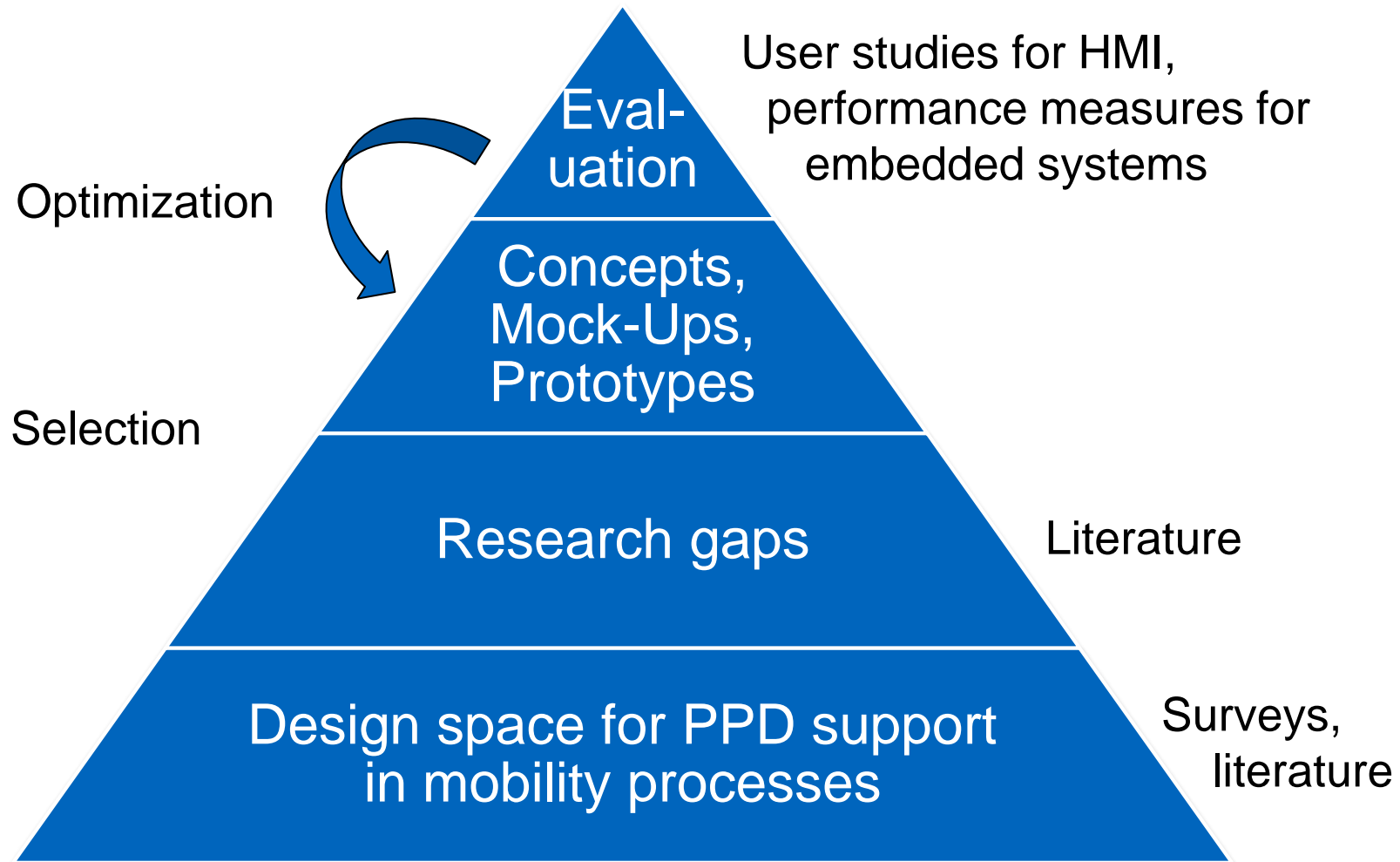
Personal portable device (PPD): smartphone, tablet PC, wearables

- ubiquitous travel companions
- context information (calendar, social data, location history, ...)
- sensors for gathering further context information
- users are acquainted to human-machine interfaces
- high processing power
- multiple (wireless) communication systems

# Research Questions

1. What are the main **mobility requirements** of potential users?
2. What are the **steps typical intermodal mobility** scenarios are composed of?
3. What steps in intermodal mobility scenarios can **benefit from digital assistance** by users' PPDs?
4. What **data sources** and application programming interfaces (APIs) are necessary for providing mobility-related assistance functions?
5. How can the **complexity** of operating new mobility services be reduced for the users?
6. How can users be supported in controlling different mobility-related **HMIs**?
7. What are potential **problems and challenges** of mobile device-complemented mobility assistance functions?

# Methodology



# Selected Concepts

- Mobility training
  - Physical training with mobility aid
  - Automotive user interface training
- Route planning
  - Physical fitness-based route suggestions
  - Trust-enhanced route presentation
- PPD integration in the automotive domain
  - Extensible architecture for offloading driver assistance functions in vehicle-to-x communication scenarios
  - PPD as HMI for advanced driver assistance system

Aspects: Motivation (gamification), engineering, user evaluation

# Example: Mobility Training with PPD

Goal: enhance physical mobility and mobility aid handling

Ongoing user study:

- 24 participants (70+ years)
- Group training vs. printed instructions vs. interactive app



# Example: Automotive User Interface Training on PPDs

**Simulator App**

- Cockpit Mode**  
Enter the cockpit mode to freely roam around the cockpit of the vehicle and explore its functions.
- Functions**  
Access the functions list to check functions you have already found and get hints on functions you have not found yet.
- Quiz**  
Find all functions of your cockpit to access the Quiz mode. In the Quiz mode you can compete for the highscore by finding more functions in a certain amount of time.

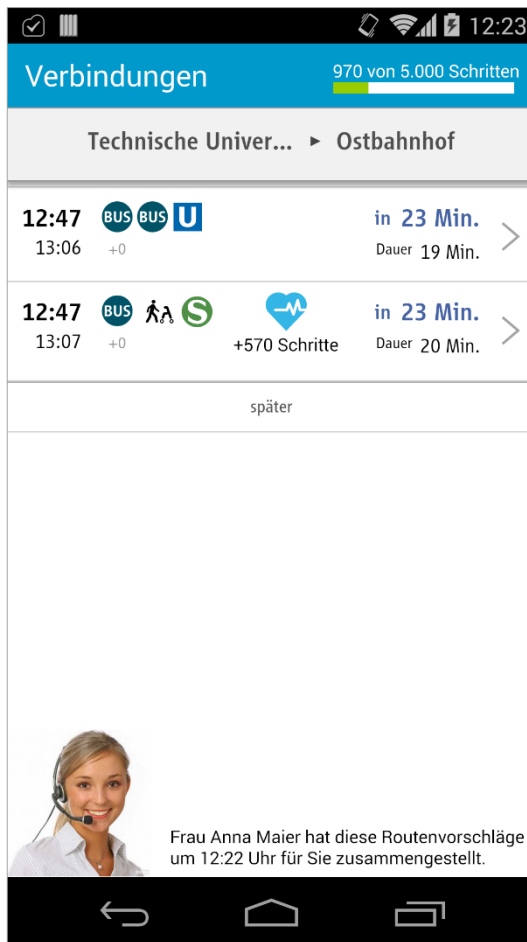
**Find Custom Button 1**  
Score: 3170  
Functions found: 32/32

**Wiper system**

- Up: Switching on wipers
- Down: Switching off wipers or brief wipe
- Pull: Cleaning windshield and headlamps
- Button: Activating/deactivating rain sensor
- Dial: Adjusting rain sensor sensitivity level

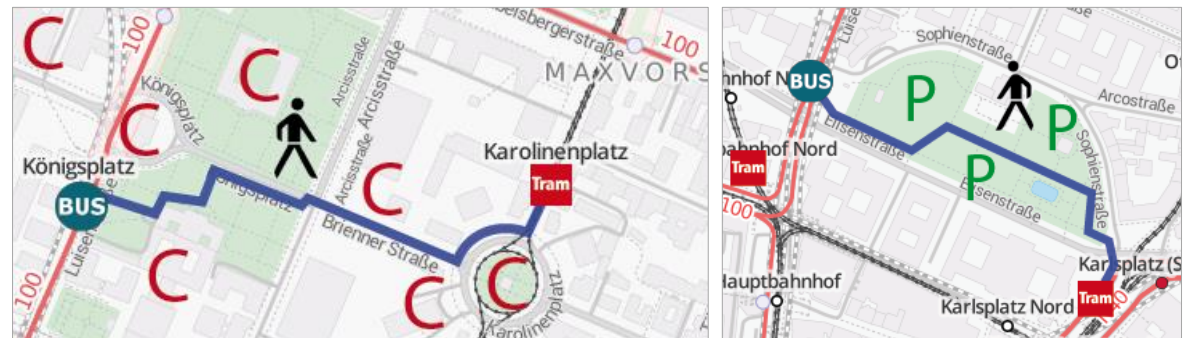
- 30 participants
- Significant effect only for uncommon functions
- Ongoing: in-vehicle training

# Example: Route Planning



Planned user study:

- 15 participants (70+ years)
- Mock-ups for different scenarios
  - Fitness route based on requirements and preferences (park, culture, shops)
  - Different approaches for enhancing trustworthiness of route suggestions



# Example: PPD as HMI for Advanced Driver Assistance Systems

Drive Assist Main Menu

Stop Services Show Map Traffic Info Preferences

Hint #4: After changing the style of the app it has to be restarted.

Attention!

Roadworks

250 m

DriveAssist 2.0

Map Search Favorites Start Services

325m 320m

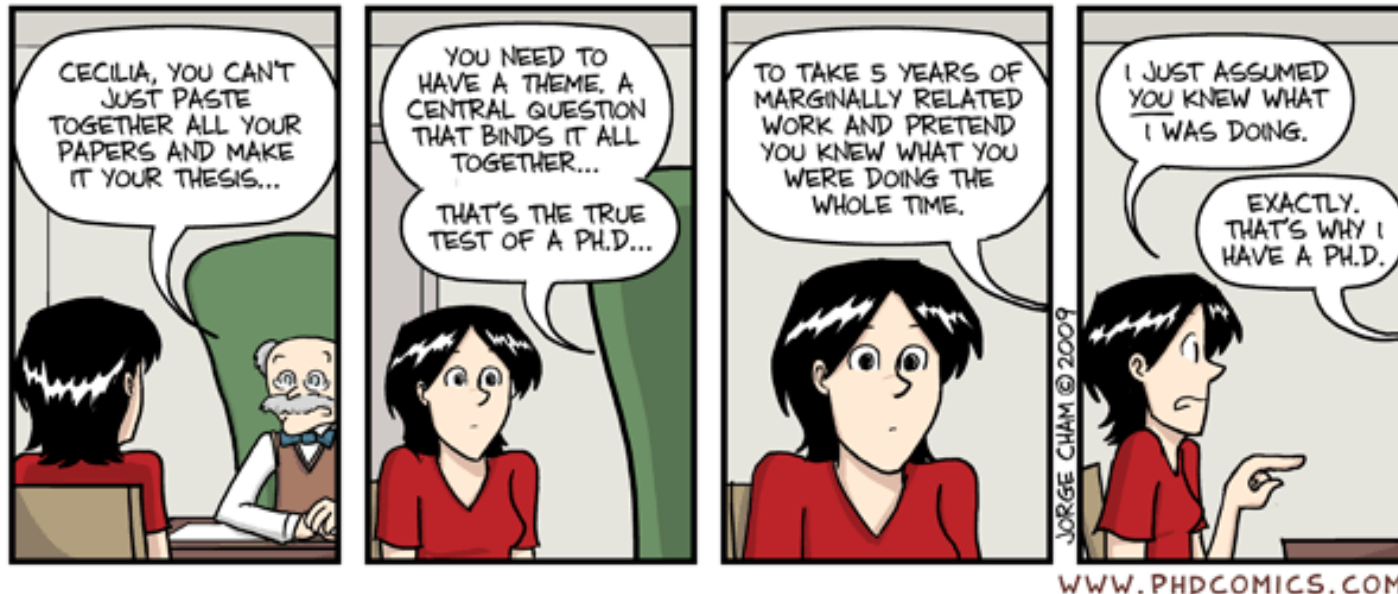
1.54km 9:52 am

500m

Addition of route context

# Next Steps

- Finish user study for “enhanced mobility through physical exercising”
- Perform user studies for “fitness route”, “in-vehicle UI training”
- Create a first complete draft of dissertation until July 2015



# Discussion

- Are the story and the approach comprehensible? What remains open or is missing?
- How to account for the change of user groups between the conducted user studies?
- How can the combination of system engineering concepts and human-computer interaction results be sold best?

# References

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